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HONGKONG AS REVEALED BY THE CAMERA Second Edition. Over 60 excellent views of the Colony. Price \$1.50. Obtainable at Kelly & Walsh, Ltd., Hongkong Travel Bureau or from the Publishers, both China Morning Post, Ltd., Wyndham Street.

CHANGE OF FRONT

Effect Of European War On Japan

Tokyo, June 23. Informed political quarters declare that Japan is faced by a critical re-orientation of her foreign policy in the face of the sweeping changes in the international situation consequent on the rapid developments of the European war.

They point out that the fast developing international situation will have a great effect on the settlement of the China Affair to which Japan is applying herself in all earnest.

Competent observers believe that there are indications that by virtue of their overwhelming victory Germany and Italy will hold sway over the entire European Continent whilst the United States is apparently aspiring to form a bloc of Democracies, comprising Britain, France and Latin America in opposition to the Totalitarian European order.

Convinced of the gravity of the prospective world situation evolving from the negotiations between the two diametrically opposed international orders, it is understood, Foreign Office authorities are contemplating an inevitable volte-face in Japan's foreign policy with a view to adjusting Japan's relations to the radically conflicting influences of international politics.—Dome.

BELGIAN CONGO

The Government Gazette notifies for general information that the Belgian Congo is regarded as Allied territory.

NEXT CHANGE AT THE KING'S

From E. de NEVE

DANES LIVE IN FEAR OF GESTAPO

AMSTERDAM.

GRIM pictures of conditions in Denmark under Nazi domination were given me by a Dutchman, who has just arrived here.

He had lived in Copenhagen for three years, but does not intend to return as long as the Germans are there.

"I don't want to experience the miseries that are looming for the Danes," he declared.

"Before the Germans arrived, life in Denmark was freer and easier than in any other country I know. But now nobody trusts his neighbour. People no longer dare speak openly for fear of Gestapo agents. It has become dangerous to listen to foreign broadcasts."

Country Isolated

"In this way Denmark is isolated from the world, and all the information the Danish people receive are the one-sided Nazi reports.

"Nervous tension in Copenhagen is so great that the Government has had to forbid the use of sirens in the harbour."

"When the sirens began to blow the inhabitants fled from the streets, fearing that British planes might bomb the Germans."

"A panic was caused by the British air attacks on the air base at Aalborg."

"The Germans had spread a story that the British would certainly bomb the town."

I asked my informant if there was a shortage of food in the country.

"Hardly any fruit or vegetables are obtainable," he replied.

"Margarine is no longer made, but there is for the moment enough bread, meat and butter."

RATTLES
starring
DAVID and OLIVIA
de HAVILLAND
directed by SAM WOOD
presented by SAM WOOD

METROPOLE HOTEL
CENTRAL - CLEAN
COMFORTABLE - FIREPROOF

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

THE BRITISH LEGION HONG KONG AND CHINA BRANCH

The Committee urgently ask all who served in the last War to join or rejoin the Legion, the purpose being to form a body of men of mature age and experience whose opinions and services (apart from individual activities) might be of value at the present time.

Will those who are in accord kindly register their names with the undersigned, accompanying their application with the subscription of \$2.

THOMSON & CO.
Secretary,
Hongkong & Shanghai Bank
Building.

THE HONGKONG ELECTRIC CO., LIMITED

Issue of 300,000 new ordinary shares of \$10 each, credited as fully paid up.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Register of Members of the Company will be closed from 1st July, 1940 to the 10th July, 1940, both days inclusive, during which period no Transfer of Shares can be registered.

By Order of the Board of Directors,

GIBB, LIVINGSTON & CO., LTD., Agents.

CONSIGNEES' NOTICE.

SERVICES CONTRACTUELLES DES MESSAGERIES MARITIMES

Bringing Cargo from Marseilles via Sutong.

Consignees are hereby informed that their goods with the exception of Opium, Treasure and Valuables are being landed and stored at the Godowns of the Hongkong Kowloon Wharf and Godown Co. Ltd., Kowloon, whence delivery may be obtained immediately after landing.

All claims must be sent in to me on or before 27th June, 1940, or they will not be recognized.

Damaged Packages will be examined by the Company's Surveyor Messrs.—Goddard and Douglas in the presence of the Consignees at 10.00 a.m. on Saturday, 22nd June, 1940.

Consignees must have a Révénue Officer in attendance when any dutiable goods are examined by the Company's Surveyors.

No Fire Insurance will be effected by us in any case whatever.

R. OHL,
Agent.

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TO-DAY'S RADIO

WBW, 355 metres (845 k.c.) and 31.49 metres (9,520 kilo-cycles)

Broadcast by WBW on a Frequency of 845 k.c. and on Short Wave from 1-215 p.m. and 8-11 p.m. on 9.02 m.c.s. per second.

H. K. T.

12.15 p.m. Short Service of Intercession.

12.30 Patricia Rossborough at the Studio.

12.40 The B.B.C. Dance Orchestra.

1.00 Local Time Signal, Weather Report and Announcements.

1.03 Saint-Saens—Concerto In G Minor, Op. 22.

1.05 Arthur De Greef (Piano) and New Symphony Orchestra conducted by Sir Landon Ronald.

1.30 Router and Rugby Press, Weather Forecast and Announcements.

1.45 Latest Variety.

2.15 Close down.

6.0 For the Children.

6.30 Closing local Stock Quotations.

6.32 Hawaiian Music.

Fox-Trots — Hawaiian Ripple, Dreams of Aloha, Nol Lane's Hawaiian Orchestra; Aloha Beloved (Canfield), Mauna Loo (Dale), Kanul and Lula (Hawaiian Novelty); Tears of Love (Gypsy Song—Bordin-Alton), Hawaiian Berceuse (Bordin), Gino Bordin and His Hawaiians.

6.37 The Regimental Band of H.M. Coldstream Guards.

Martial Moments (arr. by Aubrey Winter).

8.46 B.B.C. Recording—"I Remember."

A Programme of Musical Entertainment of Forty or Fifty Years—*they were walking in the street.*

Sapper Shipman, of the Royal Engineers, reported to the Police on Saturday that while he was playing with a dog belonging to Sapper Spencer of the same unit, he was bitten on the nose. Sapper Shipman was treated by a Military doctor, and the dog was sent to Mautaukot for observation.

A chow dog owned by Leung Man-lee of Leighton Hill Road was sent to Kennedy Town for observation on Saturday, after it was reported that the animal had bitten three boys, Lee Sui-kwan, aged 7, Tung Tung, 4, and Tung Chung, 7, all of 10 Moon Street. The children were bitten on

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COURT DRESS

ALL set for the courts. After being indoors all day there is nothing like a game of tennis to keep your limbs supple and to clear away the cobwebs.

Good for tennis time—is a frock that is easy to make and to launder.

The dress shown here is good because a sports or summer frock needs to have a free and easy fitting. There's ample play in the skirt, you'll notice.

Bodice is yoked back and front, and if you want a spot of colour, a bow can be tucked under the collar.

Those purse pockets do away with the necessity of carrying a handbag—small change and handle in one, compact in the other.

WITH CARE

"BETTER put some eggs in a pickle," everyone said, "you may be very glad of them next winter."

My egg-man let me have some large brown new-laid ones, and I laid them gently in pickle, and as I did so I thought of the way in which eggs have become the universal symbol of things which must be gently handled.

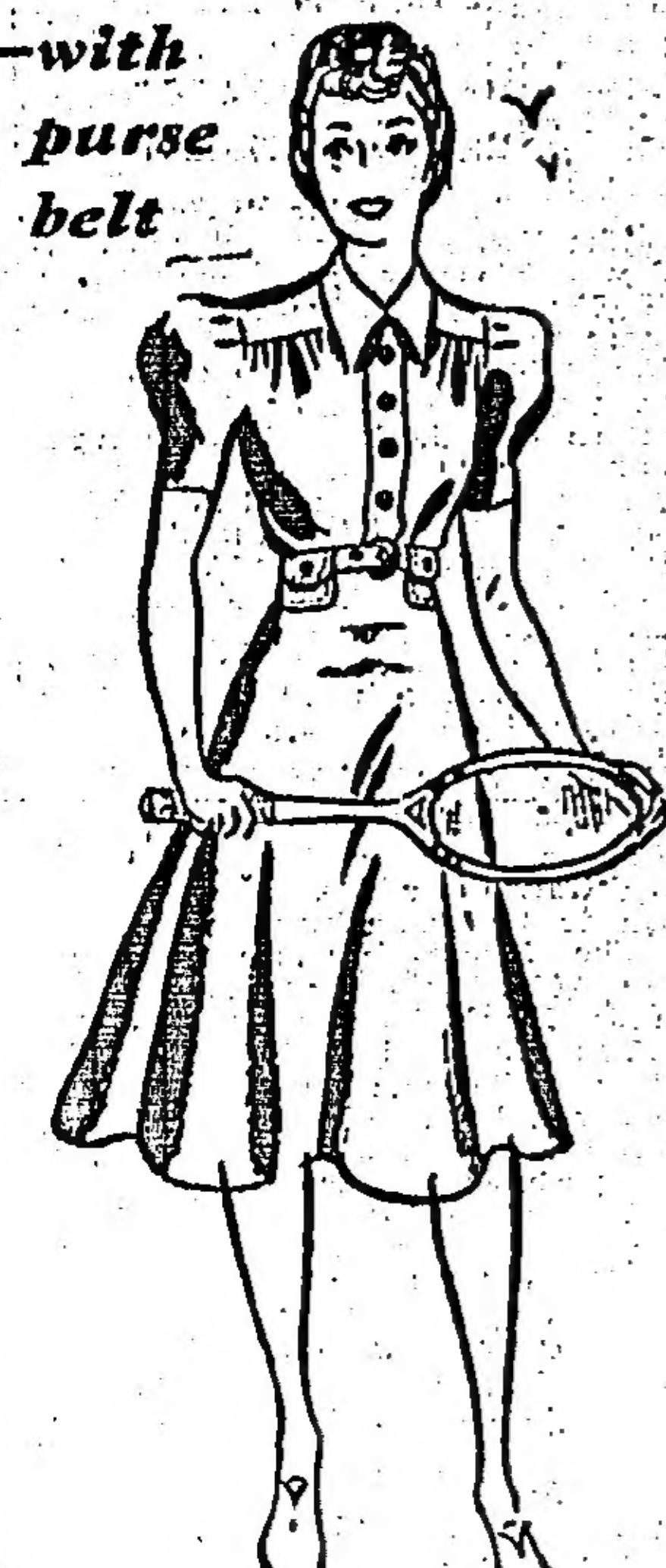
As I laid them edge to edge, I thought of how different the world would be if we handled each other as carefully as we handle eggs.

After all, what's a broken egg? A few coppers wasted, rather nasty mess to mop up, that's all.

But when we ride roughshod over other people's feelings, without a scrap of consideration, we may leave a trail of broken hearts or broken homes behind us, when we do it on a large scale we leave a trail of violence and destruction.

Why not try to think of human feelings as if they were new-laid eggs, they are just as fragile, and just as easily hurt. Let's handle them as carefully and sensitively—it's one way of helping to put the world straight.

Minnie Pallister



New style tennis frock.

LACE INSERTIONS

When lace insertion in a favourite piece of underwear starts to break, net fooling of the same width and colour, placed underneath, will relieve the strain and afford an excellent foundation for mending the broken places.



MARSHA Hunt, M.G.M. actress, likes turbans. For tennis, she wraps a white "fishnet" into a turban and lets her hair hang loosely from the turban which is just tight enough to keep the hair from her eyes. Her one-piece tennis dress is really a shorts suit with full pleated panties. It is high-necked, with pleated cap sleeves and fastens with two carved white bone buttons.

Curing Pimples

By Claud North Chrisman, M.D.

ACNE VULGARIS is the scientific name for a condition that causes more mental distress to girls and boys between the ages of 15 and 20 than any other diseases. Many a social life is ruined by the presence on the face and neck of blackheads and pimples. It is due to excessive activity of the sebaceous glands, particularly on the sides of the nose, cheeks and forehead, behind the ears and on the upper part of the chest and back. One or two bright red pimples on the cheek or forehead of a 17-year-old girl are a real "tragedy."

The appear at puberty as a part of sex development, which causes a thickening of the tissues and increased oil production in the skin. The blackhead comes first, due to the retention of oil in the opening of the follicles, as a result of the thick skin.

Bacteria Develop

At this time the complexion is usually sallow because the blood in the small vessels cannot shine through the thick skin. The openings in the skin become plugged with dried, thickened oil. The end gets black from dirt and exposure to air. This provides a good place for bacteria to develop and some of the "blackheads" become infected and form pustules or pimples. These usually open and drain a little pus, and disappear, only to pop out again later.

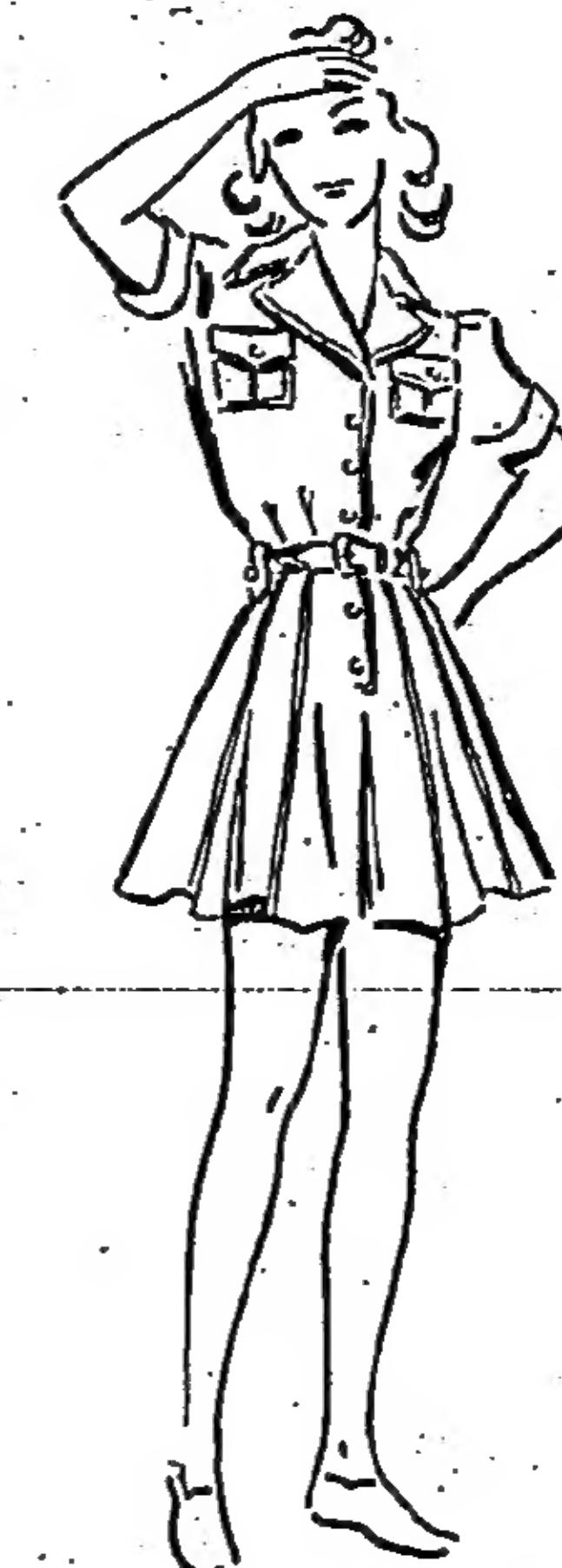
Sometimes the bacteria burrow deeper and form a little boil, which leaves a small scar. In severe cases the pits and scars may be very deep and last through life.

It is a very serious trouble for the person afflicted. Severe involvement may spread to the scalp, causing seborrhoeic dermatitis with an excess of oil on the hair, followed by dandruff and finally early loss of the hair.

Acne is a direct result of an imbalance of the functions of the glands of internal secretion, particularly the sex and thyroid glands. It is aggravated by youth's insatiable desire for sweets and other carbohydrates so dear to the young person's heart or stomach. Constipation, general poor health and an indolent indoor life, as well as worry about these facial blemishes only add to the activity of the trouble.

Certain drugs such as bromides, iodides, tar and mineral oils may cause pimples but unless they are accompanied by blackheads they are not acne and will disappear.

Acne should always receive vigorous treatment as soon as it appears. One of the first things to learn is to let the pustules alone.



Now add a candy-striped silk blouse with long bishop sleeves banded at the wrist. The waist is fitted; neck has a neat flat collar opening at the back—wear it under the pinafore and you have a charming childlike COUNTRY OUTFIT.



Here's the basis of your four outfit—perfectly plain pinafore made in natural coloured linen. (If you make it yourself it needs four yards.) Give it a plain, high, round neck, squared shoulders, and brass buttons down the front. Put in two darts on each shoulder and two at the waist, and make it long enough to come well down over your hips. Buy three yards of spotted linen in red, or dark blue to cover a sailor hat, or bag, and to make short gloves, and you are all set with a TOWN SUIT.

Well-Dressed Crab

There is nothing finer than a well-dressed crab for lunch or supper. For freshness choose a crab that feels heavy and stiff.

To dress it you need: 1½ oz. breadcrumbs, 1 oz. butter or margarine, chopped parsley, lemon juice, salt and pepper. Separate the crab, crack the small claws, and mix the white meat in them with the inside of the crab. Add the breadcrumbs, lemon juice, seasoning and butter, and make it into a paste. Wash and dry the shell and put in this mixture. Take the white meat from the big claws finely, and pile it each side of the shell. Decorate with chopped parsley and, if you have it, coriander pepper.

Take your pinafore and blouse as before; add a wide sash and turban made in the same striped silk (four yards will make your blouse, sash and turban). Make the turban by gathering a strip of silk into a knot on top of your head, leaving the ends free to cross and tie in a bow at the back. Wear the blouse over your pinafore, wind the sash round twice, and tie it in a big bow in front, and you have a smart AFTERNOON SUIT.

Journal

of the

Hongkong Fisheries Research Station

Edited by

Dr. G. A. C. Herklots

Now on Sale

at

Morning Post Building.

Price: \$3.00

HIS MASTER'S VOICE

A VARIETY PROGRAMME BY POPULAR ARTISTES

B 4009	Treez.	I want your heart.....	De Groot Trio.
B 4059	Little brown jug.....	Frank Crumit.	
	Granny old arm chair.		
B 4120	No, No I don't want to.....	Balalaika orch. & chorus (In Russian)	
B 8959	Sweethearts.	Waltz.....	Allen Jones.
		I'm falling in love with someone.	
B 4022	Gypsy idyll.....	Vlaedescus gypsy orch.	
		Hungarian melodies.	
BD 741	A wandering minstrel I.	Mikado.....	Kenny Baker.
		The sun whose rays.	
BD 420	South Sea Island Medley.	Intro.....	Twilight Serenaders.
		Aloha Oe. Song of the islands etc.	
BD 350	Romance in the Moonlight.	Intro.....	Campoli and his orch.
		Pale moon, Gipay moon, Moonlight and roses.	
BD 367	I love the moon.	Pagan love song.	
		Echoes of the Orient.	
		Chanson hindoue. Ballet Egytien.	
BD 5257	Warriors dance.	Dervish chorus etc.	
		Jealousy.	
		Tu sala.	Tangoes.
			Waldorf Astoria orch.

TSANG FOOK PIANO COMPANY

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Also A la Carte
China Bldg., Hongkong.

Hankow Rd., Kowloon.

The Hongkong Telegraph Tenth Annual Amateur Photographic Competition

June—September, 1940.

Two Silver Trophies Awarded

by ILFORD LTD.

For the best and second-best entries.

Four Silver Trophies Awarded

by EASTMAN KODAK CO.

First Prizes in each of the four Sections.

\$250 CASH PRIZES \$250

SECTION ONE

General Pictorial: Land and Seascapes: Architecture: Street Scenes, etc.

1st. Silver Cup. 2nd. \$30. 3rd. \$20. 4th. \$12.50.

SECTION TWO

Portraits: Informal Close-ups: Human Studies.

1st. Silver Cup. 2nd. \$30. 3rd. \$20. 4th. \$12.50.

SECTION THREE

Still Life and Table Top Studies.

1st. Silver Cup. 2nd. \$30. 3rd. \$20. 4th. \$12.50.

SECTION FOUR

(Craftsmen's Section)

The whole of the work entailed in the production of every entry must have been done by the competitors who will be required to make a declaration to this effect. Each entry must have pasted on the back a special entry form obtainable on application from The Hongkong Telegraph or from the Hon. Secretary, Hongkong Photographic Society. Subjects at the discretion of competitors.

1st. Silver Cup. 2nd. \$30. 3rd. \$20. 4th. \$12.50.

RULES

- The following Rules will govern the Competition:
- The Competition is confined exclusively to amateur photographers.
- No employee or member of any firm in the photographic trade is permitted to compete.
- The prizes will be awarded to the competitors ranking in what are adjudged to be the best photographs in each Section. Each entry must be accompanied by a postcard which will be published during the period of the Competition, and which must be pasted on back of entry.
- The copyright of any or all of the entries is reserved to the Hongkong Telegraph.
- All photographs entered must have been taken in the Colony of Hongkong. Photographs which have been already entered in other Competitions will not be accepted.
- Photographs which are accepted for non-delivery of, loss of, or damage to entries.
- The decision of the Judges shall be final.
- At the conclusion of the Competition, entries will be returned to competitors on application at the Telegraph offices within seven days.

ENTRY FORM

SECTION

NAME

ADDRESS

Please use block letters and paste this on back of each Entry in Sections 1, 2 and 3.

Monday.

HONGKONG TELEGRAPH

June 24, 1940.

DONALD DUCK



By Walt Disney



Doumack's 'SNOW WHITE' MARSHMALLOWS

(Rich In Dextrose
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Air mail letters will be accepted for transmission to Europe by Pan-American Service to New York and onward thence by sea, at \$2.80 per half-ounce for the air transport, plus 15 cents per ounce to British possessions and 25 cents per ounce to foreign countries in respect of sea transport.

An experimental air service for Europe via United States of America and Trans-Atlantic Service has also been introduced, the charge being \$5 per half ounce for letters and postcards \$2.50 each. An approximate estimate of the time occupied in this transmission is twelve days from the date of departure of the Clipper from Hongkong.

The postage rates via the revised Imperial Airways Service are unchanged.

Small Packet Post to all countries is suspended.

OUTWARD MAIL TIMES

Registered and Parcel Mail are closed 15 minutes earlier than the time given below unless otherwise stated, and where mails are advertised to close at or before 9 a.m. registered and parcel mails are closed at 5 p.m. on the previous day. When mails are advertised to close after 5 p.m. registered and parcel mails are closed at 8 p.m.

INWARD MAIL

Air Mail by "Imperial Airways Service" June 24
Canton June 24
Saigon June 24
Shanghai and Amoy June 24
Saigon June 24
Shanghai June 25
Shanghai and Amoy June 25
U.S.A. and Manila (San Francisco date, 29th May) June 25
Air Mail by "Air France" Airways Service June 26
Air Mail by "Pan American Airways Direct Service" (San Francisco date, 18th June) June 26
Calcutta and Straits June 26
Haiphong June 26
London and Straits June 26
Japan and Manila June 26
Java and Manila June 26
Manila June 26
Bangkok June 27
Haiphong June 27
Japan and Shanghai June 27
Japan, Shanghai and Formosa June 27
Air Mail by "Imperial Airways Service" June 27
Canton June 27
Japan and Shanghai June 27
London and Straits June 28

OUTWARD MAIL

Monday, June 24
Straits (Parcels only) 5 p.m.
Straits, Rangoon and Calcutta, Parcels June 24, 5 p.m.
Ord. June 24, 7 p.m.
Canton 7.00 p.m.
Shanghai 7 p.m.

Tuesday, June 25

Haiphong Noon
Fort Buoyard and Hollow 12.30 p.m.
Shanghai 12.30 p.m.
Haiphong 3.00 p.m.
Parcels only for Tientsin 5 p.m.
Saigon 6.30 p.m.
Air Mail for "Imperial Airways Service" to Durban and then by Sea Service to United Kingdom. K.P.O. June 25, 5 p.m.
Ord. June 25, 5.30 p.m.
G.P.O. June 25, 5 p.m.
Reg. June 25, 5 p.m.
Ord. June 25, 7 p.m.

Wednesday, June 26

Shanghai 1.30 p.m.
Air Mail for Manila, Guam, Honolulu, U.S.A., and Europe via "Pan American Airways" and Trans-Atlantic Services. K.P.O. June 26, 5.00 p.m.
Ord. June 26, 5.30 p.m.
G.P.O. June 26, 5 p.m.
Reg. June 26, 5 p.m.
Ord. June 26, 7 p.m.
Amoy and Shanghai 7 p.m.
Straits, Ceylon and India 7 p.m.

Thursday, June 27

Shanghai 1.30 p.m.
Air Mail for Manila, Guam, Honolulu, U.S.A., and Europe via "Pan American Airways" and Trans-Atlantic Services. K.P.O. June 26, 5.00 p.m.
Ord. June 26, 5.30 p.m.
G.P.O. June 26, 5 p.m.
Reg. June 26, 5 p.m.
Ord. June 26, 7 p.m.
Air Mail for Indo-China, Iran, and France by the "Air France" Airways. K.P.O. June 26, 5 p.m.
Ord. June 26, 5.30 p.m.
G.P.O. June 26, 5 p.m.
Reg. June 26, 5 p.m.
Ord. June 26, 7 p.m.

Friday, June 28

Shanghai 1.30 p.m.
Straits, Ceylon and India 1 p.m.

CALL TO FRENCH

No Cause For Alarm

Britain Amazed At Bordeaux Action

London, June 23. The Prime Minister, Mr. Churchill, to-day issued the following statement:

"His Majesty's Government heard with grief and amazement that the terms dictated by the Germans had been accepted by the French Government at Bordeaux. It cannot be denied that such or similar terms could have been submitted to by any French Government which possessed freedom, independence and constitutional authority."

"Such terms, if accepted by all Frenchmen, would place not only France, but the French Empire entirely at the mercy and in the power of the German and Italian dictators. Not only would the French people be held down, and forced to work against their ally, but only would the soil of France be used with the approval of the Bordeaux Government as a means of attacking their ally, but the whole resources of the French Empire and the French Navy would speedily pass into the hands of the adversary for the fulfilment of his purpose."

"His Majesty's Government firmly believed that, whatever happens, it will be able to carry on the war wherever it may lead—on the seas, in the air and upon land—to a successful conclusion. When Britain is victorious she, in spite of the action of the Bordeaux Government, will cherish the cause of the French people and a British victory is the only possible hope for the restoration of the greatness of France and the freedom of its people."

"Brave men from other countries over-run by the Nazi invasion are steadfastly fighting in the ranks of freedom. Accordingly, His Majesty's Government calls upon all Frenchmen outside the power of the enemy to aid it in its task and thereby to render its accomplishment more sure and swift. They appeal to all Frenchmen, wherever they may be, to aid to the utmost of their strength the forces of liberation, which are enormous and which, faithfully and resolutely used, will assuredly prevail."—Reuter.

Newspaper Comment

London, June 23. In an article entitled "The Battle of Britain," Mr. J. L. Garvin, writing in the *Observer*, emphasises the importance of air power and sea power in the coming struggle for the Island fortress.

"We have come to the fight for life," he states. "It will try us all as by fire and prove our mettle. The choice is between invincible resistance and total conquest by Nazi power. In one sense we are alone; in another, not so. We have the sympathies of the vast majority of the world. Our sea power brings the bulk of its resources. The longer we hold out the mightier will be the flow of practical aid from the Empire overseas and from the United States."

"Meanwhile, at home in these islands we have mightier forces by sea, air, and land than we have ever possessed before. For the defence of Britain they are enhanced, not diminished, by the disasters in the Low Countries and France. This may well be remembered as a providential paradox when the history of these times is told."

After referring to Mr. Churchill's speech in the House of Commons and the report of his professional advisers that Britain should continue the struggle, Mr. Garvin adds: "We must first concentrate on the essential condition of that estimate. It is as clear as the sun that air supremacy added to sea power spells victory; nothing else spells victory."

"Unless our air defence is crushed we cannot be beaten during the critical months of endurance. By attaining winged mastery afterwards Britain would be bound to win."

"We have the new B.E.F. at home. Full of experience, and with the temper of battle, the B.E.F. on its birthplace, is an inestimable asset. With them, to live or die with us here, are Canadian and Anzac divisions. Are not these things enough to stir the blood of every man and woman? Behind them is a vision of gathering hosts—new armies. Behind them are local defence volunteers."

"While our men wage the fight of light over Britain by the end of the summer will be impregnable to military invasion. But why? Because the navy is incomparable from all the rest. Sea power prevents the Germans from bringing their full military strength to bear against any part of our land."

Concluding, Mr. Garvin states: "In this world Britain has to save herself by her exertions and the world by her example." To-day the thought is far moreateful than then."

A Sunday Times editorial states:

ENGLAND BOMBED

Raid Warnings Sounded In Many Districts

London, June 23.

"As already announced, enemy aircraft crossed the east coast last night," states a joint communiqué issued by the Air Ministry and the Ministry of Home Security. "Air raid warnings were sounded in many districts, and anti-aircraft defences went into action. Bombs were dropped sporadically in several counties on the east coast. Most of them fell in open country, causing little damage, except some which were demolished and three people were killed. Elsewhere, the only casualties reported were three wounded."

It is reported that the three victims were trapped in the demolished house.

Heavy bombs were dropped in an east coast county, starting a fire which burned for a long time, it is learned. In a north-eastern locality relay of German planes attacked for two hours, dropping bombs. In a south-east coast town people who sheltered for three hours were shaken by heavy explosions in the distance.

North-east England was bombed for two and a quarter hours, with the raiders coming over at ten-minute intervals. Bombs fell close to some real estate property. Some raiders dropped "walling bombs" with sirens, accompanied by bursting shrapnel. There was heavy anti-aircraft fire.



The General And The Map

A sheet of paper veiled the map which General Sir Edmund Ironside carried when he left the House of Commons recently. A young man looked round to watch him as he passed.

REICH GREETED

Japanese Felicitations For Germany

Tokyo, June 23. A message of felicitations on the great achievements of the German Reich was cabled to Herr Joachim von Ribbentrop, German Foreign Minister, for transmission to Fuehrer Hitler through the German Ambassador, General Eugen Ott, on Saturday morning by the League of Diet Members for Attainment of the Objective of the Sacred Campaign in China, an unofficial group of M.P.s.

The message emphasizes the necessity of tightening the Tokyo-Berlin-Rome Axis for construction of a new order by combating Communism.

The League comprises 231 out of the total 446 members of the Lower House. Receiving eight Diet members, the German Ambassador said that he received the message of felicitations with deep emotion, especially since he has just received an official dispatch that the French accepted Germany's armistice proposals unqualifiedly.

"We firmly believe," said the German Ambassador, "we are able to make Great Britain surrender following the French example."

"We hereby pledge that what Germany is now doing toward Great Britain and France will make great contributions and bring good effects upon what Japan is doing in Asia," the Ambassador concluded.—Domei.



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BORDER OCCUPATION BY JAPANESE TROOPS

Strong Japanese forces have occupied the Chinese border villages from Shumchun to Lo Fung. There was no fighting, but Japanese planes bombed and machine-gunned the villages ahead of the advance.

Chinese troops are now reported moving southwards towards the Japanese in the Po On area. Fighting has broken out south of Ping Wu on the Canton-Kowloon railway.

Thousands of refugees began flocking over the British border throughout the week-end after the Shumchun group of villages had been three times bombed from the air on Saturday morning.

Japanese sentries, armed with fixed bayonets, are now on guard at the Chinese end of the Lo Wu railway bridge. British border areas are still under police control, but detachments of the Indian troops have been moved up to reserve positions behind the frontier. The Assistant-Superintendent of Police for the New Territories, Mr. G. S. Wilson, met senior Japanese officers on the Lo Wu bridge yesterday morning and discussed with them methods for avoiding incidents.

The furthest point reached by the Japanese in their initial advance on force.

Panic Among Refugees

The few remaining refugees near the villages now began to run along the Shumchun-Sheungshui road. Only a handful carried any baggage. One rode a bicycle furiously towards the border.

Japanese infantry, which had now fully occupied Shumchun Market, reformed their lines on the far side of the village, alongside the main road to the Colony, for a swift advance on Wong Pui Ling, half a mile east of Shumchun Market.

They had occupied the two villages without firing a shot in less than half an hour from the time the cavalry advance guard first appeared west of Shumchun.

From Wong Pui Ling, the Japanese threw a small force forward to Lo Fung, the furthest point reached by them on Saturday. The main forces remained in the Shumchun group and until dusk Japanese detachments were still arriving along the Nantau-Shumchun road.

The forces which occupied the villages are estimated at not less than 2,000 men, including artillery and a supply column. They comprise Japanese and Canton puppet troops.

The Japanese troops did not approach the British border during the afternoon but remained at least a mile on the Chinese side of the line. Only a police guard from Sheungshui manned the bridges and other border approaches.

Towards evening India troop detachments were moved up by lorry to reserve positions behind the border. British mobile signals sections also took up precautionary stations.

Yesterday's Movements

Early yesterday morning Japanese soldiers advanced at several points towards the border river, and entered the deserted Shumchun Customs Station. Sentries were posted on the Chinese side of the railway bridge and soldiers were seen on the hill-post overlooking the Takulung police station.

A fairly strong detachment was quartered in the buildings across the river from the border bridge on the Shumchun-Sheungshui road. Horses and cooking fires could be seen from the British territory and several stray rifle shots were heard during the day. About 1,000 refugees are now living in the man-made camp on the British side of the river.

Except for the few Japanese soldiers seen walking about or bathing in the creeks, the Chinese territory appeared deserted.

Police have closed the military road along the border to motor traffic. Only cars of Hongkong Mines Ltd. are allowed to travel as far as Lin Ma Hang. Cars are not allowed to drive to the railway bridge.

There is still access to the military road by foot, but police turn back all Europeans at the border. Several young men were refused permission yesterday to enter the occupied territory.

Although the Japanese now occupy villages only a few miles away, there has not been any refugee exodus from Shataukok. Police are standing by against the expected Japanese advance to-day. At Shataukok yesterday Europeans were not allowed to go up to the actual border but were turned back at the barbed wire barricades.

Customs Approaching

Walchow, June 23. Japanese motorised and cavalry units to-day reached the Shumchun sector to reinforce the 300 puppet troops who arrived there yesterday afternoon. The enemy's strength in Po On county is about 2,000 and more troops will pour in to-day.

There were practically no guerrilla bands around Po On, nor was there any political activity during the past few months. No mopping-up operations were attempted.

Officials of the Po On county returned northward along the Canton-Kowloon railway.

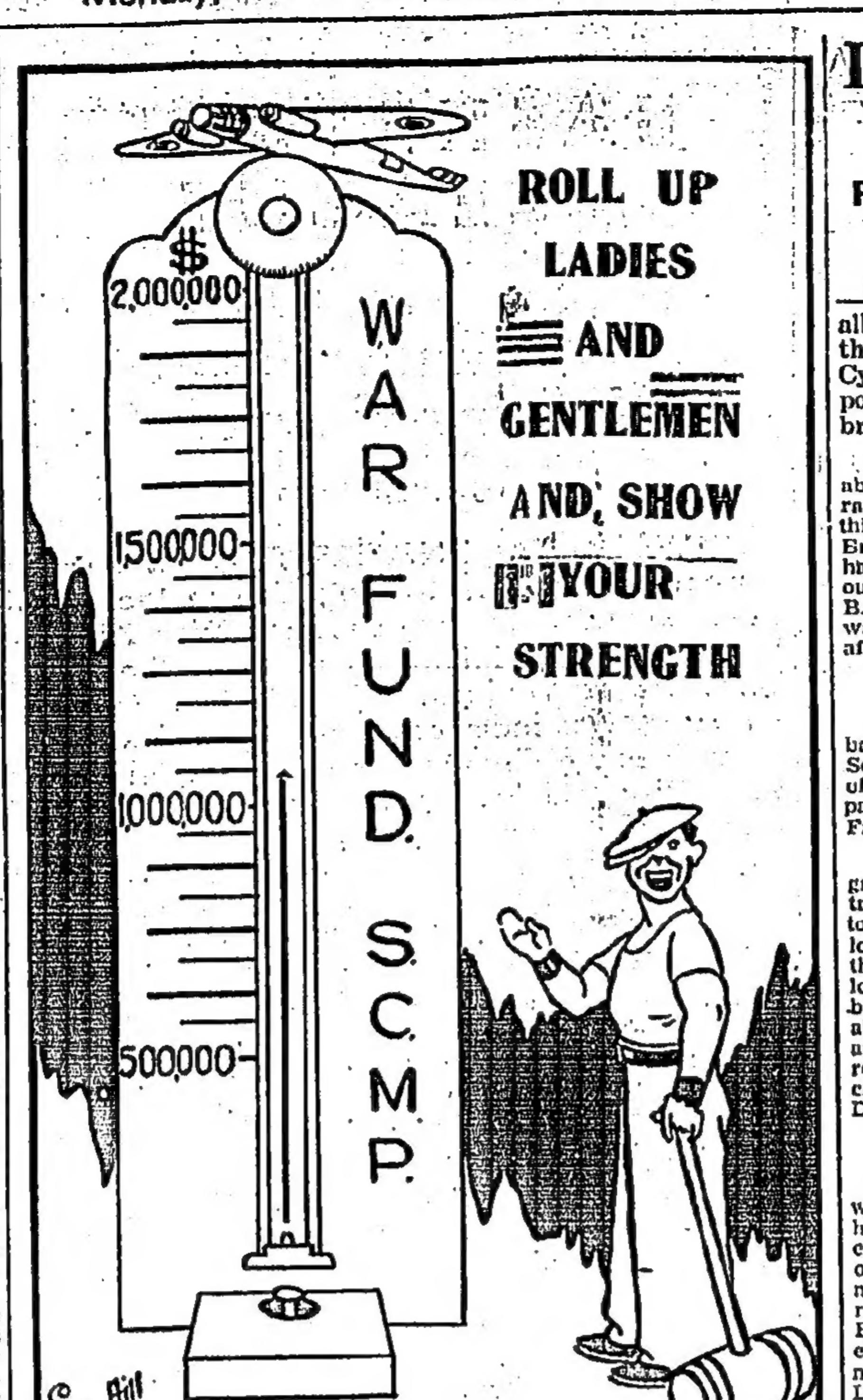
Chinese troops along the Canton-Kowloon railway pushed southward this morning to engage the Japanese in the Po On area.

Japanese planes bombed different parts of the railway in an effort to disperse the advancing Chinese and fighting has broken out south of Ping Wu, on the Railway.—International.

The plane moved steadily backwards and forwards over Shumchun Market. Twice it fired short machine-gun bursts, but there was no answering fire. Finally, it headed back towards the Pearl River. A single British plane appeared a few minutes later and circled the hills five miles inside British territory.

About twenty minutes after the Japanese plane had disappeared the first Japanese troops—a cavalry detachment—began filing down the road half a mile west of Shumchun Market. They halted outside the town until the head of a following infantry detachment appeared behind them and then rapidly advanced on the village.

Within ten minutes Japanese troops were appearing on the eastern side of Shumchun. A small advance party rapidly moved across the rice field



The War Fund inaugurated by the S. C. M. P. Ltd., has passed the \$1,100,000 mark. Star Hill in this effective cartoon invites the public to roll up and send the total still higher.

FILIPINOS TO AID

Collection For War Fund Instead Of Function

The Hongkong Filipinos cancelled all arrangements for the celebration yesterday of Rizal Day, in view of the present stage of the struggle the Allies are waging in defence of democracy. A collection from their community has already been started, which will be contributed to the South China Morning Post, Ltd., War Fund. This donation is in memory of the birth of their patriot who chose not his final resting place as he wished:

The place matters not, cypress or laurel or lily white, Scarsford or open plain, combat or martyrdom's plinth.

On the morning of December 30, 1896, Dr. Jose Rizal faced the firing squad at Bagumbayan, Manila, but that volley tolled the knell of Spain's domain and gave birth to a new nation. In the words of Cecilio Apostol, "If a bullet crashed your brain, your great idea crumbled at once."

Jose P. Rizal Mercado y Alonso was born on June 19, 1861, in the town of Calamba, province of Laguna. From his mother young Pepe learnt to chant the alphabet and read the primer. At the Ateneo de Manila, this genius still in his tenth year surprised his Castilian professors by winning the literary prizes in writing at Spanish poems. He also studied at the University of Santo Tomas. In Madrid, whilst an honour-student in medicine, he received distinction in philosophy and was an apt scholar of languages. Dr. Jose Rizal was poet, novelist, scientist, philosopher, linguist, medico, painter and sculptor.

The Cavite Revolt of 1872 and the execution of his tutor, Father Burgos, and two other Filipino priests, created such an impression in the mind of Dr. Jose Rizal that the dismal period of tyranny found expression in his two satirical novels "Noli Me Tangere" and "El Filibusterismo" written in Ghent. Although the possession of a copy meant imprisonment, banishment or death, these books were read with avidity by his countrymen. Suspected as the founder of the Philippine Revolution, he was accused of treason, amidst a mockery of justice, and sentenced to death.

Thoughts of his country even in his sojourn abroad were reflected in the ethereal lines of his "Song of Maria Clara":

Sweet are the hours in my native land. Where dwells a friend whilst shines the sun above. Life is breeze that blows o'er her rural land. Pleasant is death and more tender is love.

Dr. Jose Rizal was in Hongkong in 1891 to practise his profession, and the colony will ever cherish the pleasant memory of this martyr. To his widow, Josefa Bracken, that

which swept over Poland, Finland, Norway, Holland, Belgium and France, these words were

EFFICACIOUS A.R.P. SHELTERS

LONDON, June 23 (Reuter).—Reports from technical experts show that small steel shelters, known as Anderson shelters, which are supplied in vast numbers, provided a striking degree of protection during the recent air raid.

Although many large bombs fell close to these shelters, no occupants were injured.

In one case, the crater of a 500-pound bomb was only 30 feet from such a shelter, occupied by two adults and two children. Although the house was badly damaged, the shelter stood firm.

dedicated: "Farewell, fair stranger, my sweetheart, blisse of my love."

We will long remember this Filipino hero, not only as the greatest Malay who ever lived, but as a citizen of the world, whose writings have enriched literature. — Continued.

INVASION DANGERS

Problems Confronting The Nazis

LONDON, June 23 (Reuter).—We know that we have to face all sorts of problems, some of them very difficult, said Captain Cyril Falls, the military correspondent of the "Times," in a broadcast talk to-day.

He said he was not going to talk about world strategy or Mediterranean strategy; however, but something about the defence of Great Britain. We have some assets. We have saved from the wreck seven out of every eight men of the first B.E.F. and the second B.E.F., which was sent to the aid of France just after the great battle began.

What We Saved

We have saved the personnel of bases established far down in the South-west. We have saved a lot of equipment. We have saved that part of the R.A.F. which was sent to France.

We have at present in Britain a greater number of trained and proved troops than we have had in our history. On the other hand, we have lost much of the heavy equipment of the first B.E.F. and we have lost a lot of the base stores which could not be withdrawn. We have lost some aircraft, damaged and rusted aerodromes for which there were no repair facilities; we have lost light craft, sunk in the evacuation from Dunkirk.

Outflanked At Two Points

We now see the enemy with the whole of Western Europe's coast in his grasp, from Arctic Norway to the estuary of the Loire. The enemy outflanks us from Norway and still more from Brittany, and not everyone realises until the map is studied that Brest, which the Germans have entered, is further west than Plymouth and almost as far west as Land's End.

For the first time since the war began, the enemy has launched heavy air attacks on Britain, although so far without result proportionate to their efforts.

Invasion Probability

The enemy will probably try an invasion.

Captain Falls does not think a large scale invasion possible while the Navy and Air Force remain in being, and he would expect attacks to be made on them first of all with possible feints against the coast.

The Germans have recklessly sacrificed their aircraft in the recent offensives, and although they may be able to replace a lot of them, they cannot replace the pilots so easily. They do not possess the magnificent materials now being provided by the British Empire, and their most highly-trained pilots are not equal to ours.

They have not yet produced a fighter to come anywhere near the Defiants, Spifires and Hurricanes.

Nazis Face Grim Fight

The Germans have a very grim fight in front of them if they depend upon the existence of the Air Force. The enemy can hardly hope to compete with this unless it cripples its bases; in part, it is unlikely that he will put either out of action while there is an Air Force in being.

While the Navy and R.A.F. exist, an invasion on a big or little scale by parachutists, troop-carriers on ships or a combination of the three may be expected.

Turning his attention to Britain from a strategic point of view, Capt. Falls dealt with England first. Very roughly it is a low country with a long chain of hills running from north to south—high in the north and low in the south—with another lower chain crossing it in the south being like a "T" turned upside down.

Flat Coastline

There are of course hills like the Yorkshire moors and the Cumberland hills, which are not included in this design, but that is what it is roughly. From the Thames Estuary to the Humber, the whole of the coast is flat, with wide sandy beaches on which small landings are possible.

On the other hand, large tracts of this area have drainage ditches or sluggish rivers with marshes.

The South-east and southern coasts are more difficult with high cliffs of either chalk or rock.

Wales is a mass of mountains, although there are wide valleys.

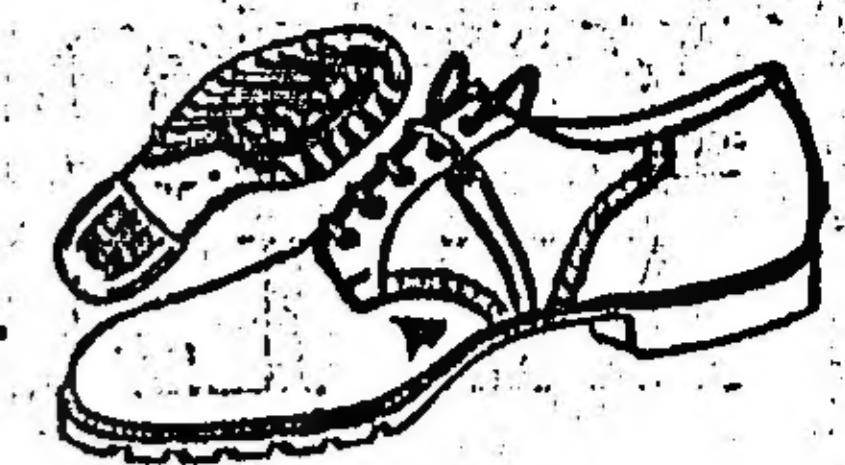
Inhospitable Coasts

In Scotland, mountain chains run from east to west. Between the southern and central chains, is a district with only occasional hills, having Edinburgh in the east and Glasgow in the west. Its eastern coast is generally more inhospitable than England's west coast; it is extremely rocky and broken.

Capt. Falls does not say that England is ideal for the resistance of an invasion, but he points out that Britain's internal communications are the best in the world and that mobility is far more important than mountain ranges or deep gorges.

We cannot be everywhere on a long coast-line but it is better to be quicker everywhere. We know that if we were in the enemy's shoes, strong though he may be, we would look on an invasion of Britain as a matter of extreme difficulty. We do not under-rate his strength and we know, what he has accomplished already, concluded Capt. Falls, but we are coolly and calmly preparing to face it with the main advantages on our side.

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Tuesday, June 25, at 9.30 p.m.

in the CHINA FLEET CLUB

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- (a) Serenade to Music (Vaughan Williams)
- (b) In Honour of the City (Dyson)
- (c) Acis and Galatea (Handel) . . . with orchestra.

The two former are accompanied on two pianos.

Soloists: Anne Balfour, Jean Grieg, Helen Lockhart, Gaston D'Aquino and Harold Piercy.

Conductor: I.R.M. Smith.

Accompanists: Rupert Baldwin, E. O'Neill Shaw.

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K'LOON Y.M.C.A. GALA AT LAICHIKOK

Lai Tsun Assn. Again Win Open Relay: Mak Wai-ming's Success

(By "RIPPLE")

THE LAI TSUN Swimming Union gained their third successive victory in Open Medley Relay races when they beat the Chinese Bathing Club quartette by an arm's length in the 400 metres (four styles) Medley Relay held yesterday at the Kowloon Chinese Y.M.C.A.'s gala at Laichikok.

Mak Wai-ming, former Colony champion, made a welcome and successful return to competitive swimming, winning both events for which he entered—the 100 metres free-style in the fairly good time of 67.2/5 secs., and the 200 metres breast-stroke in 3 mins. 12.7/10 secs.

The 150 metres free-style relay for members of the Winter Swimmers Club, was clearly the most popular race, and Lee Hon-ke's team received a rousing cheer when they finished just ahead of Yeung Man-kit's team.

THE RELAY

Four teams competed for the Medley Relay, Lai Tsun "A" and "B", C.B.C. and Tung Wing. Lai Tsun's Poon Wing-kei again went off to a nice start, and his lead of half a body's length over Yeung Tat-kwan (C.B.C.) was maintained till he handed over to Fong Chung-yiu. Enrique Chan (C.B.C.) reduced this lead, and in a fine last quarter spurt drew level with Fong.

Chan Chan-nam, swimming the side-stroke for Lai Tsun, took the water just ahead of Robert Chan, and Lai Tsun was again able to gain the lead to which Tsang Cheung-wing added slightly to win by half a body's length from Lo Yuk-wing (C.B.C.) anchor man.

WATER POLO

In the water polo match, Y.M.C.A. engaged a team from C.B.C., and a last minute goal by Robert Chan from well out gave C.B.C. victory over the "Y" 1-0.

Both sides presented strong defences, but C.B.C. had the better attack. The shooting on both sides, however, were very inaccurate. Enrique Chan came in for some powerful long shots, which were just off the mark.

THE RESULTS

Results: 50 metres free-style (members)—1. Yeung Man-kit; 2. Fung Huen-sing; 3. Wong Kwoh-yuen. Time—32 4/5.

100 metres free-style (members)—1. Mak Wai-ming; 2. Yau Sui-kwan; 3. Wong Cheung-hung. Time—67 3/5.

50 metres free-style (ladies)—1. Miss Sui Kwan-lin; 2. Miss Chan Wal-hang; 3. Miss Yip Kwan-fong. Time—49 1/5.

400 metres open medley relay (back, breast, side-stroke, and free-style)—1. Lai Tsun "A" (Poon Wing-kei, Fong Chung-yiu, Chan Chan-nam, and Tsang Cheung-wing); 2. C.B.C. (Yung Tat-kwan, Enrique Chan, Robert Chan, and Lo Yuk-wing); 3. Lai Tsun "B" (Lau Yiu-ting, Tang Sik-chuen, Yau Sui-kwan, and Lai Tai-ping). Time—5:18 9/10.

100 metres breast-stroke (ladies)—1. Miss Lo Tak-cheng; 2. Miss Chan Wal-hang; 3. Sui Kwan-lin. Time—1:05.

Water Polo—C.B.C. 1. Y.M.C.A. 0. C.B.C. (Po King-fook, Enrique Chan, Yung Tat-sai, Chan Yuen-fat, Fong Chung-yiu, Robert Chan Wong Cheuk-nin.)

Y.M.C.A. (Wo Tso-ku, Yeung Man-kit, Chan Kam-fo, So Pak-fai, Kung Yue-tak, Chan Kwok-kwan and Cheung Chi-leung.)



A MEASURE. A. O. Madar (I.R.C.) measuring for the shot in the Indian R.C.-Craigengower C.C. First Division Lawn Bowls match on Saturday. A. E. Coates and J. W. Leonard (C.C.C.) look on.—Ming Yuen.

Lawn Bowls League

Craigengower Keep Pace With Recreio 'A': Indian R.C. Defeated

CRAIGENGOWER Cricket Club kept pace with the Club de Recreio "A" in the Lawn Bowls League matches on Saturday, defeating the Indian Recreation Club while the Portuguese senior team accounted for the "B" team and maintained their two points' lead in the First Division. Three games were postponed on account of the rain.

150 metres relay (members of Y.M.C.A. Winter Club)—1. Lee Hon-ke's team (Lee Hon-kei, Wong Mat-tim, Poon Chung-Sam). 2. Young Man-kit's team (Yeung Man-kit, Chan Kwoh-kei, Pang Luen-sing). 3. 200 metres breast-stroke (members)—1. Mak Wai-ming; 2. Fung Wal-chung; 3. Wong Kwoh-tim. Time—3:12 7/10.

60 metres free-style (members)—1. Yeung Man-kit; 2. Sung Yue-tak; 3. Chan Tuan. Time—32.

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Death Of Famous Cricketer

Mr. M. A. Noble

SYDNEY, June 22 (Reuters)—M. A. Noble, one of the most famous Australian Test cricketers, died here to-day.

M. A. Noble was born in 1873. He played cricket for New South Wales, and one of the most notable feats of his Sheffield Shield career is that he made four centuries in succession during the two Australian seasons of 1898 and 1899 and 1899-1900. He held a record sixth wicket partnership for 420 runs, scoring 204, with W. W. Armstrong (172 not out), in the match against Australians against Sussex at Hove in 1899.

In 1905, while touring in England, Noble scored 2,034 runs in 49 innings, his highest score being 267, with an average of 44.24.

In Australia in 1907-08 he scored 1,400 runs in 10 innings, his highest score being 176, and his average 50.60.

During his career he scored 37 centuries.

BASKETBALL LEAGUE

Kwong Tai University Practically Assured Of Being Runners-Up

(By "GUARD")

KWONG TAI UNIVERSITY seem slated for runners-up honours to Sing Tao in the premier cage league when they subdued Wah Kiu 54-33 in a series of brilliant set plays at the Chinese Y.M.C.A. on Wednesday last. Their star player, Lo Tung, was indisposed, but his absence did in no way prove disconcerting, in fact, the squad's versatility laid bare the glaring need of advice from a side-line coach.

Saturday's top-liner featured a Chinese "Y" quintette, still smarting from their "victory-snatched-from-their-grasp" defeat by Sing Tao recently. They wreaked their vengeance on a weak Combined Banks' outfit 68-32.

Kwong Tai opened cautiously, as usual, but there was uncertainty in their movements till a flick pass from guard Chan Chan-fu saw Fung Chick-hung (16) break fast underbasket to open for Kwong Tai. A successor to Lo had apparently been discovered, and they attempted this play several times before they fell back on the "zone" defence.

Wah Kiu was not without trying, but their defence was deplorably weak, their guards were unable to cope with Fung, who broke through quite easily. Cheung Yip-jun (18) cracked the hoop from far out to justify Wah Kiu's presence on the court, but the bell-rang with the Tuna leading ten points, 20-10.

In the second half, Kwong Tai adopted the man-to-man defence with devastating results. They quickly sprang into a bigger lead, guard Leung Kwong-keung (21) sneaked in time and again to tip in baskets.

Wah Kiu defence strove manfully against the tricky combination of Kwong Tai's forwards, Leo Chung-sing and Ng Suen-chu, but were unable to break up their combination. Kwong Tai's guards, Chan Chan-fu, Wong Po-fun and Leung Kwong-keung, did their part in rendering Wah Kiu's attack helpless near home, but allowed field goals to Ip Fat-chau (10), ever so seldom.

CHENG CHICK in the junior toss-up, were no match for Sun Chung in teamwork, and, despite a gallant effort in the second half, went down 35-45.

Cheng Sui-long (16), Chung Kin-sang (4), and Foo Lin-sing (4) were best seen for the Chicks, in individual plays. They dribbled their way

Local Baseball

Chung Hwa Move Ahead Of Mindanao

With the U.S.S. Mindanao-H. Brewery game postponed on account of the wet ground, the Chung Hwa aggregation took advantage of their absence to move into the lead in the local Baseball League on Saturday when they humbled the Royal Engineers 12-7. In the other Saturday game, the Hongkong Baseball Club beat South China 10-3.

The results in brief were:

FIRST DIVISION:
Rec. "B" 59 Rec. "A" 63
I.R.C. 52 C.C. 58
P.R.C. 61 K.C.C. 40
*P.D.R.C. v. K.B.C.C. 49
H.K.F.C. 61 C.S.C.C. 60
SECOND DIVISION:
C.S.C.C. 53 C.C.C. 02
K.F.C. 02 Tai-koo 49
Rec. 51 K.B.G.C. 49
*H.K.C.C. 53 K. Tong 49
K.C.C. 70 P.R.C. 41
THIRD DIVISION:
*H.K.C.C. v. Elec. 50
H.K.F.C. 64 P.O.C. 50
C.C.C. 47 K.B.G.C. 09
*K.F.C. v. I.R.C. 59

*postponed.

Rowing

Harvard Easily Beat Yale

New London, Connecticut, June 22. The Harvard crew beat the Yale eight by eight lengths to-day, in the annual Inter-Varsity rowing regatta between these two famous American Universities.

Each University has now won 39 times. —Reuter.

CLOSE AND EXCITING

A similar trend of fortune featured the South China-Hongkong B.C. game. The Chinese held a 3-2 lead at the end of the fourth inning, but in the fifth the Baseball Club ran away with seven tallies and their opponents were never able to recover from the set-back.

ST. PAUL easily disposed of

a nondescript Yau-Yau team 68-24 in a very one-sided encounter in which St. Paul players appeared to be having a practice shoot rather than a league game.

Liu Tim-fun (17), Yau Sui-fai (10), Chan Tim-hun (12), and Chan Wai-hay (11), made great pretence to break through in a flurry of deceptious plays.

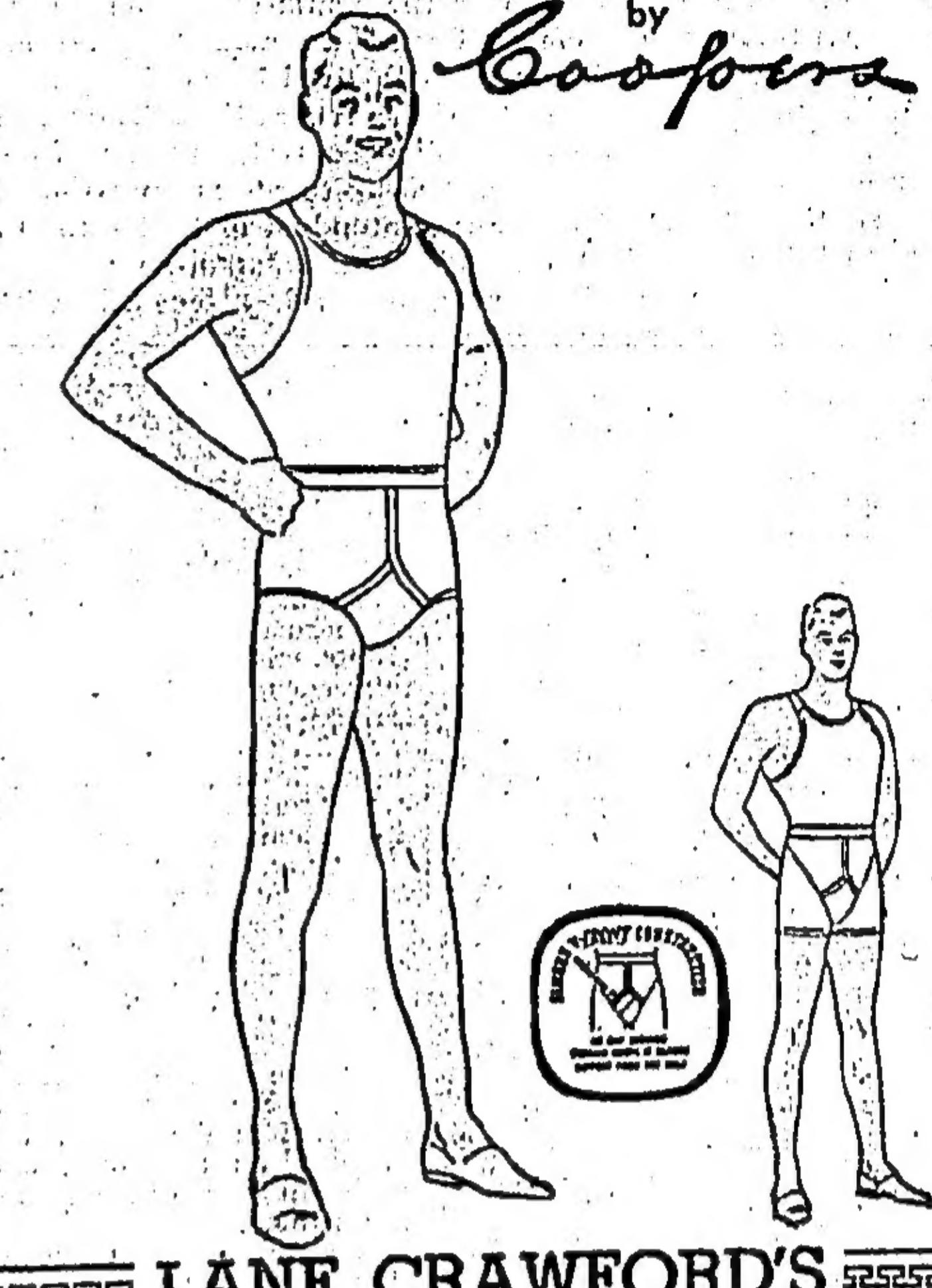
You Yau's shooting on the whole was surprisingly inaccurate, Lai Sui-yuen, who obtained some excellent goals to tally 16 points for his side, gave the game any life.

St. Paul's passing, under the circumstances, was excellent, their shooting even more so.

Jel. 28/51.

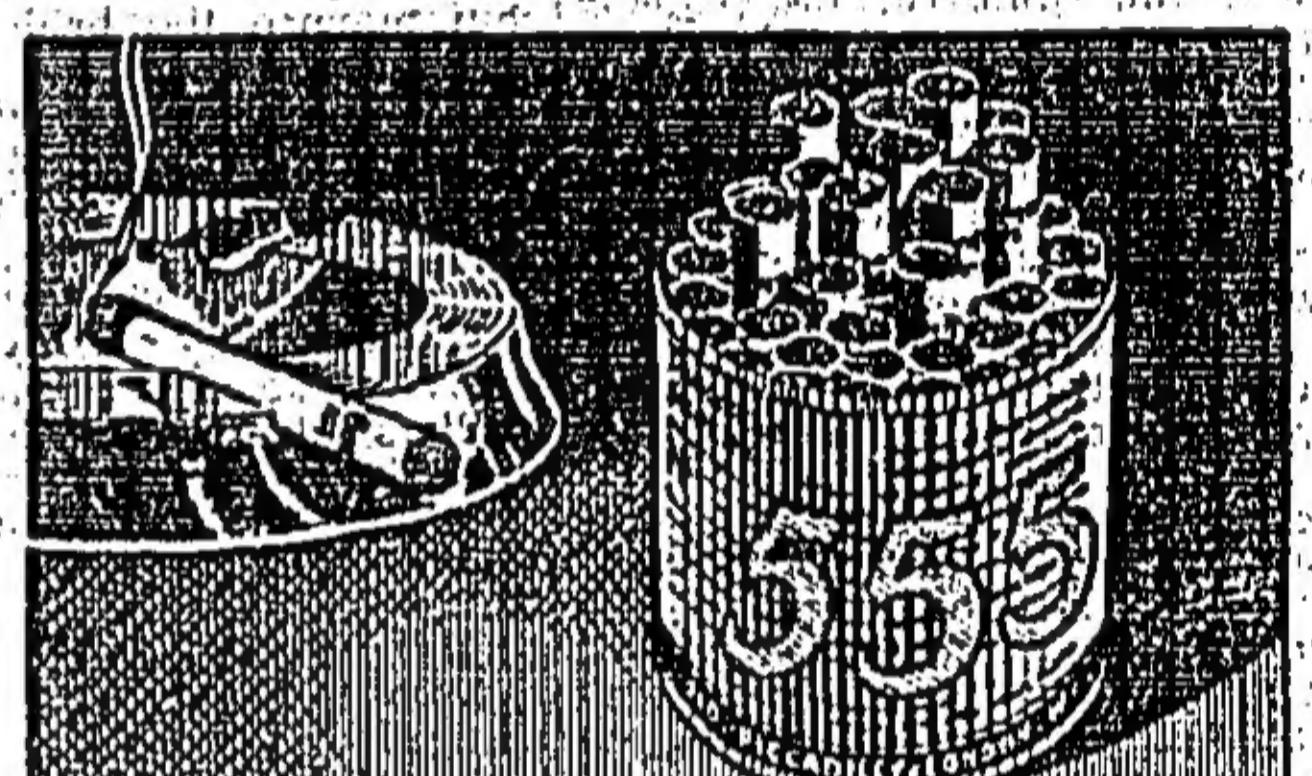
"COOL and FULL of PEP"
SAY THOSE WHO SUMMER IN
MASCLINIZED UNDERWEAR

by Cooper



LANE CRAWFORD'S

The House of Quality & Service



It is not by chance alone that State Express 555 are known as "the best cigarette in the world." The discriminating palates of almost two generations attest to this fact, yet they cost so little more to enjoy.

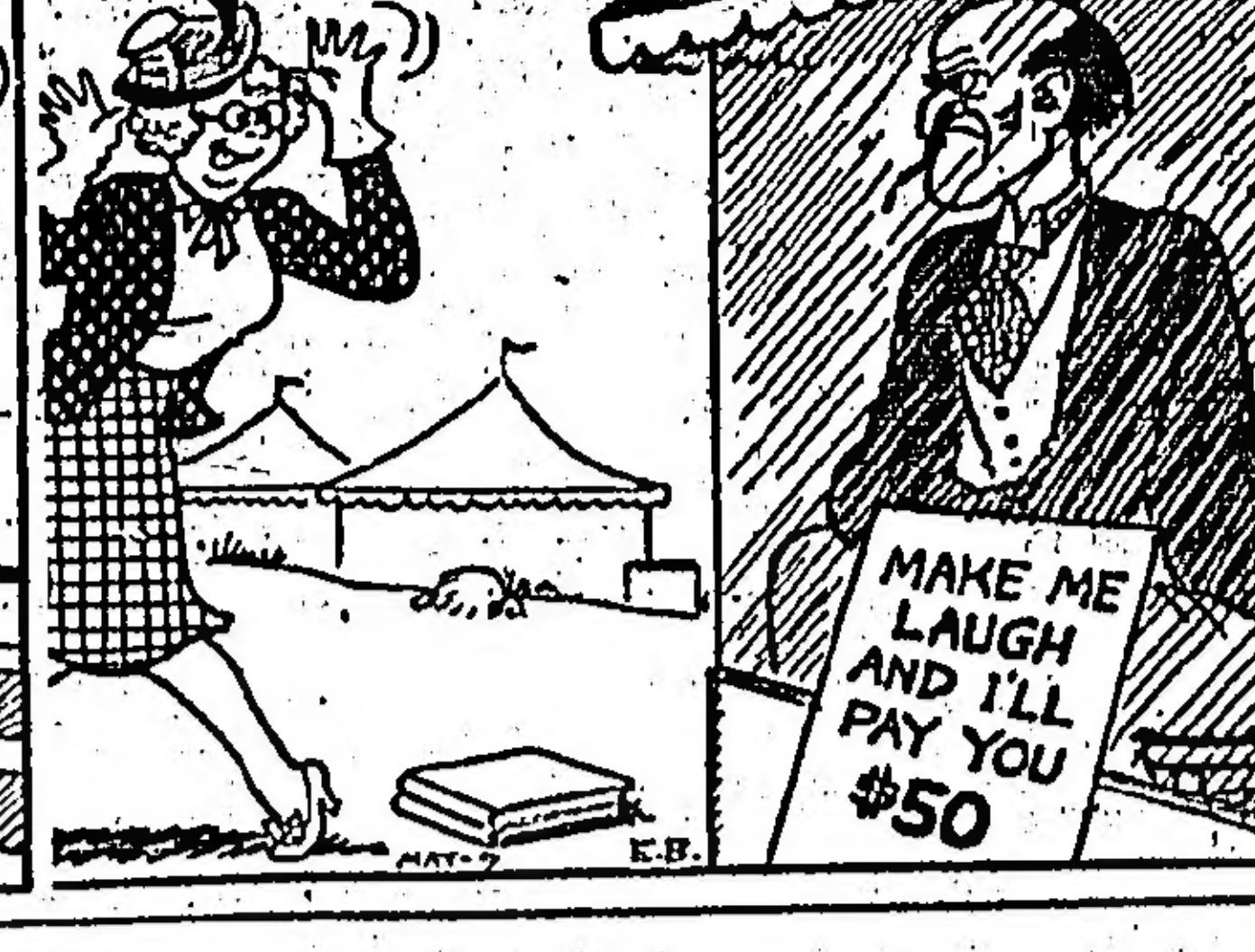
STATE EXPRESS
555
50 for \$1.30

THE BEST CIGARETTE IN THE WORLD • COSTS SO LITTLE MORE



Count the
"TELEGRAPHHS"
everywhere

NANCY



By Ernie Bushmiller

Crossword Puzzle

By LARS MORRIS

ANSWER TO PREVIOUS PUZZLE

ACROSS	
1-German composer	
2-Male bee	
3-Name of American	
4-Country part	
5-Restored to health	
6-Fallen tree of	
7-Morocco	
8-Orchard	
9-Gravine aquatilis	
10-with	
11-Death	
12-Make shrill sound	
13-Foreign	
14-Metric quart	
15-Forward	
16-Shopping tool	
17-George W. Russell	
18-George W. Russell	
19-Altitude	
20-Itedish wood	
21-Pearl for publication	
22-With	
23-Less difficult	
24-World evergreen shrub	
25-Room (abbr.)	
26-Born state (abbr.)	
27-Altitude (abbr.)	
28-Frenz: coqueting	
29-Species of heron	
30-Quantity	
31-Ceramic limb of cruse	
32-Rice (Scotish)	
33-Bottomless gulf	
34-Imperious rush of feeling (pl.)	
35-Quarry	
36-Medical plant	
37-Orchid like nature	
38-Hiplet of hair	
39-TRASS	
40-Island of Malaya	
41-Archipelago	
42-Punctuation mark	
43-Hawaiian octopus	
44-District of Columbia	
45-As we are	
46-Musical instruments	
47-Light-yellow	
48-Brown (French)	
49-One who makes	
50-American country	
51-Exclamation of	
52-Intropical forest	
53-Male duck	
54-Musical instrument	
55-Kind of bread	
56-And-Gordon area	
57-Youth	
58-Like	
DOWN	
1-WHITING	
2-BRONTZ	
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TWO-WORD CABLE 'HANGS' A MAN

Witchcraft Murderer Has To Die

A MESSENGER arrived at the whitewalled prison of Mankaina, in Swaziland, South Africa, with a cable from London.

Fakisandhla Nkambule, subordinate chief of Swaziland, waiting in the cell in which he had waited for nineteen months, was told what the cable said.

Just two words: Appeal dismissed. To Chief Fakisandhla they meant three words: YOU MUST DIE.

A few hours before, in a Downing-street room in the London Fakisandhla did not know, Lord Thunkerton had spoken seventeen words:

This appeal will be dismissed for reasons which will be given in the judgment now being prepared.

The judgment of the Judicial Committee of the Privy Council—highest tribunal in the Empire.

Medicine Man At Feast

Fakisandhla waits no longer to know his fate. The death sentence passed on him by a Swaziland court in October 1938 is confirmed.

He was sentenced for procuring the deaths of one of his wives, a brother, and that brother's wife.

It was alleged that he procured a "medicine man" to poison the three people at a ceremonial feast because he suspected them of having killed his mother and daughter.

Fakisandhla denied procuring the murders and said all he asked for was the performance of the ceremony of *luzego*, to cure him of bad dreams.

This ceremony consisted of the making of a special rope and the placing of it by night across the graves of the people whose spirits were believed to be causing the dreams.

In March last year he was granted special leave to appeal to the Judicial Committee of the Privy Council, and the appeal was heard last month.

Now Fakisandhla has only one last chance of escaping being hanged—a plea for mercy to the High Commissioner for South Africa.

Hermit's Isle For Refugees

Daily Express Staff Reporter

POOLE (Dorset),

BROWNSEA ISLAND, in Poole Harbour, for years the home of wealthy Mrs. Christie, an eccentric widow, is to become haven for refugees from Holland and Belgium.

This beautiful wooded retreat with its ancient castle will be the British equivalent of America's Ellis Island for aliens. Hundreds will be shipped there direct from the Continent, to be sorted out and sent to various parts of England.

For five days Poole Corporation has been transporting marques and supplies to Brownsea in motor-boats. Ministry of Health and Home Office officials from London will follow.

They will examine the credentials of refugees and arrange for their dispersal on the mainland. The marques have been pitched in wooden sheds on the island.

Visitors Were Banned. For years Mrs. Christie has refused to allow any of the animals or the birds on her lands to be killed. Now Brownsea teems with rabbits and other wild things.

Mrs. Christie, who keeps art treasures in the castle and herself lives in a whitewashed cottage, is co-operating in the arrangements. Until now she had always banned visitors. Those who dared to venture to the island in boats were immediately turned away by her servants.

She rarely comes to the mainland.

FISHERMEN VOLUNTEER FOR DANGER



H.M.S. *EUROPA*, where these pictures were taken, was once the pleasure garden of a popular East Coast resort. It is now the depot for 2,000 fishermen who have volunteered for naval patrol work.

After an intensive course of training in

war duties the recruits will be drafted to anti-submarine trawlers, minesweepers and armed drifters.

Below you see the boiler-firing department, where recruits learn the rhythmic actions of stoking—coal being represented by pebbles.

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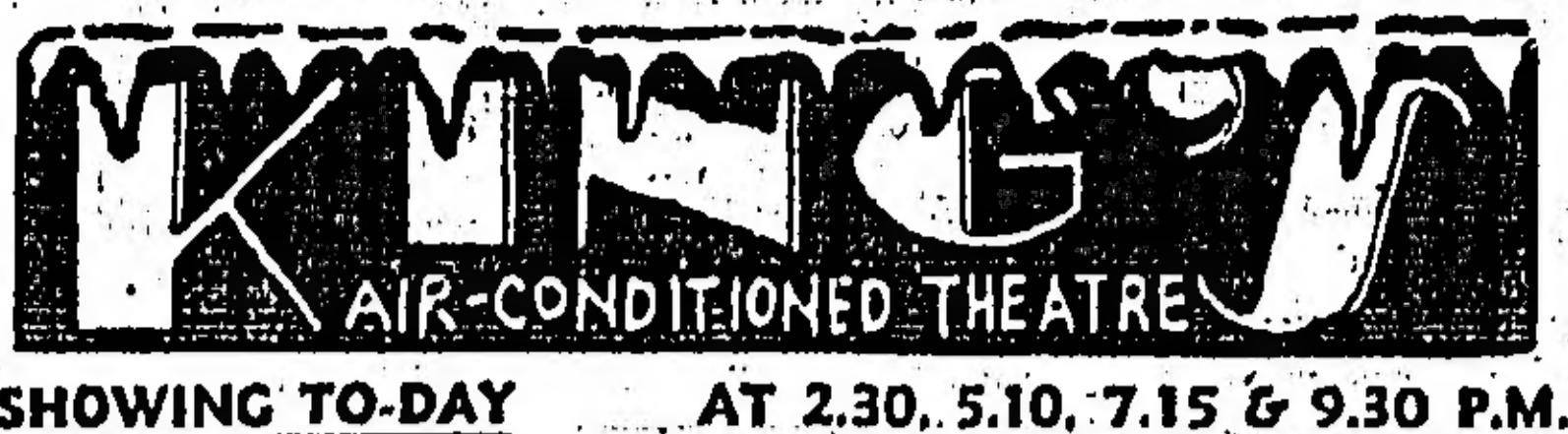
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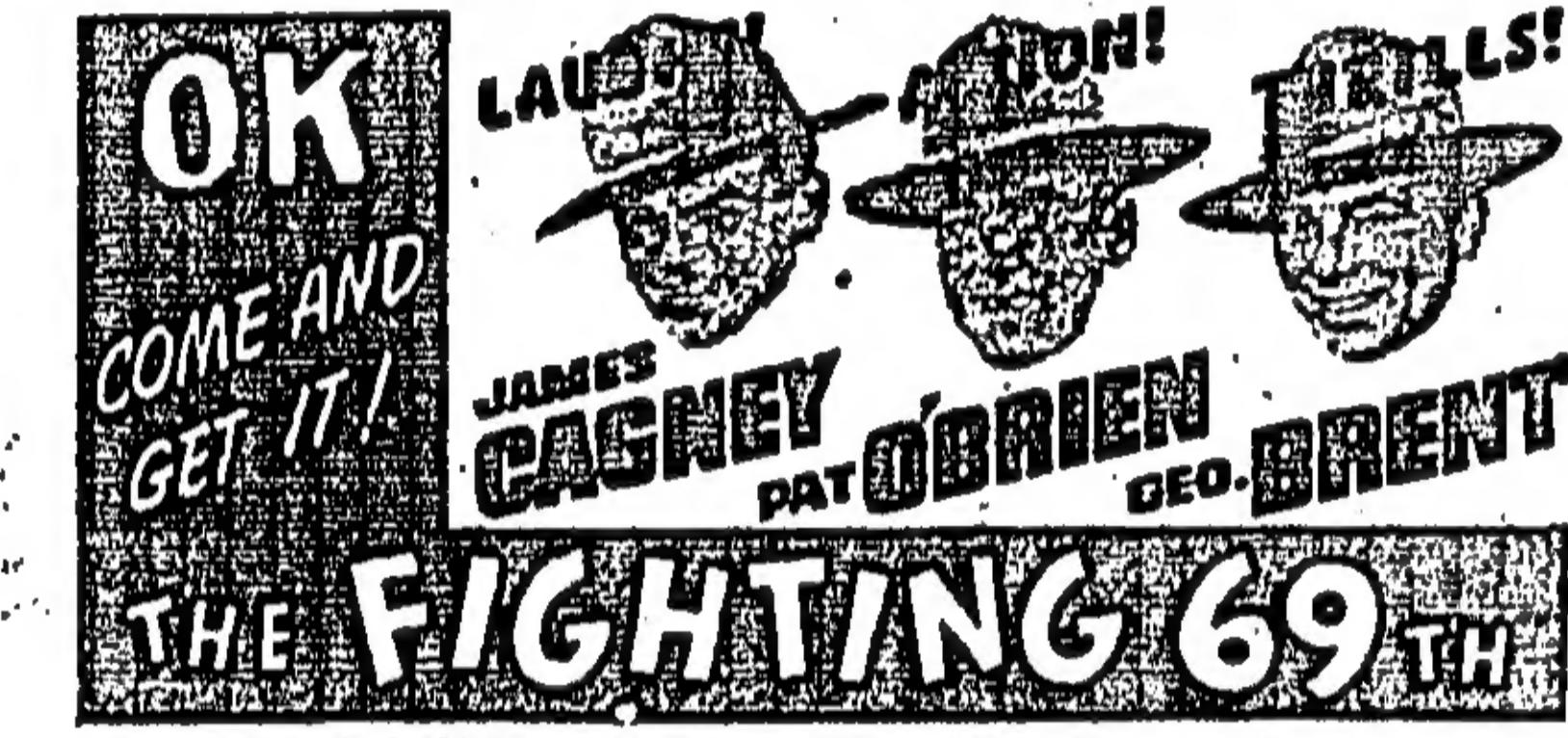
Below you see the



NEXT CHANGE "RAFFLES" United Artists Release co-starring DAVID NIVEN OLIVIA de HAVILLAND



ROUSING ACTION PICTURE WITH 5000 PLAYERS! Where the fighting's fiercest, the thrills are thickest and the laughs are loudest, you'll find this fightin' Irish regiment in the midst of it.



FOR TO-MORROW AND WEDNESDAY THE SCREEN'S MOST UNUSUAL RACING DRAMA!



About Beards for Soldiers... THEY ARE GOOD FOR DISGUISE AND FOR THROAT, BUT

LETTERS

"War Time Taxation"

To the Editor, The Hongkong Telegraph.

Sir,—Now that every possible penny be made available for carrying on the war to end the Hitler menace, why not Tax on Cabaret and Dance Hall Tickets?

We have already a tax on cinema and other entertainments, so why should the Cabarets be allowed to get away with it especially at a time like this?

A conservative estimate of the total sales of Cabaret and Dance Hall Tickets in Hongkong amounts to about one hundred and fifty thousand dollars each month, at the general rate of three tickets for one dollar means that four hundred and fifty thousand dance tickets are disposed of each month. If a small tax of, say, ten cents were imposed on each ticket issued a tidy little sum could be netted in to help the nation along in its fight for Democracy.

I would, however, suggest that this tax should not be borne by the cabaret customers who already have much taxation to bear themselves in their own businesses and homes and neither that this tax be borne by the dance hostess girls, most of whom have to support their families and dependants with their earnings. I maintain that this small tax should be imposed upon and be paid entirely by the owners of these cabarets and dance halls.

Yours very truly, MR. W. R. OSWALD

Death at Home of Former Hongkong Resident

Mr. William Robert Oswald, late of Hongkong, died at his home in Gourko last Thursday. Mr. Oswald only left Hongkong in March of this year on retirement owing to illness, after having spent over 25 years in the service of the Taikoo Dockyard and Engineering Co., Ltd.

Mr. Oswald, who hailed from West Hartlepool, arrived in the Colony in August, 1914, as a Ship Draughtsman, later holding the position of Chief Draughtsman. He was well known and held in the highest esteem by his employers and by a large circle of shipping people. In his early years "Bob" as he was known to his many friends, was a keen member of the Defence Corps and a clever lawn bowler, being one of the founders of the Kowloon Cricket Club.

He was of a quiet disposition, and as a friend describes him, one of those sterling characters whom it is so much a pleasure to have met and known: he leaves a widow at home, and to her the deepest sympathy of his many friends go.

Even old soldiers are not in favour of beards and whiskers.

General Sir Ian Hamilton describes the idea as reductio ad absurdum and, like a gallant soldier, his first thoughts were for the soldier's girl.

"The womenfolk would not like it," he said. "Besides, I believe that shaving keeps up a man's pride in himself."

"As to affording concealment, I think that is great nonsense."

So there it is. The War Office won't have whiskers, the girls won't have whiskers. Whiskers are definitely not being worn this war.

Well-known beards worn during the Great War—King George V., General Smuts, Lord Amherst, Mr. Augustus John.

The habit of shaving the chin is traditionally supposed to originate with that celebrated soldier, Alexander the Great, who was proud of his youthful beauty.

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General Sir Ian Hamilton describes

CHEVROLET TRUCKS

Designed for the Load
Powered for the Pull.

Beyond argument is the fact that Chevrolet Trucks are the most popular trucks in the world to-day. There are two reasons why shrewd truck buyers choose Chevrolet with such consistency and regularity. The first is Dependability, the second is Economy.

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Low Water: 16.42

The Hongkong Telegraph.

FOUNDED 1861
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MONDAY, JUNE 24, 1940.

SECOND EDITION

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PLYMOUTH
displayed at the
Gloucester Arcade

by Gilman's
—the car people

ARMISTICE TERMS

MILITARY OCCUPATION OF FRANCE FOR DURATION: CONTINENTAL BLOCKADE OF GREAT BRITAIN

FULL TEXT RELEASED: ITALY'S TERMS EXPECTED TO BE EQUALLY SEVERE

THE GERMAN TERMS FOR AN ARMISTICE WITH FRANCE
WERE PUBLISHED THIS MORNING.

They are as severe as were anticipated.

Nevertheless, acting on instructions from Marshal Petain, head of the unconstitutional Government in Bordeaux, they have been signed by the French plenipotentiaries, and will become operative six hours after another Armistice agreement with Italy is signed.

ITALIAN TERMS

It is expected that the Italian terms will be equally severe, and may even include immediate territorial concessions.

Further territorial concessions are certain to be demanded when the time comes for France to sign the peace terms to be imposed by the two Totalitarian States.

Briefly, Germany's terms envisage the immediate military occupation, for the duration of the war with Britain, of approximately half of France, including the entire Atlantic seaboard down to the frontier of Spain and Portugal. Italy is expected to occupy the remaining half.

COMPLETE DISARMAMENT

France must completely disarm, and hand over all war materials and supplies to Germany.

The French Fleet is to be recalled and handed over to Italy and Germany "for disarmament and internment."

France must join in a Continental blockade of Britain.

THE TEXT IN FULL

LONDON, June 23 (Reuter).—The following is the complete summary of the articles of the armistice terms proposed by the German Government to the French Government.

Effect Of France's Collapse

BRITAIN FACING NAZI MIGHT, ALONE

By EDWARD BEATTIE

(UNITED PRESS STAFF CORRESPONDENT)

LONDON, June 24 (UP).—The terms under which France capitulated to Germany leave no doubt in Britain what the Islands must face when the German assaults come.

Acceptance of Germany's terms in their present form means that as far as the Petain Government is concerned, there will not even be a rump administration as with the Norwegians, Dutch and Belgians.

Coupled with the deep resentment felt in Britain at this betrayal is the realization that France, under strict application of the Armistice terms, is sentenced to aid the war effort against her Ally under threat of resumption of hostilities against an unarmed nation which will be menaced on three sides and will be completely occupied by enemy troops.

Hitler's Promise

The German preparations for an attack on England are, as disclosed in the Armistice terms, unquestionably thorough and the only concession appears to be self-government for Petain. This, however, strengthens Germany's hands as the nation which was willing to betray the French people is still in command as the government of France.

The fact that Germany did not immediately demand territorial concessions or the complete absorption of the French Navy is believed to be a psychological move on Hitler's part in an effort to appeal to those circles in Britain whom Hitler believes may be willing to make a deal if Britain could escape intact.

Wors To Come

But there is no doubt that France must meet greater sacrifices when the time comes for the peace terms to be met. As with Germany in the last war, France will be completely disarmed and at the mere end of the conflict if Britain cannot continue the war alone. If it comes to a question of peace terms dictated to France by Germany—and only a victorious Britain can now prevent this from happening—Hitler can and will obtain whatever terms he desires.

That these will include substantial territorial concessions and indemnity seem foregone.

LATEST

The War Fund passed the \$1,125,000 mark at noon to day.

See Back Page For
Further Late News

Surrender Of Troops

Article 1.—The immediate cessation of hostilities. The French troops who are already surrounded are to lay down their arms.

Occupation Of Territory

Article 2.—For the security of German interests, the territory north and west of the following line is to be occupied: Geneva—Dole, Chalon-sur-Saone, Paray le Monial, Moulins, Bourges, Vierzon, then to 20 kilometres east of Tours, thence to the south parallel to the Angoumois railway to Mont de Marsan and St. Jean Pied de Port.

The areas not yet occupied in this territory will be occupied immediately on the conclusion of the present convention.

Britain Will Fight

Britain although faced with what Mr. Joseph Kennedy, U.S. Ambassador, calls the "greatest siege in history," will certainly refuse to countenance the proceedings at Compiègne.

A typical British comment on the clause regarding the internment of the French fleet is: "If the Germans get their hands on the French fleet, I wonder just how long anyone thinks it will be before they start using it against us."

Meanwhile, the British people are counting on the remainder of the French people outside Europe to continue the fight.

The opinion expressed that Britain will make every effort to rally French support throughout the world.

Demobilisation

Article 4.—The French naval, military and air forces are to be demobilised and disarmed within a period to be decided, with the exception of troops necessary for maintaining order.

The size and armament of the interior to be decided by Germany and Italy respectively.

The French armed forces in occupied territory are to be brought into unoccupied territory and demobilised. These troops will previously have laid down their arms and material at the places where they are at the moment of the armistice.

Surrender Of Armaments

Article 5.—As a guarantee, Germany may demand the surrender in good condition of all artillery, tanks, anti-tank weapons, service aircraft, infantry armaments, tractors and munitions in the territory not to be occupied.

Germany will decide the extent of these deliveries.

Article 6.—All arms and war material remaining in unoccupied

Turn to Page 7, Fifth Column

Turn to Page 7, Second Column

SYRIA WILL BE DEFENDED

LONDON, June 23 (Reuter).—The French High Commissioner in Syria, broadcasting on the Beirut Radio, said:

"The General Officer Commanding in Syria, General Mittelhauser, has decided to carry on the mission of France in Syria and to defend it with the indomitable energy and honour of France and her flag."

The French High Commissioner added that he was in complete agreement with General Mittelhauser.

♦♦♦♦♦

FRENCH RECEIVE ITALIAN TERMS

LONDON, June 23 (Reuter).—The Rome Radio states that the Italian delegates at the armistice talks are Count Ciano, the Foreign Minister, Marshal Badoglio, Chief of Staff of the Armed Forces; Admiral Cavaganari, Chief of Staff of the Navy; General Roatta, Chief of Staff of the Army; and General Pricolo, Chief of Staff of the Air Force.

The Italian terms were handed to the French plenipotentiaries at 5.30 p.m.

The latter are the same delegates who signed the armistice with Germany together with General Parosit.

Delegates in Rome

LONDON, June 23 (Reuter).—The Berlin official news agency states that it learns from Rome that the French representatives in the armistice negotiations arrived in Rome in three German planes this afternoon.

They were received by four Italian high officials and were all driven to a villa, the whereabouts of which are kept secret.

♦♦♦♦♦

Rome Communiqué

SPECIAL TO THE "TELEGRAPH"

ROME, June 23 (UP).—An official communiqué issued at 8.40 p.m. today said: "At 7.30 p.m. near Rome the Italian plenipotentiaries delivered to the French plenipotentiaries the terms for an armistice."

French Council Convener

Bordeaux, June 23 (UP).—The French Council of Ministers re-convened at 6.15 p.m.

Raids Into Abyssinia

Italian Frontiers Penetrated

LONDON, June 23 (British Wires).—A Calm message gives the official British communiqué regarding raids into Abyssinia.

Further patrol activity and lightning raids covering an extensive area have been reported from British Somaliland.

In one sector, a patrol of native irregulars crossed the frontier from British Somaliland and raided an Italian post occupied by conscript natives. After a slight skirmish, the enemy fled, leaving one of their number dead.

There were no casualties on the British side.

Another Penetration

About 200 miles to the west, a patrol drawn from the Somaliland Camel Corps penetrated over the border and raided another Italian frontier post, which was known to be occupied by natives.

On arrival, our troops found the post deserted, the enemy having retreated. Our troops destroyed the defences, including the water tanks.

Armed Robbers Captured

Armed with a revolver and rifle, three unknown Chinese committed an armed robbery in Mirs Bay on Sunday, but were captured by the Water-police before they could make their escape.

Leung Chao-wan, master of boat No. 3804-W reports that at about 8 a.m. yesterday, off Mo Kung-wan, Mirs Bay, Junk No. 2039-W came alongside and three robbers, armed with a revolver and rifle, boarded his vessel and stole fish, rice, money and two awnings to the value of \$20.

The robbers were intercepted shortly afterwards by Police Launch No. 4.

Machine-Gunned By Japanese Planes

Wong King-yong, 27, of Cheuk Mei Village, Chinese Territory, was admitted to the Kowloon Hospital yesterday, suffering from gunshot wounds sustained at the hands of a Japanese aeroplane on Saturday afternoon.

Major General Ghosh, G.O.C. the British Troops in China, visited the border yesterday.

Petain Government Disowned

Britain Announces Relations Severed

SPECIAL TO THE "TELEGRAPH"

LONDON, June 24 (UP).—The B.B.C. has announced that Britain has severed relations with the Bordeaux Government. It was stated that Britain no longer recognises the Petain Government, and that a French "National Committee," similar to the Dutch and Belgian refugee regimes in England would be formed in London.

It was also announced that General de Gaulle, Under-Secretary for War in the Reynaud Government was assuming leadership of the new refugee regime.

Official Statement

LONDON, June 23 (Reuter).—A statement broadcast from London in French stated that His Majesty's Government find that the terms of the armistice contravene the solemn agreements made between the Allied Governments, reducing Bordeaux to a state of complete subjection to the enemy and depriving it of the right to represent the French people.

His Majesty's Government declare that they can no longer regard the Bordeaux Government as the government of an independent country.

His Majesty's Government have taken note of the proposal to form a provisional French National Committee determined on the prosecution of the war in fulfillment of the international obligations of France.

Newspapers' Pics

SPECIAL TO THE "TELEGRAPH"

BORDEAUX, June 23 (UP).—The Paris newspapers, which are now temporarily publishing in Bordeaux, stress that France sought to the extreme limit of her strength.

"We must accept defeat without weakening and without sterile complaints," declares "Le Figaro." "France went down fighting in a battle in which she sought no material advantage—and in which she lost no prestige because she kept all her engagements to civilisation to the utmost limit of her strength."

"Pott, Parisien" recalls that General Keitel, the German Chief of Staff, Turn to Page 7, Fifth Column

BORDER SITUATION

Assurance Given By Japanese

It was reported this morning that the Japanese forces now occupying the Hongkong border zone have given an assurance to the British military authorities that they will not approach the frontier.

In conformity with this decision, Japanese troops to-day are at least half-a-mile away on the Chinese side of the Shum Chun River, which demarcates the frontier.

The only point along the entire frontier at which Japanese troops are near the frontier is at the Louw railway bridge, where two sentries have been stationed.

Yesterday's Conferences

British military and Hongkong police officials conferred with the Japanese command yesterday, the "Telegraph" reporter at the border states in a telephone message.

It is understood that at this conference methods were arranged for avoiding incidents, and arrangements have been made by which the British and Japanese authorities can contact each other when necessary.

The Japanese are expected to inform the Hongkong authorities of any further moves by their troops.

Major General Ghosh, G.O.C. the British Troops in China, visited the border yesterday.

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CHANGE OF FRONT

Effect Of European War On Japan

Tokyo, June 23. Informed political quarters declare that Japan is faced by a critical re-orientation of her foreign policy in the face of the sweeping changes in the international situation consequent on the rapid developments of the European war.

They point out that the fast developing international situation will have a great effect on the settlement of the China Affair to which Japan is applying herself in all earnest.

Competent observers believe that there are indications that by virtue of their overwhelming victory Germany and Italy will hold sway over the entire European Continent while the United States is apparently aspiring to form a bloc of Democracies, comprising Britain, France and Latin America in opposition to the Totalitarian European order.

Convinced of the gravity of the prospective world situation evolving from the negotiations between the two diametrically opposed international orders, it is understood, Foreign Office authorities are contemplating an inevitable volte-face in Japan's foreign policy with a view to adjusting Japan's relations to the radically conflicting influences of international politics. —D.M.

BELGIAN CONGO

The Government Gazette notifies for general information that the Belgian Congo is regarded as Allied territory.

NEXT CHANGE AT THE KING'S

HE STOLE MY PEARLS!

HE STOLE MY WATCH!

HE STOLE MY HEART!

The family jewels of the family's daughter were easy game to Raffles!

SAMUEL GOLDWYN presents Raffles

DAVID and OLIVIA NIVEN * de HAVILLAND

directed by SAM WOOD

Music by SAM WOOD

Produced by SAM WOOD

Directed by SAM WOOD

MAGAZINE PAGE

FOR WOMEN

It's hard to avoid the word
BRUNCHEOON
for this useful day-off meal

GOING out to the mashed for the day? Perhaps, like most it.

Are you thinking of taking your food? Picnic lunches are fine—except for the person who has to cut the sandwiches and pack the basket and the other person who has to carry it around all day.

A lot of people, disliking this amount of work on a holiday, don't go out till after lunch, and then they feel that half the day is gone.

There is a solution. It means introducing an entirely new meal to your family—a break-fast-cum-lunch which you eat at eleven o'clock. Then you can get out into the country right away. Holiday makers in America go in for this eleven o'clock meal. They find they've more energy for a hot day when they have started on good meal.

If you have some biscuits with early morning tea you should be able to keep going until eleven. Make the new meal a light but fortifying one. Then, instead of a great picnic basket with vacuum flasks and jar food, take a small packet of biscuits and cheese to eat with coffee, beer or tea in the early afternoon, and come home in the evening to a quickly cooked hot meal. (The one below takes fifteen minutes.)

Here are some ideas for the eleven o'clock meal.

DRINK hot milky coffee instead of tea; the milk makes it more nourishing.

SCONES are a change from bread. This is a good recipe for Scotch scones. Take 1/2 lb. flour, 1 oz. butter, pinch of salt, quarter teaspoonful bicarbonate of soda, half teaspoonful cream of tartar. Sieve the flour with the salt, soda, and cream of tartar, and rub in the butter with your fingers. Now add quarter pint milk (sour milk would be better). Roll out the dough on a floured board, cut into rounds, and put on a hot baking sheet sprinkled with flour. Bake until both sides are pale brown.

SAVOURY MACKEREL makes a good dish and a cheap one. Mackerel have been £d. a lb. for a week. Boil four mackerel. Take out the backbones. Take a teaspoonful of chopped parsley and a little chopped shallot or onion. (If you have a garden use parsley, chives, and sorrel mixed.) Chop fine and mix with a nut of margarine, pepper, and salt. Put the mixture in the middle of each fish and put under the grill till very hot. Dust with cayenne.

FINISH the meal with cakes and fruit or the children would like golden toast. On slices of bread spread golden syrup. Dip in beaten egg and fry in hot fat.

SUPPER when you get home in the evening is quickly cooked. Try this dish: Skin 1 lb. of small beef sausages and cut them into one-inch lengths. Turn a tin of tomatoes into a saucepan. Put in the sausages, a small onion cut fine, a chopped clove of garlic, a pinch of herbs, and salt and pepper. Simmer for fifteen minutes and serve with mashed potatoes (cooked previously) made into cakes with an egg and fried golden brown and snippets of fried bread.

POCKET CARTOON



"It may sound caddish, Sir George, but 'pon my word, I don't care if it is the breeding season."

JAMES AGATE

pots the
BOOKS

TWENTY-ONE NIGHTS IN

PARIS

by Maurice Dekobra
Werner Laurie, 12s 6d.

THE Princess Olga Dobranichkoff held that servants needed thirty strokes with a cowhide whip every morning to teach them to behave with respect due to rank!

This princess's racket was to sell fabulously prices silver tea-services alleged to have been rescued from the Russian revolution, but actually supplied by the jeweller round the corner.

Her eyes half-shut, her cheekbones rather prominent, her mouth rather cruel and her pearls rather false, all helped to prove the bona-fides of this beautiful Muscovite exile.

I myself once met a beautiful Muscovite exile who called herself Princess Oblong and tried to sell me a samovar which, she said, had belonged to Peter the Great. But that, as Kipling used to say, is another story.

MAIGRET ABROAD
by Georges Simenon
Routledge, 8s.

SOLVE this:—(1) On Monday a mysterious Greek in a town in Belgium asks for police protection. (2) He spends Tuesday trying to escape from it. (3) On Wednesday he books a seat in a London plane, but takes the train to Berlin. (4) On Thursday he is seen apparently dead on the floor of a cafe in the Belgian town. (5) On Friday he smashes his own skull, locks himself in a wicker basket and deposits this on a lawn at the local zoo. (6) On Saturday he is discovered to be genuinely dead.

It is a refreshing change to meet a detective who does not regard crime as a side-issue in a career of whimsy, egograms, pipe-smoking, tulip-growing, chess, string-twiddling, and string-quartets.

THE LOG OF NO LADY
by Ursula Bloom
Chapman & Hall, 10s. 6d.

THIS book is the log of what happened to Miss Bloom when war was imminent, she moved into the country. Here are some extracts:—

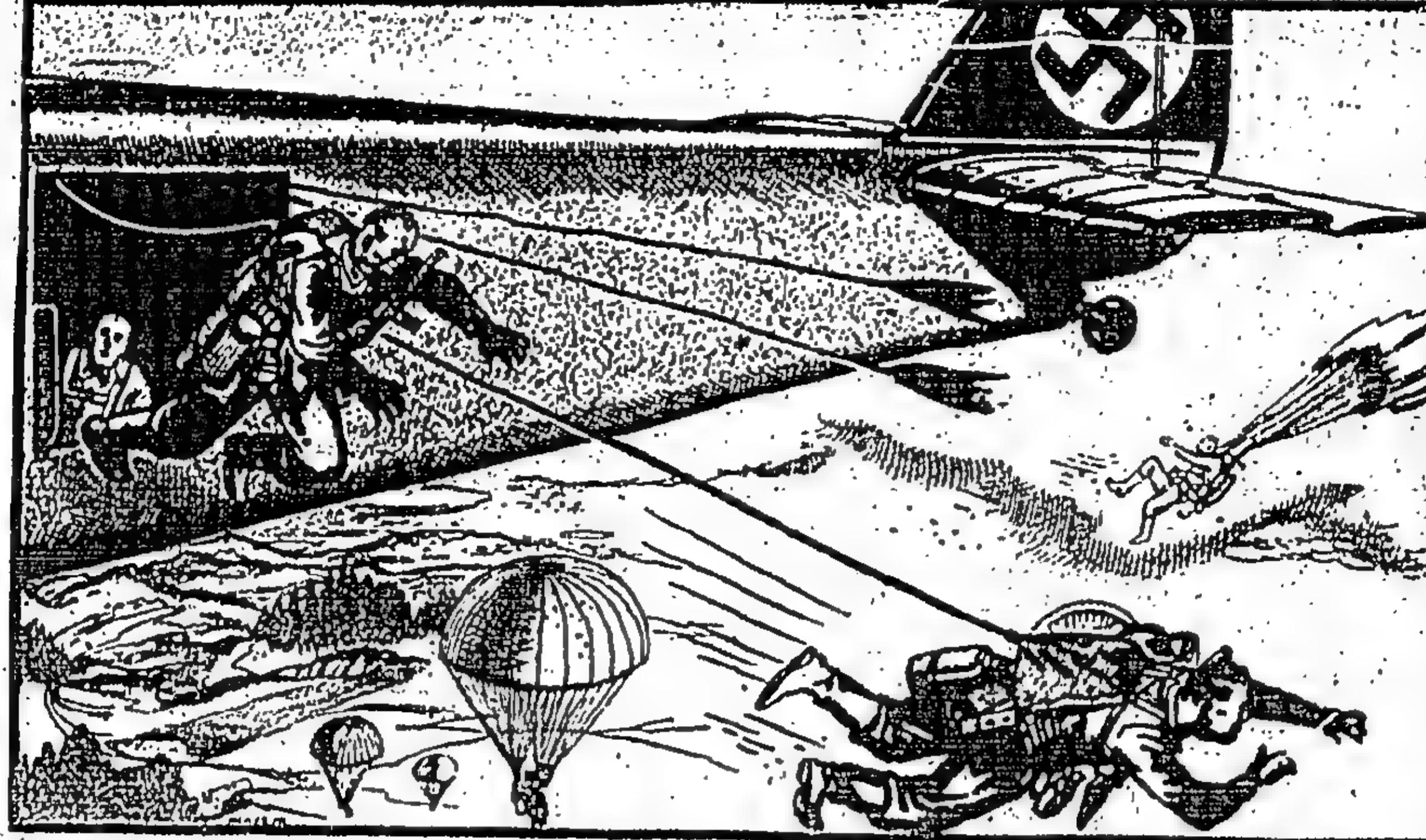
Hailfressing was going to be a difficult problem for those of us who had gone rural. . . .

The courageous was a grand ship, and when I heard that she was sunk I cried, 'Not that that helped anybody.'

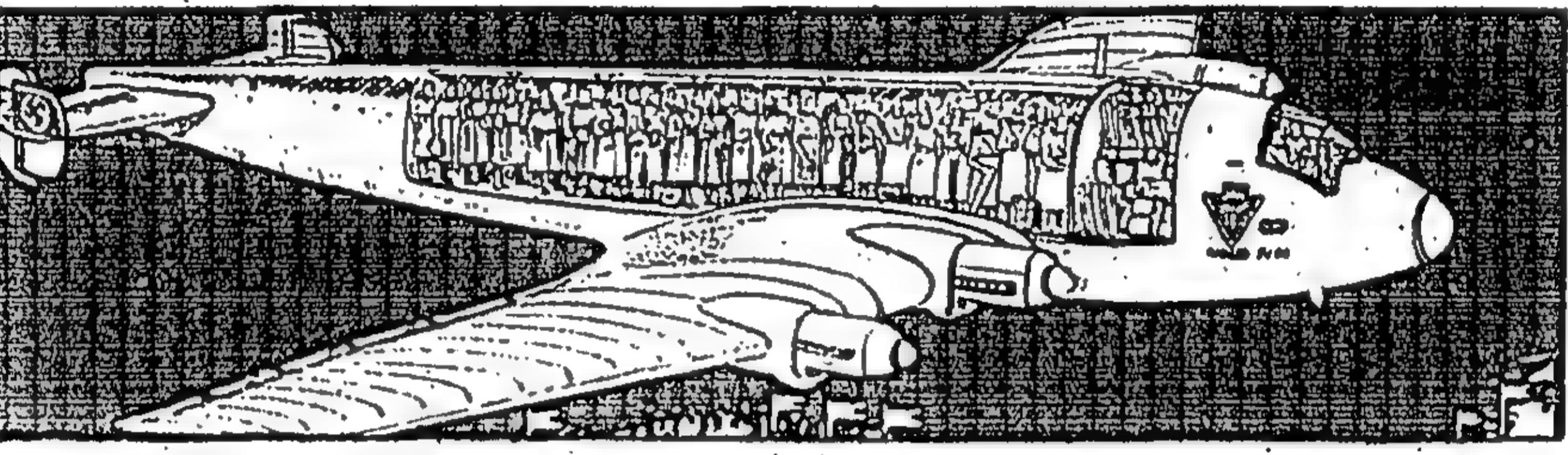
You cannot possibly exist through an entire war here,' said Robbie that Sunday night: 'It may be three years, and that would be awful.'

Neither a good book nor a good use of valuable paper!

Nazi Parachutists Dropped to Death in Norway



Germany has made much use of parachutist troops. The planes used for this purpose are old types of 3-engined Junkers 52. About 20 men are carried in each. The men are heavily laden, carrying folding bicycles, radio sets, parts of tents and food, besides small "Schnellfeuer" sub-machine guns firing 30 rounds (see figure just leaving plane). Because the men are so heavily burdened the "static line" method of releasing the parachute is used. To the back of the parachute is attached a stout cord which is fixed to the inside of the plane. When the soldier jumps out the cord ties the cover from the parachute (as seen in the diagram) and the parachute opens. The cords are left swinging in the slipstream with the parachute covers attached. Many of these parachutists have been buried in the snow or picked up with broken legs.



The method used for troop transport by air is to strip a huge civil passenger plane of all seats, luggage racks, etc., and cram it with soldiers. The plane shown in the drawing is a Junkers 90. These great planes carry normally 40 passengers and a crew of 4 (see inset drawing), but the Germans claim to carry 50 soldiers per journey (standing, of course).

Hitler Learned
It In SpainTOM WINTRINGHAM,
who fought against Franco in the Spanish War,
explains how some of Hitler's tactics developed
from that campaign.

PIECING together the stories told by soldiers returning from Flanders, one can see that the Germans had an extra advantage that has so far escaped attention.

They were in the fortunate position of being able to use tactics and equipment which had been thoroughly tested and improved during the war in Spain.

In that war, which included more mountain fighting than is generally realised, the Germans learnt that isolated detachments could be used in attack to an extent previously impossible.

They learnt the value of a well-organised Fifth Column.

The Spanish origin of this much used phrase should not be forgotten.

They learnt the need for a close integration of all arms with the infantry, and the value of what one might call "double-purpose" weapons.

Our infantry have only anti-tank rifles, smaller weapons of which the efficiency has yet to be proved in battle.

General Keitel, Hitler's Chief of Staff, who at one time commanded the Condor Legion in Spain, has had the German infantry equipped with a certain amount of light artillery, some engineering gear, anti-tank and anti-aircraft units, a process that is especially necessary when fighting along a number of narrow valleys.

The British army, through old-fashioned methods of organisation and lack of experience in the tactics and strategy of infiltration, has not found it possible to split its forces into a number of smaller and self-contained units, a process that is especially necessary when fighting along a number of narrow valleys.

In the fighting the German attack split up into separate spearheads; coming over tracks so difficult that few people believed they could be crossed.

No similar splitting up of the British forces could be noticed when they were moving forward to the attack.

The Germans' superiority. In "double purpose" equipment is of particular importance when weapons have to be shipped by sea.

One German Gun Does Three Jobs

To give one example, the Germans have a 38 mm. gun, which is used for three purposes. It is an anti-aircraft gun, a piece of field artillery, and a heavy anti-tank weapon.

As an anti-aircraft gun it is not so good as our 3.7 inch, which is of about the same size. As field artillery, it is not so good as our 25-pounder. As an anti-tank gun it is too heavy and fires too slowly, as compared with our own anti-tank artillery.

But this single German gun will do all three jobs and do them sufficiently well.

Therefore when a German ship reaches Norway, three guns can be landed out which are almost equivalent to three separate British weapons.

And each of these three British weapons must be hauled through the snowdrifts and over mountain roads to the fighting front.

Sometimes, it is argued, there will be a simultaneous attack by tanks and aeroplanes, and the same gun cannot deal with both.

All-Purpose Weapons Are Wanted

The fact remains that such cases are exceptional, and for most of the time the Germans have an almost equal fire-power at one-third the transport cost.

These minor operations are not dangerous, and those who are chronic sinusitis sufferers are well advised to undergo the "cleaning up," which will make a wonderful improvement in the general health.

These minor operations are not dangerous, and those who are chronic sinusitis sufferers are well advised to undergo the "cleaning up," which will make a wonderful improvement in the general health.

AMERICAN NAVY

Bill Authorises
Huge Expansion

Washington, June 22. The House of Representatives today unanimously passed the \$4,000,000 Navy Bill authorising 200 more warships for the United States Navy. The Bill now goes to the Senate, where it will await members' return from the Republican Convention.

Congress has approved the conference report on the Supplemental Defense Bill totalling \$1,760,917,000 carrying \$1,479,777,147 in direct appropriations as the balance of conference authorisations sent to the White House, bringing the 1941 fiscal year defense layout to over five billion dollars. The \$1,187,711,325 Relief Bill has also been approved.

Further, the House has approved the conference report requiring the registration of aliens. This has been sent to the Senate for approval.

The Senate has also sent the \$1,050,000 Tax Bill to the White House for presidential signature.

The Sheppard Bill, lifting the statutory limits on army and air force strength, has also been sent to the White House. This Bill also allows the prohibition of exports of essential machine tools and military equipment. It allows the President \$132,000,000 to acquire materials and allows the Secretary for War to award contracts without competition.

—United Press.

Expediting Expansion

Washington, June 22.

The Senate has passed to the House of Representatives a Bill originally designed to expedite naval expansion, in which Senator David Walsh, Chairman of the Senate Naval Affairs Committee, inserted an amendment prohibiting the sale of Army and Navy equipment until it is certified as surplus by the Navy's Chief of Operations and the Army's Chief of

Operations. Senator Walsh specifically aims at blocking the sale of essential war equipment, including 23 torpedo-boats and submarine chasers to Britain.

Senator Walsh to-day declared his amendment against giving aid to the Allies, and told the Senate that he would resign his post rather than vote for the United States entry into anything except a defensive war.

—United Press.

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COURT DRESS

ALL set for the courts. After being indoors all day there is nothing like a game of tennis to keep your limbs supple and to clear away the cobwebs.

Good for tennis time—is a frock that is easy to make and to launder.

The dress shown here is good because a sports or summer frock needs to have a free and easy fitting. There's ample play in the skirt, you'll notice.

Bodice is yoked back and front, and if you want a spot of colour, a bow can be tucked under the collar.

Those purse pockets do away with the necessity of carrying a handbag—small change and hankie in one, compact in the other.

WITH CARE

"BETTER put some eggs in a pickle," everyone said, "you may be very glad of them next winter."

My egg-man, let me have some large brown new-laid ones, and I will them gently in pickle, and as I did so I thought of the way in which eggs have become the universal symbol of things which must be gently handled.

As I laid them edge to edge, I thought of how different the world would be if we handled each other more carefully on we handle eggs.

After all, what's a broken egg? A few coppers wasted, a rather nasty mess to mop up, that's all.

But when we ride roughshod over other people's feelings, without a scrap of consideration, we may leave a trail of broken hearts or broken homes behind us, when we do it on a large scale we leave a trail of violence and destruction.

Why not try to think of human feelings as if they were new-laid eggs, they are just as fragile and just as easily hurt. Let's handle them as carefully and sensitively—it's one way of helping to put the world straight.

Minnie Pallister

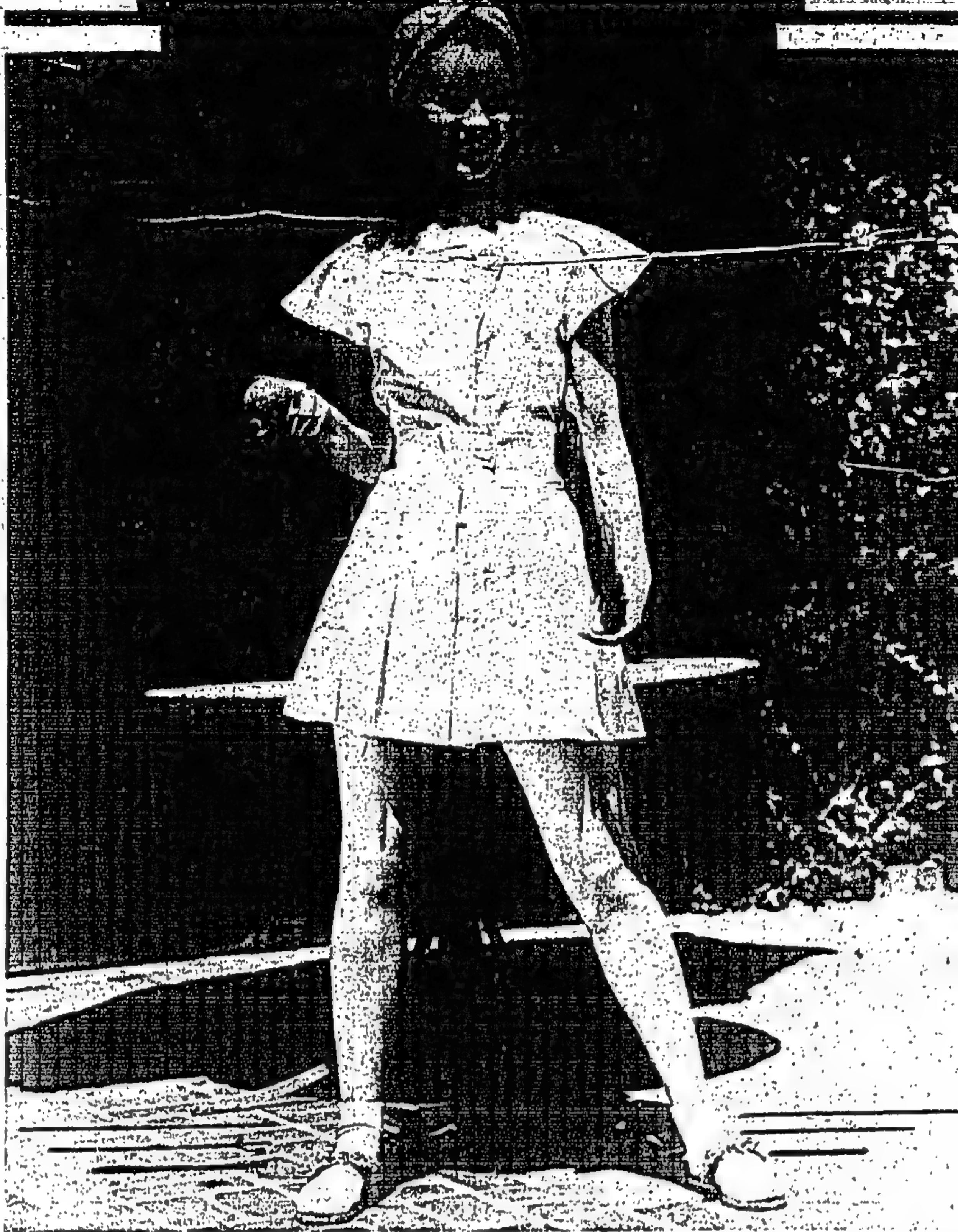
—with
purse
belt



New style tennis frock.

LACE INSERTIONS

When lace insertion in a favourite piece of underwear starts to break, net footing of the same width and colour, placed underneath, will relieve the strain and afford an excellent foundation for mending the broken places.



MARSHA Hunt, M.G.M. actress, likes turbans. For tennis, she wraps a white fishnet into a turban and lets her hair hang loosely from the turban which is just tight enough to keep the hair from her eyes. Her one-piece tennis dress is really a short suit with full pleated panties. It is high-necked, with pleated cap sleeves and fastens with two carved white bone buttons.

Curing Pimples

By Claud North Chrisman, M.D.

ACNE VULGARIS is the scientific name for a condition that causes more mental distress to girls and boys between the ages of 15 and 20 than any other diseases. Many a social life is ruined by the presence on the face, and neck of blackheads and pimples. It is due to excessive activity of the sebaceous glands, particularly on the sides of the nose, cheeks and forehead, behind the ears and on the upper part of the chest and back. One or two bright red pimples on the cheeks or forehead of a 17-year-old girl are a real tragedy.

The 'pimples at puberty as a part of sex development, which causes a thickening of the tissues and increased oil production in the skin. The blackhead comes first, due to the retention of oil in the opening of the follicles, as a result of the thick skin.

Bacteria Develop

At this time, the complexion is usually sallow because the blood in the small vessels cannot shine through the thick skin. The openings in the skin become plugged with dried, thickened oil. The end gets black from dirt and exposure to air. This provides a good place for bacteria to develop and some of the blackheads become infected and form pustules or pimples. These usually open and drain a little pus and disappear, only to pop out again later.

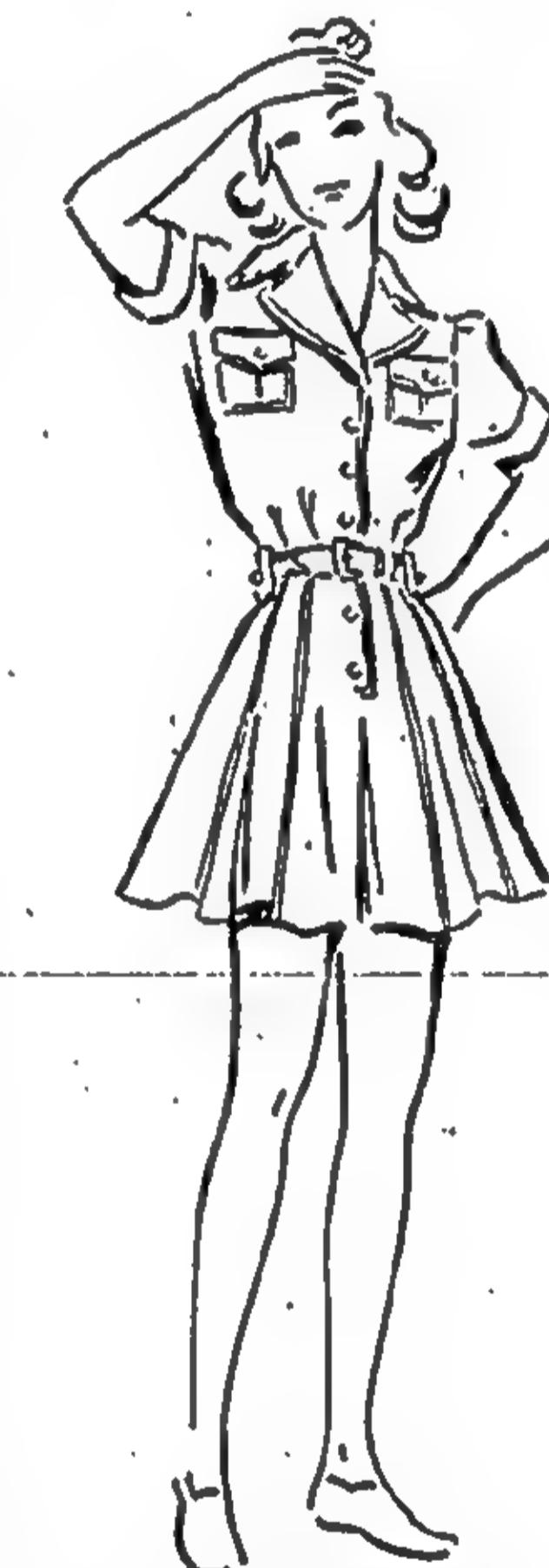
Sometimes the bacteria burrow deeper and form a little boil, which leaves a small scar. In severe cases the pits and scars may be very deep and last through life.

It is a very serious trouble for the person afflicted. Severe involvement may spread to the scalp, causing seborrhoeic dermatitis, with an excess of oil on the hair, followed by dandruff and finally early loss of the hair.

Acne is a direct result of an imbalance of the functions of the glands of internal secretion, particularly the sex and thyroid glands. It is aggravated by youth's insatiable desire for sweets and other carbohydrates so dear to the young person's heart or stomach. Constipation, general poor health and an indolent indoor life, as well as worry about these social blemishes, only add to the activity of the trouble.

Certain drugs such as bromides, iodides, tar and mineral oils may cause pimples but unless they are accompanied by blackheads they are not acne and will disappear.

Acne should always receive vigorous treatment as soon as it appears. One of the first things to learn is to let the pustules alone.



Cotton sheeting is a sturdy fabric for a tennis suit. Here it is shown in tucked gores on the shorts of one-piece play suit and tabs that button over the navy ribbon belt from play suit onto a skirt, thereby holding the waistline firmly in place.

Thorough Cleaning

With the bare hands, use plenty of hot soapy water, wash off with water as hot as can be borne. Then massage with thumbs and forefingers to press out the oil from the enlarged pores. Then wash again with hot soap and water, rinse with warm and then cold water. This should be done at night and once during the day if possible.

Apply a thin coat of zinc-sulphate paste, rub in thoroughly and remove in the morning. If there are many pimples, lotio alba can be used.

Avoid sweets, potatoes, rice, white bread and refined cereals as well as pie, cake and cookies. Figs, dates, prunes, raisins, honey and fresh fruits can be eaten. Butter, milk and cream will fill the lack of potatoes and sweets. Hot water and soap are better than all face creams.

X-ray treatment by an expert will often prove successful. Plenty of sunshine and outdoor exercise keep the skin more active. Especially prepared vaccines are of great help.

There is a new paste for local application that is destructive to bacteria, called "antiseptol" which causes the pustules to dry up without scarring. Just a little of the paste placed directly on the pustule once or twice a day for several days, will usually cause them to disappear.

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B 4022 Gypsy idyll Vladescus gypsy orch.
Hungarian melodies.
BD 741 A wandering minstrel I Kenny Baker.
The sun whose rays. "Milkado."
BD 420 South Sea Island Medley. Intro. Twilight Serenaders.
Aloha Co. Song of the islands etc.
BD 359 Romance in the Moonlight. Intro. Campoli and his orch.
Pale moon, Gipsy moon. Moonlight and roses. I love the moon. Pagan love song.
BD 367 Echoes of the Orient. Intro. Paramount Theatre orch.
Chanson hindoue. Ballet Egyptian.
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The

Hongkong Telegraph Tenth Annual Amateur Photographic Competition

June—September, 1940.

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Architecture: Street Scenes, etc.

1st. Silver Cup. 2nd. \$30. 3rd. \$20. 4th. \$12.50.

SECTION TWO

Portraits: Informal Close-ups: Human Studies.

1st. Silver Cup. 2nd. \$30. 3rd. \$20. 4th. \$12.50.

SECTION THREE

Still Life and Table Top Studies.

1st. Silver Cup. 2nd. \$30. 3rd. \$20. 4th. \$12.50.

SECTION FOUR

(Craftsmen's Section)

The whole of the work entailed in the production of every entry must have been done by the competitors who will be required to make a declaration to this effect. Each entry must have pasted on the back a special entry form obtainable on application from The Hongkong Telegraph or from the Hon. Secretary, Hongkong Photographic Society. Subjects, at the discretion of competitors.

1st. Silver Cup: 2nd. \$30. 3rd. \$20. 4th. \$12.50.

RULES

The following Rules will govern the competition:

- 1.—The Competition is confined exclusively to amateur photographers.
- 2.—No employee or member of any firm, firm or trade is permitted to compete.
- 3.—The prizes will be awarded to the competitor sending in what are considered to be the best photographs in each Section. Each entry must be accompanied by a form which will be published during the period of the Competition.
- 4.—The right to publish any or all of the entries is reserved to the Hongkong Telegraph.
- 5.—All photographs entered must have been taken in the Colony of Hongkong. Photographs which have been taken and entered in other Competitions are ineligible.
- 6.—No responsibility will be accepted for non-delivery of, loss of, or damage to entries.
- 7.—All entries to be either black and white, or tinted pictures, and must be mounted. Coloured photographs are ineligible.
- 8.—Pictures submitted in sepia tones should be accompanied by a mount in black and white.
- 9.—No picture entered in more than one Section.
- 10.—Mounts to be only white or cream, must be of one of the following sizes—10X12, 10X20.
- 11.—No correspondence will be entered into in connection with the Competition.
- 12.—Members of the Staffs of the Hongkong Telegraph and the South China Morning Post are not permitted to compete.
- 13.—The decision of the Judges shall be final.
- 14.—At the conclusion of the Competition, entries will be returned to competitors on application at the Telegraph offices within seven days.

ENTRY FORM

SECTION
NAME
ADDRESS

Please use block letters and paste this on back of each Entry. In Sections 1, 2 and 3.

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To dress it you need 1 1/2 oz.

breadcrums, 1 oz. butter or

margarine, chopped parsley,

lemon juice, salt and pepper.

Separate the crab, crack the

small claws, and mix the white

meat in them with the inside of

the crab. Add the breadcrums,

lemon juice, seasoning and but-

ter and make it into paste.

Wash and dry the shell and put

in this mixture. Place the

white meat from the big claws

finely, and pile it each side of

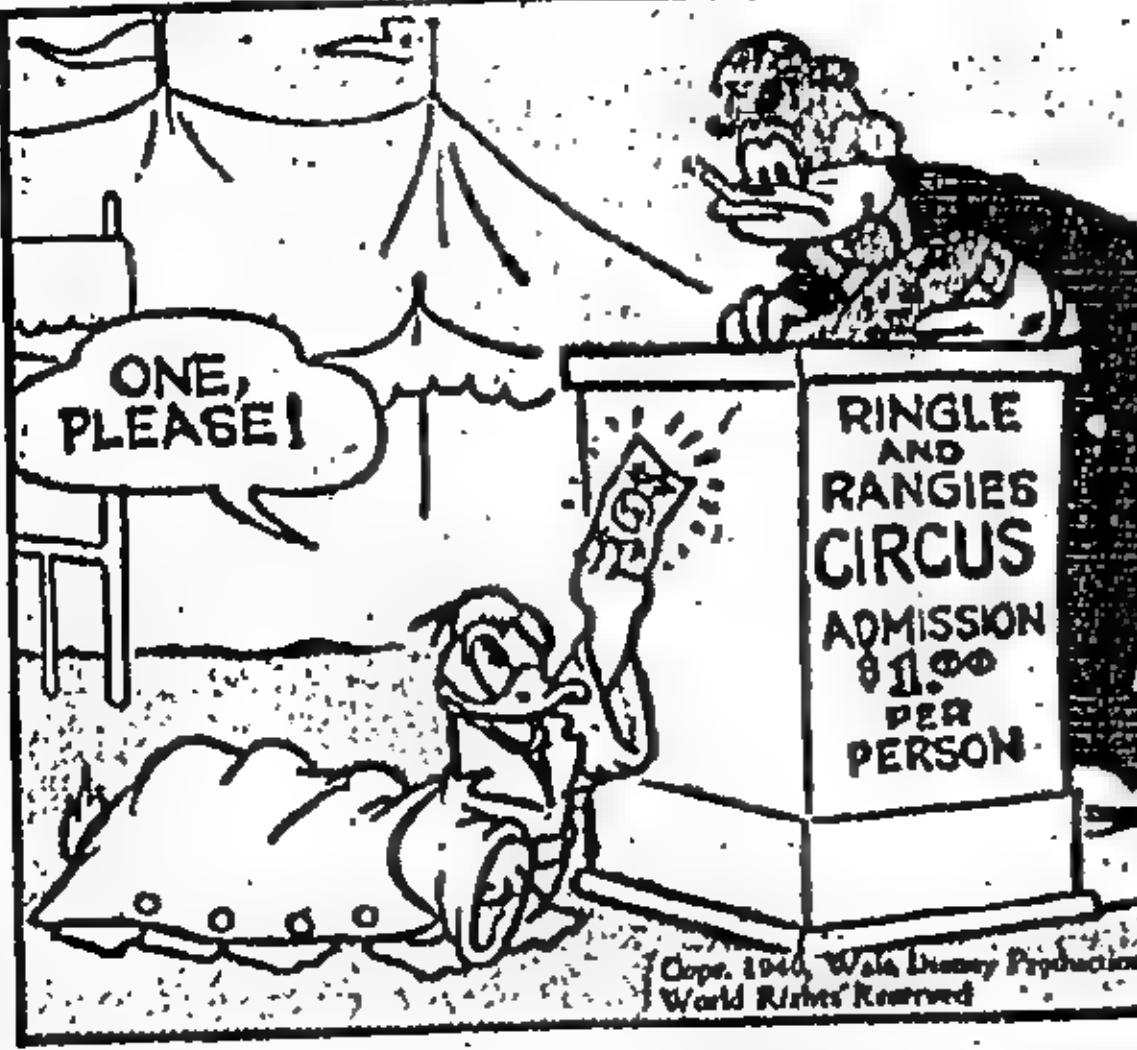
the shell. Decorate with chop-

ped parsley and, if you have it,

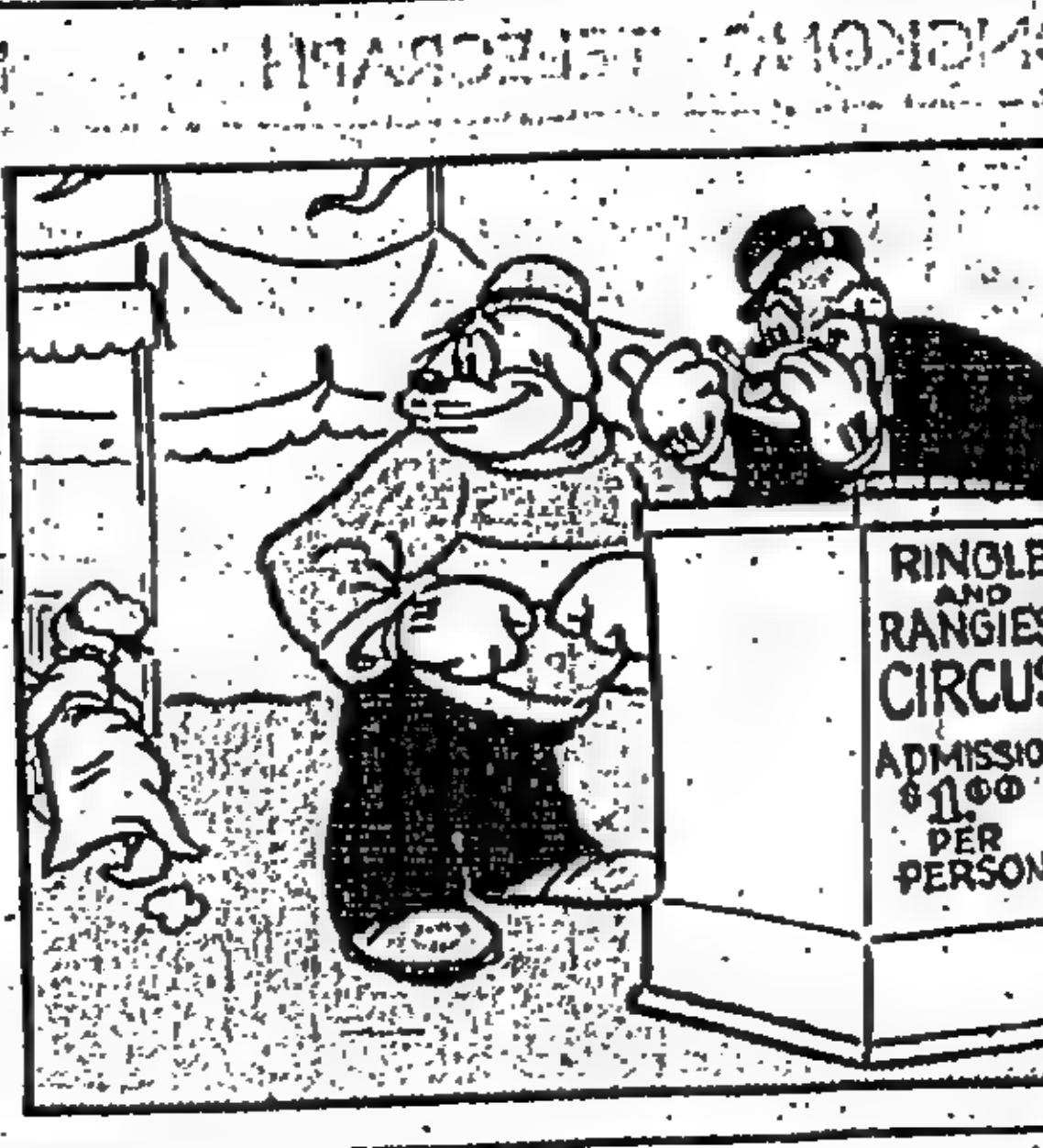
coriander pepper.

Take your pinafore and blouse as before; add a wide sash and turban made in the same striped silk (four yards will make your blouse, sash and turban). Make the turban by gathering a strip of silk into a knot on top of your head, leaving the ends free to cross and tie in a bow at the back. Wear the blouse over your pinafore, wind the sash round twice, and tie it in a big bow in front, and you have a smart AFTERNOON SUIT.

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France's Humiliating Capitulation

WHAT ARMISTICE TERMS MEAN

LONDON, June 23 (Reuter).—Authoritative comment in London on the armistice terms is that "the upshot of the armistice terms may be described as follows:

"The terms compel France to hand over to Germany her armed forces, her stocks and material, as well as to place the greater part of French territory at the disposal of Germany for the prosecution of the war against Great Britain.

"The French Government will continue to exist on sufferance in a relatively small area, but will be completely dependant on Germany.

No Peace Terms Yet

"No clue is given as to the terms of peace but it seems clear that Germany has no intention to discuss peace at the present stage.

"In a word, the terms of the armistice is the complete capitulation of France."

"M. Baudoin, Marshal Pétain's Minister of Foreign Affairs, declared a few days ago that France would not accept humiliating or shameful terms."

"It is difficult to see how the terms could be more humiliating or what could be more shameful than to hand over territory and material for a war against her ally with whom France has a solemn agreement not to conclude a separate peace.

Violation of Treaty

"This treaty, as well as M. Baudoin's undertaking, have been violated by Marshal Pétain's Government. Their breach of faith is bitterly resented and condemned not only by all Frenchmen overseas, but also by the mass of Frenchmen at home who have been prevented by the action of the Government from following the example given by the other victim, German aggression. They have been prevented from continuing their struggle against the common enemy in circumstances which held out good hope for final victory.

"Meanwhile, as the Prime Minister has said, Great Britain will cherish the cause of the French people, and a British victory is the only possible hope for the restoration of the greatness of France and the freedom of its people."

PETAIN DEFENDS HIMSELF

LONDON, June 23 (Reuter).—Marshal Pétain, broadcasting from Bordeaux, said the French Government had heard Mr. Winston Churchill's statement without stupefaction.

"We understand the anguish Mr. Churchill feels for his country. Mr. Churchill is the judge of the interests of his country but is not the judge of ours, which are still left to the honour of France."

Stainless Flag

"Our flag remains without a stain. Our army has fought bravely and joyfully. Inferior arms and numbers forced us to ask for the combat to cease."

"Nothing can divide the French at a moment when the country suffers. France has not spared her efforts or her blood."

LETTERS

"War Time Taxation"

To The Editor.
The "Hongkong Telegraph."

Sir,—Now that every possible penny may be made available for carrying on the war to end the Hitler menace, why not a Tax on Cabaret and Dance Hall Tickets.

We have already a tax on cinema and other entertainments so why should the Cabarets be allowed to get away with it especially at time like this.

A conservative estimate of the total sales of Cabaret and Dance Hall Tickets in Hongkong amounts to about one hundred and fifty thousand dollars each month, at the general rate of three tickets for one dollar means that four hundred and fifty thousand dance tickets are disposed of each month. If a small tax of, say, ten cents were imposed on each ticket issued a tidy sum could be netted in to help the nation along in its fight for Democracy.

I would, however, suggest that this tax should not be borne by the cabaret customers who already have much taxation to bear themselves in their own businesses and homes and neither that this tax be borne by the dance hostess girls, most of whom have to support their families and dependants with their earnings. I maintain that this small tax should be imposed upon and be paid entirely by the owners of these cabarets and dance halls.

"DANCER"

MR. W. R. OSWALD

Death at Home of Former Hongkong Resident

Mr. William Robert Oswald, late of Hongkong, died at his home in Gourock last Thursday. Mr. Oswald only left Hongkong in March of this year on retirement owing to illness, after having spent over 25 years in the service of the Taikoo Dockyard and Engineering Co., Ltd.

Mr. Oswald, who hailed from West Hartlepool, arrived in the Colony in August, 1914, as a Ship Draughtsman, later holding the position of Chief Draughtsman. He was well known and held in the highest esteem by his employers and by a large circle of shipping people. In his early years "Bob" as he was known to his many friends, was a keen member of the Defence Corps and a clever lawn bowler, being one of the founders of the bowling section of the Kowloon Cricket Club.

He was of a quiet disposition, and as a friend describes him, one of those sterling characters whom it is much a pleasure to have met and known: he leaves a widow at home and to her the deepest sympathy of his many friends go.

Submarine Sunk

LONDON, June 23 (Reuter).—An Admiralty communiqué announces that another Italian submarine has been sunk by gunfire by our light forces operating under the Commander-in-Chief of the East Indies.

POST OFFICE

Air mail letters will be accepted for transmission to Europe by Pan-American Service to New York and onward thence by air, at \$2.80 per half-ounce for the air transport, plus 16 cents per ounce to British possessions and 23 cents per ounce to foreign countries in respect of sea transport.

An experimental air service for Europe via United States of America and Trans-Atlantic Service has also been introduced, the charge being \$5 per half-ounce for letters and postcards \$2.50 each. An approximate estimate of the time occupied in this transmission is twelve days from the date of departure of the Clipper from Hongkong.

The postage rates via the revised Imperial Airways Service are unchanged.

Small Packet Post to all countries is suspended.

OUTWARD MAIL TIMES

Registered and Parcel Mail are closed 15 minutes earlier than the time given below unless otherwise stated, and where mails are advertised to close at or before 9 a.m. registered and parcel mails are closed at 5 p.m. on the previous day. When mails are advertised to close after 9 p.m. registered and parcel mails are closed at 5 p.m. Registered and Parcel mails

INWARD MAIL TIMES

Air Mail by "Imperial Airways Service" June 24.

Air Mail by "Air France" June 26.

Air Mail by "Pan American" June 26.

Air Mail by "Imperial Airways Direct Service" San Francisco date, 18th June.

Calcutta and Straits June 26.

Haiphong June 26.

London and Straits June 26.

Java and Manila June 26.

Manila June 26.

Bangkok June 26.

Haiphong June 27.

Japan and Shanghai June 27.

Japan, Shanghai and Formosa June 27.

Air Mail by "Imperial Airways Service" June 27.

Canton June 27.

Japan and Shanghai June 28.

London and Straits June 28.

OUTWARD MAIL

Monday, June 23

Straits (Parcels only) 5 p.m.

Straits, Rangoon and Calcutta

Parcels 5 p.m.

Ord. 7 p.m.

Canton 7.00 p.m.

Shanghai 7 p.m.

Tuesday, June 25

Haiphong Noon.

Fort Bayard, and Hohow 12.30 p.m.

Shanghai 12.30 p.m.

Haiphong 3.00 p.m.

Parcels only for Tientsin 5 p.m.

Saigon 6.30 p.m.

Air Mail for "Imperial Airways Service" to Durban and thence by Sea Service to United Kingdom.

K.P.O.

Reg. June 25, 5 p.m.

June 25, 5.30 p.m.

G.P.O.

Reg. June 25, 5 p.m.

Or. June 25, 7 p.m.

Air Mail for Malaya, Java and Australia by the "Imperial Airways Service."

K.P.O.

Reg. June 25, 5 p.m.

June 25, 5.30 p.m.

G.P.O.

Reg. June 25, 5 p.m.

Or. June 25, 7 p.m.

Air Mail for Indo-China, Iran, and France by the "Air France" Airways.

K.P.O.

Reg. June 26, 5 p.m.

Or. June 26, 5.30 p.m.

G.P.O.

Reg. June 26, 5 p.m.

Or. June 26, 7 p.m.

Air Mail for Indo-China, Iran, and France by the "Air France" Airways.

G.P.O. and K.P.O.

Parcels June 26, 5 p.m.

Reg. June 26, 9.45 a.m.

Or. June 27, 10.00 a.m.

Shanghai 12.30 p.m.

Bawato and Shanghai 12.30 p.m.

ENGLAND BOMBED

Raid Warnings Sounded In Many Districts

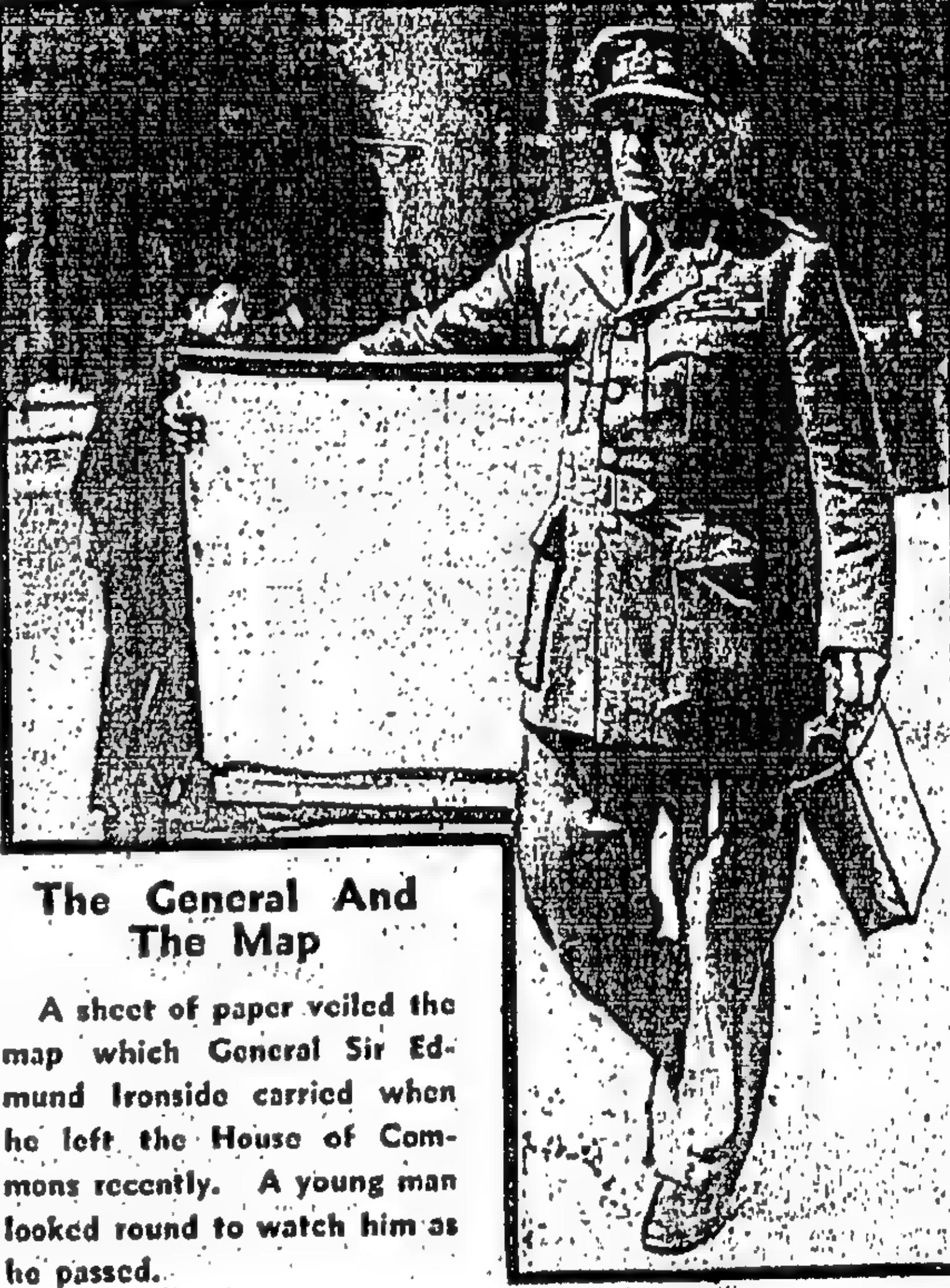
London, June 23: "As already announced, enemy aircraft crossed the east coast last night," states a joint communiqué issued by the Air Ministry and the Ministry of Home Security. "Air raid warnings were sounded in many districts, and anti-aircraft defences were put into action. Bombs were dropped sporadically in several counties on the east coast. Most of them fell in open country, causing little damage, except some which fell in a Suffolk town where a house was demolished and three people were killed. Elsewhere the only casualties reported were three wounded."

It is reported that the three victims were trapped in the demolished house.

Heavy bombs were dropped in an east coast county, starting a fire which burned for a long time, it is learned. In a north-eastern locality, planes attacked for two hours, dropping bombs. In a south-east coast town, people who sheltered for three hours were shaken by heavy explosions in the distance.

North-east England was bombed for two and a quarter hours, with the raiders coming over at ten-minute intervals. Bombs fell close to some real estate property. Some raiders dropped wailing bombs with sirens, accompanied by bursting shrapnel. There was heavy anti-aircraft fire.

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The General And The Map

A sheet of paper veiled the map which General Sir Edmund Ironside carried when he left the House of Commons recently. A young man looked round to watch him as he passed.

REICH GREETED

Japanese Felicitations For Germany

Tokyo, June 23: A message of felicitations on the great achievements of the German Reich was cabled to Herr Joachim von Ribbentrop, German Foreign Minister, for transmission to Führer Hitler through the German Ambassador, General Eugen Ott, on Saturday morning by the League of Diet Members for Attainment of the Objectives of the Sacred Campaign in China," an unofficial group of M.P.s.

The message emphasizes the necessity of tightening the Tokyo-Berlin-Rome Axis for construction of a new order by combating Communism.

The League comprises 251 out of the total 440 members of the Lower House. Receiving eight Diet members, the German Ambassador said that he received the message of felicitations with deep emotion, especially since he has just received an official dispatch that the French accepted Germany's armistice proposals unqualifiedly.

"We firmly believe," said the German Ambassador, "we are able to make Great Britain surrender following the French example."

"We hereby pledge that what Germany is now doing toward Great Britain and France will make great contributions and bring good effects upon what Japan is doing in Asia," the Ambassador concluded. —Dome



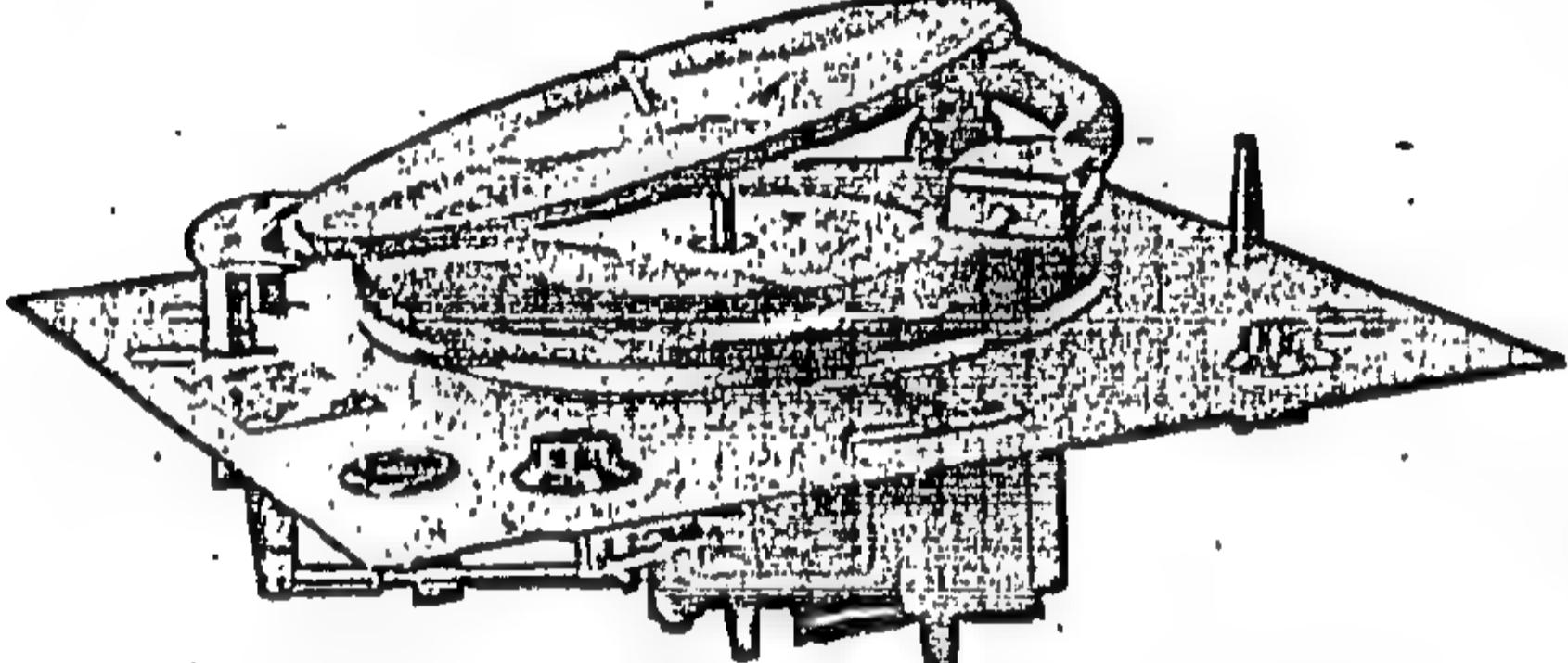
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BIRTH

GLENDINNING.—At the Kowloon Hospital, Hongkong, on June 23, 1940, to Jean, wife of Lyall Glendinning, a daughter.

The Hongkong Telegraph.

Monday, June 24, 1940.

Wyndham St., Hongkong

Telephone: 28615

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Capitulation

The German terms for an armistice which we publish to-day is as harsh as was to be expected. They do not, as yet, include the Italian terms, which may be even more harsh. In effect, Marshal Petain has agreed to permit German occupation of more than half of France—the northern half from Geneva in Switzerland to St. Jean de Pied on the Spanish frontier near the Bay of Biscay. This line gives Hitler absolute control of the entire Atlantic seaboard of France. It may be regarded as certain that the line of demarcation was decided upon by Hitler after the conference with Italy, and there seems no reason to doubt that Italy's armistice terms envisage the occupation by Italian troops of the rest of France, including the Mediterranean seaboard. German and Italian troops will, in this case, jointly occupy the frontiers of both Switzerland and Spain.

As anticipated, France must demobilise and disarm, and all her armaments must be surrendered. The Continental blockade of Britain instituted by Napoleon is to be repeated—French shipping is to be swept from the seven seas. All establishments and stocks must be handed over. All fortifications, naval yards and railways and communications become Germany's property, to be utilised against France's ally. France must help break Britain's economic blockade by facilitating the transport of merchandise between the Totalitarians. German prisoners of war must be released in order that they can fight against Britain, but all French prisoners will remain in captivity. The French fleet is to be recalled to French territorial waters "to be disarmed and interned under German and Italian control" in ports to be specified by the Totalitarians—if reliance can be placed upon Hitler's word that French submarines and French warships will not be used against Britain if the opportunity presents itself.

Those are the Armistice terms. They are a foretaste of what France may expect when the time comes to sign the actual Peace Terms. Even Marshal Petain must realise what those terms will be. France, disarmed and broken, will be at the mercy of an enemy who has shown no mercy to the half-score nations he had previously conquered.

France, said Marshal Petain, bought an honourable peace. What honour is there in a peace that is founded upon broken obligations? What of France's promise to Poland that her despoiled lands would be restored? Her promises to Czechoslovakia, to Norway, to Holland and Belgium? Her solemn promise to Britain that the Allied cause was indissoluble—that both would sink or swim together?

The French people have not let us down. Their leaders have. All Britons—Englishmen, Canadians, Australians, South Africans, New Zealanders, Colonials; peoples who have shown the world what union and indissolubility really mean—bear the memory of the brave French soldiers who have sacrificed



Hitler's deadly work in the Danube countries

By Dr. Emmery Barcs

at once he became Ambassador at Rome.

Szalasi was put in prison, but his subordinates—Coleman Hubay, Coleman Ratz, and the head of the Hungarian Germans, Francis Basch—are continuing their work.

In Rumania the commercial attache of the Bukarest Embassy, Herr Konradi, has been organising the local Germans and financing and advising the Rumanian Nazi Party, the Iron Guards.

Nobody knows what qualifications Herr Konradi has to be commercial attache. Before Hitler's rise he was a teacher in a primary school in Munich.

In fact, he does not deal with any commercial affairs. But, about eight weeks ago, he arranged a great meeting with everybody, learned everything about the leading politicians, their past, their desires, perhaps their pecuniary cares; Yet Konradi and 10 of his companions appeared in Nazi uniforms.

After the journalists came to the "travel offices." Everywhere elaborate establishments had been set up. In Budapest in the Vaci Street, in Belgrade in the Terrazza, in Bukarest in the Calea Victoria. From the street you could see Hitler's photo, covering a whole wall, lighted by reflectors day and night.

These "travel offices" spread millions of propaganda leaflets and invited those fond of travelling into the Nazi paradise.

IN the summer of 1933, soon after Hitler came to power, the Nazi white-anting of Europe began. Hungary, Yugoslavia, and Rumania were given special attention.

This was Hitler's first attack. He sent diplomats on special missions to the Legations of Budapest, Belgrade, and Bukarest. Their first task was to Nazify the 500,000 Germans in Hungary, the 750,000 in Rumania, and the 50,000 in Yugoslavia. After that they were to establish Hungarian, in the German travel offices in Prague, when Europe, horrified, was reading of the brutalities committed in Austria and Czechoslovakia, the posters said: "Come to gay Germany."

The journalists and travel agents were a facade for Nazi propaganda and intrigue. They could not be touched because they had the protection of the German Legation and the status of diplomats.

In Hungary, von Mackensen, now German Ambassador to Rome, directed Nazi propaganda up to the spring of 1938. His tool was Francis Szalasi, a retired major, who (reected by the Left Wing) became a National Socialist.

Szalasi and his set prepared a revolution at the end of 1937. The police were on their guard, and disclosed the conspiracy in 1938, they accepted the programme of Altgayer and were incorporated in the younger Socialists.

At the energetic demand of the Hungarian Government the Ambassador was removed; but

Hunting The U-Boats

SUBMARINES are not the easiest things to locate; when you consider how small they are and how big the seas in which they do their deadly work. With a surface ship you know what you are up against; know they must keep to certain areas, call at appointed rendezvous to refuel in sight of some ship at some time, so that warnings and alarms can be spread.

Not so with the underwater jerker—he is secret as well as sinister. The biggest argument in his favour is that anything visible on the surface is a potential enemy, to be treated accordingly. And, as he can submerge in 25 seconds, it does not give the earnest seekers too much of a chance, even though his whirling engines below the surface are easily audible to trained watchers in the hunting ships.

Germany's undersea navy is no negligible factor. U-boats can choose their own time for attack, and if a poked-up periscope shows that there are risks in making offensive action, the submarine can doggo until a more favourable opportunity occurs. After all, there are sure to be plenty of opportunities, the Nazi argues, with these British using the high seas as if they were their own.

What Periscopes Show

The periscope reflects a perfectly clear picture of a surface vessel on the screenable in the navigating room. Silhouettes thus seen have certain characteristics. A merchantman is pretty well unmistakable, especially as the periscope prisms magnify considerably, and even show whether the target is fitted with a gun.

And the U-boat fitted with directional hydrophones (a kind of submerged telephone on the hull of a ship) can tell from the beat of the propeller, transmitted through the water and magnified in the hydrophones, whether the visible vessel is equipped with bona-fide merchantman's engines. The number of revolutions differs a lot, as between Red Ensign and White.

A warship, too, has finer lines than a freighter. If the U-boat commander gets a bow-on view on an approaching ship he can tell at a glance whether she is the ordinary bulbous-tromp or something turned out from a Navy yard—speed, armed, and equipped with wonderful devices for his detection and destruction.

So that to deal satisfactorily with the U-boat menace is anything but an easy job. The Nazi desires action. He hears distant engine-beats transmitted through his hydrophones. He counts them. A merchantman Up-silhouettes his periscope. A freighter's silhouette is framed in the screen. Definite prey!

Lying Low

But the ponderous beat of the tromp's propeller might deaden or jam the thinner beat of an escort's screw. Therefore the periscope sweeps the visible horizon in search of any suspicious smoke. If he sees this he understands that to attack might be perilous. He therefore remains totally submerged, even with his periscope below the surface, and lies low. As I said, another chance will offer.

But destruction is not advertised—oh! Perhaps the U-boat can't put down its own armed vessels may take post in place of its victim—so that the U-boat, denuded of fuel and supplies, blunders into a trap.

Or, perhaps the Nazi, being suspicious, tries to attack without fuel and stored and die of starvation. The losses of our armed vessels may take post in place of its victim—so that the U-boat, denuded of fuel and supplies, blunders into a trap.

It is discrediting to say that the most effective weapon against a submarine is a depth-chARGE. Such a bomb, of 300 lb. weight of T.N.T. exploding under water, disturbs anything within a considerable radius.

If it doesn't crack the Nazi's hide, it gets him into a tight corner, puncture his hull, and kill him. This is an impossibility. For a punctured U-boat cannot dive; it must make off on the surface, and its speed is sufficient to under-cut the chasers that are instantly hot on its trail.

When the U.S. joined forces with us in the last war, they devised what they called the Splinter Fleet—a large number of speedy small craft, each carrying a dozen men with gun and gun. These little ships hunted in packs, and when their hydrophones detected the presence of a submarine they ran a ring, spraying it with depth charges from their compressed air gun, put it like confetti at a wedding."

Their success was considerable. We have small craft, faster, more powerful than the Splinter Fleet. These warships will do what will finish any U-boat, if within its radius of action.

The Air Weapon

Many cases are cited in the last war of merchantmen defeating a U-boat at its own game by dodging and the use of engines and guns. The English crowd, he is likely, the Nazi may forget that he is not attacking sheep any more. Merchantmen have been taught how to defend him, and no one has yet been able to pitch him completely.

There's a regular armada of anti-submarine craft very much at war with Fritz. In the last war we used Q-boats to decoy the U-boat to its doom; but since their secret was out, we have the planes of the R.A.F. and the Fleet Air Arm. These are a weapon not much used in '44-45.

The aeroplane to-day is a fine weapon against submarines. There was nothing wrong with their range, range of 100 miles, and it could be carried by two seaplanes, and if that's O.K. had been delivered a little earlier the Nazi must inevitably have perished.

Weighting up the facts, I would far rather be the captain of an unarmed merchantman than of a U-boat—any day.

K'LOON Y.M.C.A. GALA AT LAICHIKOK

Lai Tsun Assn. Again
Win Open Relay:
Mak Wai-ming's Success

(By "RIPPLE")

THE LAI TSUN Swimming Union gained their third successive victory in Open Medley Relay races when they beat the Chinese Bathing Club quartette by an arm's length in the 400 metres (four styles) Medley Relay held yesterday at the Kowloon Chinese Y.M.C.A.'s gala at Laichikok.

Mak Wai-ming, former Colony champion, made a welcome and successful return to competitive swimming, winning both events for which he entered—the 100 metres free-style in the fairly good time of 67.2/5 secs., and the 200 metres breast-stroke in 3 mins. 12.7/10 secs.

The 150 metres free-style relay for members of the Winter Swimmers Club, was clearly the most popular race, and Lee Hon-ke's team received a rousing cheer when they finished just ahead of Yeung Man-kit's team.

THE RELAY

Four teams competed for the Medley Relay, Lai Tsun "A" and "B", C.B.C. and Tung Wing. Lai Tsun's Poon Wing-kan again went off to a nice start, and his lead of half a body's length over Yeung Tat-kwan (C.B.C.) was maintained till he handed over to Fong Chung-yiu. Enrique Chan (C.B.C.) took this lead, and in a fine last quarter spurt drew level with Fong.

Chan-Chan-nam, swimming the side-stroke for Lai Tsun, took the water just ahead of Robert Chan, and Lai Tsun was again able to gain the lead to which Tsang Cheung-wing added slightly to win half a body's length from Lo Yuk-wing (C.B.C.) anchor man.

WATER POLO

In the water polo match, Y.M.C.A. engaged a team from C.B.C., and a last minute goal by Robert Chan from Lai Tsun gave C.B.C. victory over the "Y."

Both sides presented strong defences, but C.B.C. had the better attack. The shooting on both sides, however, were very inaccurate. Enrique Chan came in for some powerful long shots, which were just off the mark.

THE RESULTS

Results: 50 metres free-style (members)—1. Young Man-kit; 2. Pung Huen-sing; 3. Wong Kwoh-yuen. Time—32 4/5. 100 metres free-style (members)—1. Mak Wai-ming; 2. Yau Sui-kwan; 3. Wong Cheung-hung. Time—57 3/4. 50 metres free-style (members)—1. Miss Siu Kui-lin; 2. Mak Kit-wai; 3. Wong Yip-kit. Time—30 1/2. 400 metres open medley relay (back, breast, side-stroke and free-style)—1. Lai Tsun "A" (Poon Wing-kan, Fong Chung-yiu, Chan Chan-nam and Tsang Cheung-wing); 2. C.B.C. (Yung Tat-kwan, Enrique Chan, Robert Chan and Lo Yuk-wing); 3. Lai Tsun "B" (Lo Yuk-wing, Tang Sik-chuen, Yau Sui-kwan and Lau Tai-ping). Time—5:10 9/10.

100 metres breast-stroke (Ladies)—1. Miss Lo Tak-cheng; 2. Miss Chan Wai-hang; 3. Siu Kui-lin. Time—1:55.

Water Polo—C.B.C. 1, Y.M.C.A. 0. C.B.C. (Po King-fook, Enrique Chan, Yung Tat-kwan, Chan Yuen-iat, Fong Chung-yiu, Robert Chan Wong Cheung-kit).

Y.M.C.A. (Wo Tso-ku, Young Man-kit, Chan Kam-fai, So Pak-fai, Kung Yue-tak, Chan Kwok-kwan and Cheung Chi-leung).

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Death Of Famous Cricketter

Mr. M.A. Noble

SYDNEY, June 22 (Reuters)—M. A. Noble, one of the most famous Australian Test cricketers, died here to-day. A. Noble was born in 1873. He played cricket for New South Wales, and one of the most notable feats of his Sheffield Shield career is that he made four centuries in succession during the two Australian seasons of 1889 and 1899 and 1899-1900. He held a record sixth wicket partnership for 422 runs with W. W. Armstrong (172 not out), in the match against Sussex at Hove in 1902.

In 1905, while touring in England, Noble scored 2,084 runs in 49 innings, his highest score being 267, with an average of 44.24.

In Australia, in 1907-08 he scored 1,071 runs in 18 innings, his highest score being 170, and his average 59.00. During his career he scored 37 centuries.



A MEASURE. A. O. Madar (L.R.C.) measuring for the shot in the Indian R.C.-Craigengower C.C. First Division Lawn Bowls match on Saturday. A. E. Coates and J. W. Leonard (C.C.C.) look on.—Ming Yuen.

Lawn Bowls League

Craigengower Keep Pace With Recreio 'A': Indian R.C. Defeated

CRAIGENGOWER Cricket Club kept pace with the Club de Recreio "A" in the Lawn Bowls League matches on Saturday, defeating the Indian Recreation Club while the Portuguese senior team accounted for the "B" team and maintained their two points' lead in the First Division. Three games were postponed on account of the rain.

150 metres relay (members) of Y.M.C.A. Winter Club)—1. Lee Hon-ke's team (Lee Hon-ke, Wong Mui-tim, Poon Chung-Sam); 2. Young Man-kit's team (Young Man-kit, Chan Kwoh-kan, Pang Luen-sing); 3. 200 metres breast-stroke (members)—1. Mak Wai-ming; 2. Yau Sui-kwan; 3. Wong Yip-kit. Time—51.2/10.

50 metres free-style (members)—1. Young Man-kit; 2. Sung Yue-lak; 3. Chap Tsun. Time—32.

Two records for the year were no less than seven being scored. These were by F. X. Silva (Recreio "A" v. "B") at 10th; C. G. Silva (Recreio "A" v. "B") at 21st; E. C. Flincher (K.C.C. v. P.C.C.) at 21st; A. Brookbank (Hongkong F.C. v. Civil Service C.C.) at 11th; K. S. Robertson (H.K.F.C. v. S.C.C.) at 21st; R. H. E. Marks (K.C.C. v. Police) at 8th; and A. J. Jollott (P.O.R.C. v. H.K.F.C.) at 11th. The results in brief were:

FIRST DIVISION		
R.C. "B"	50 Rec. "A"	03
I.R.C.	52 C.C.C.	58
P.R.C.	61 K.C.C.	48
P.D.R.C.	v. B.G.C.	09
H.K.F.C.	01 C.S.C.C.	
SECOND DIVISION		
C.S.C.C.	53 C.C.C.	02
K.F.C.	62 Tai-koo	49
Rec.	51 K.B.G.C.	55
H.K.F.C.	v. K. Tong	
K.C.C.	76 P.R.C.	41
THIRD DIVISION		
H.K.F.C.	v. E.C.C.	
H.K.F.C.	64 P.O.C.	50
C.C.C.	47 K.B.G.C.	69
*postponed.	v. I.R.C.	

Rowing

Harvard Easily Beat Yale

New London, Connecticut, June 22. The Harvard crew beat the Yale eight by eight lengths to-day, in the annual Inter-Varsity rowing regatta between these two famous American Universities.

Each University has now won 30 times.—Reuters.

BASKETBALL LEAGUE

Kwong Tai University Practically Assured Of Being Runners-Up

(By "GUARD")

KWONG TAI UNIVERSITY seem slated for runners-up honours to Sing Tao in the premier cage league when they subdued Wah Kiu 54-33 in a series of brilliant set plays at the Chinese Y.M.C.A. on Wednesday last. Their star player, Lo Tung, was indisposed, but his absence did in no way prove disconcerting, in fact, the squad's versatility laid bare the glaring need of advice from a side-line coach.

Saturday's top-liner featured a Chinese "Y" quintette, still smarting from their "victory-snatched-from-their-grasp" defeat by Sing Tao recently. They wreaked their vengeance on a weak Combined Banks outfit 68-32.

THE SCORES

Wednesday

FIRST DIVISION

Kwong Tai 54 Wah Kiu 33

SECOND DIVISION

Cheng Chick 35 Sun Chung 45

Saturday

FIRST DIVISION

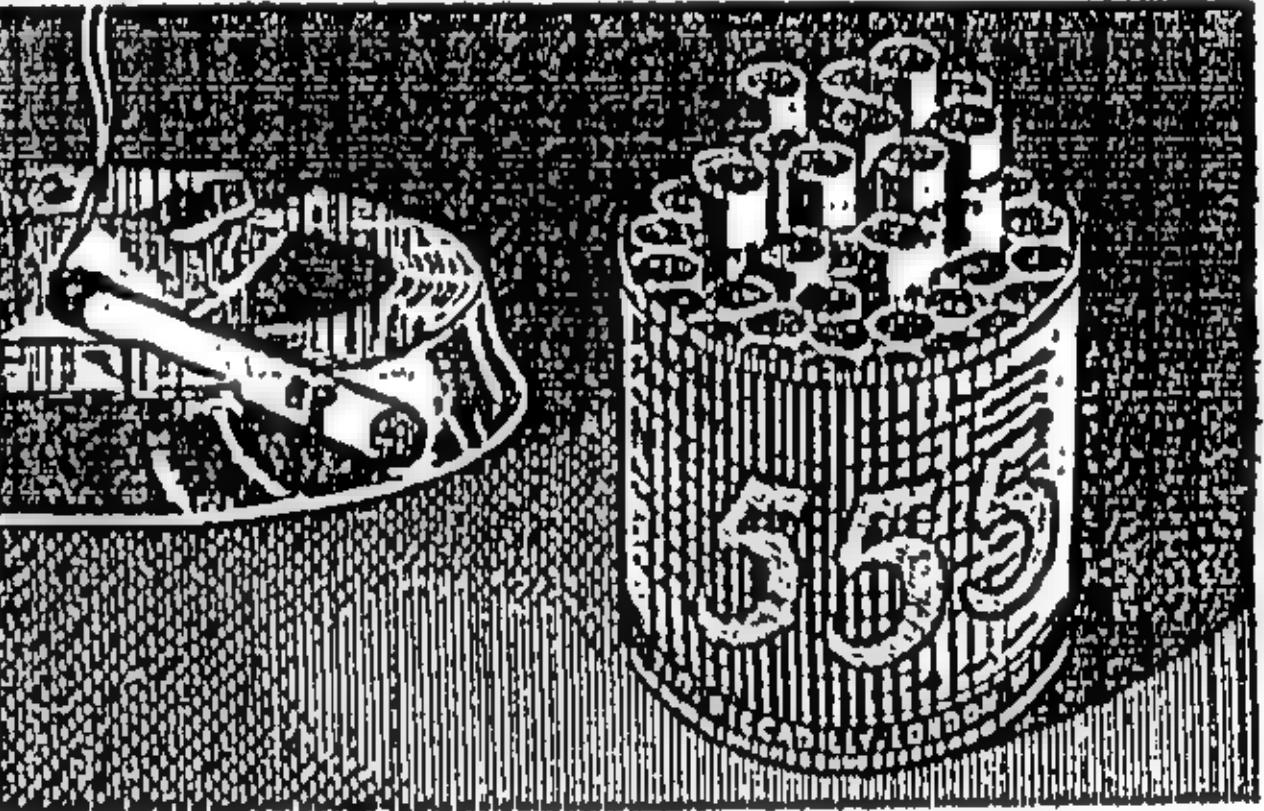
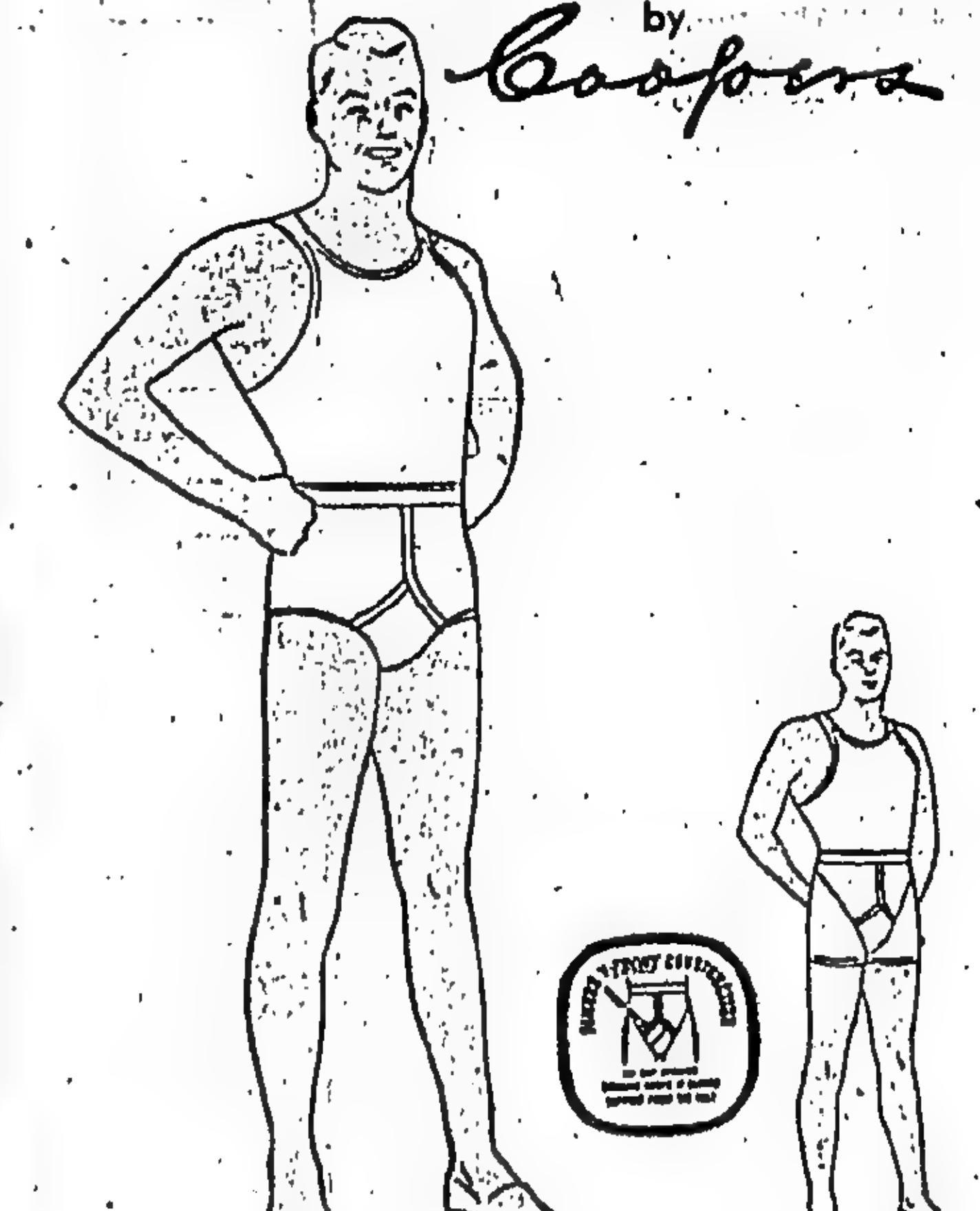
Chinese "Y" 68 Combined Banks 32

SECOND DIVISION

Ching Mo 42 Lai Hang 45
St. Paul 68 You Yau 24

July 28/51.
"COOL and FULL of PEP"
SAY THOSE WHO SUMMER IN
MASCLINIZED UNDERWEAR

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SIMILAR FORTUNE

A similar trend of fortune featured the South China-Hongkong B.C. game. The Chinese held a 3-2 lead at the end of the fourth inning, but in the fifth the Baseball Club ran away with seven tallies and their opponents were never able to recover from the set-back.

CLOSE AND EXCITING

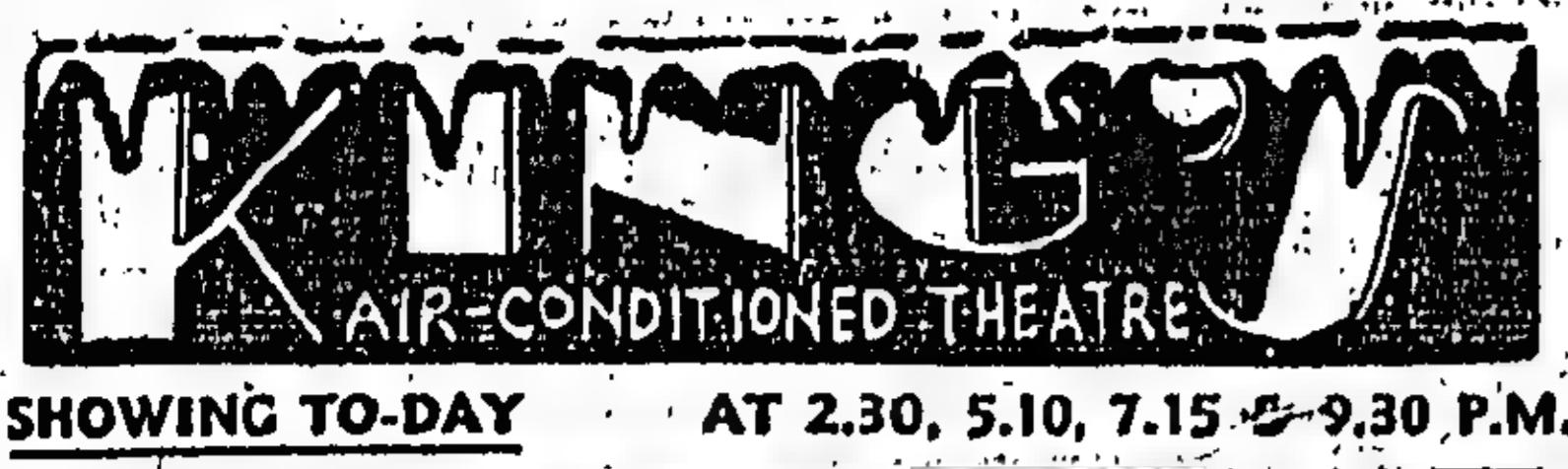
Yesterday's game was close and exciting. The local team, which took the name of Chung Hui, scored their run in the opening inning and thereafter were whitewashed over the remaining six. Tula rallied in the fifth frame and eventually won the three runs then scored.

Yau Yau's shooting on the whole was surprisingly inaccurate. Lau Sui-yuen, who obtained some excellent goals, to tally 16 points for his side, gave the game any life.

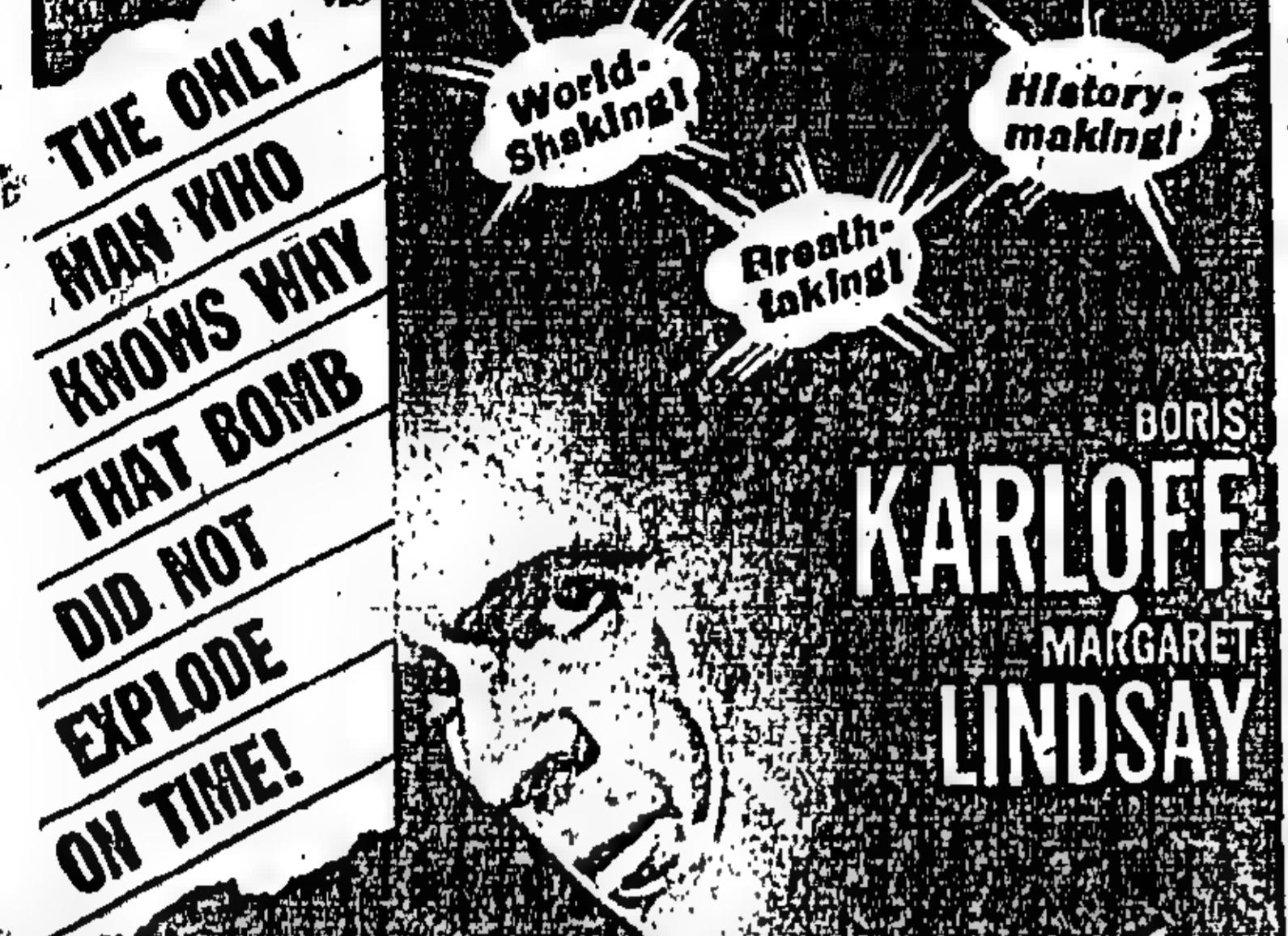
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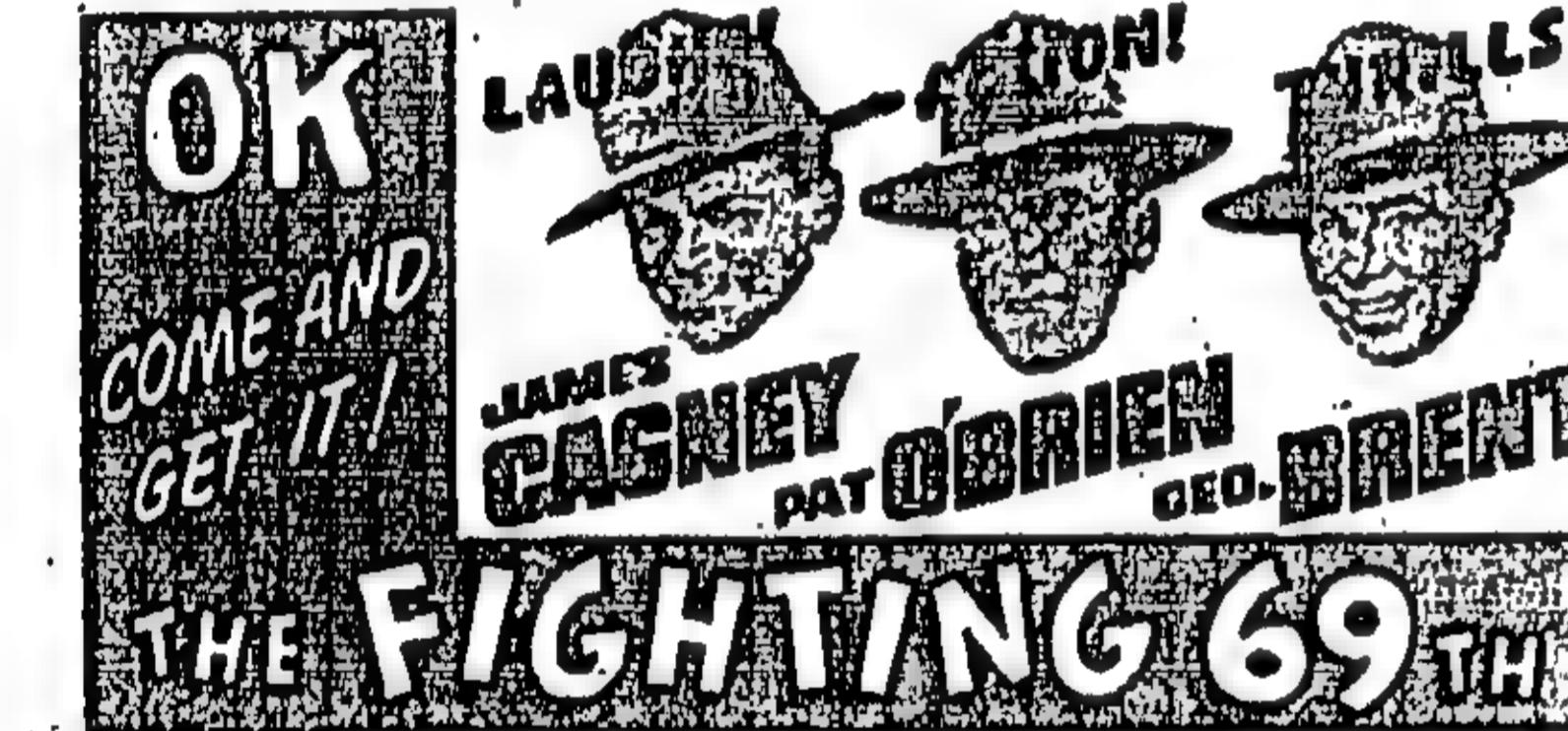
SHOWING TO-DAY AT 2.30, 5.10, 7.15 & 9.30 P.M.



NEXT CHANCE "RAFFLES" United Artists Release



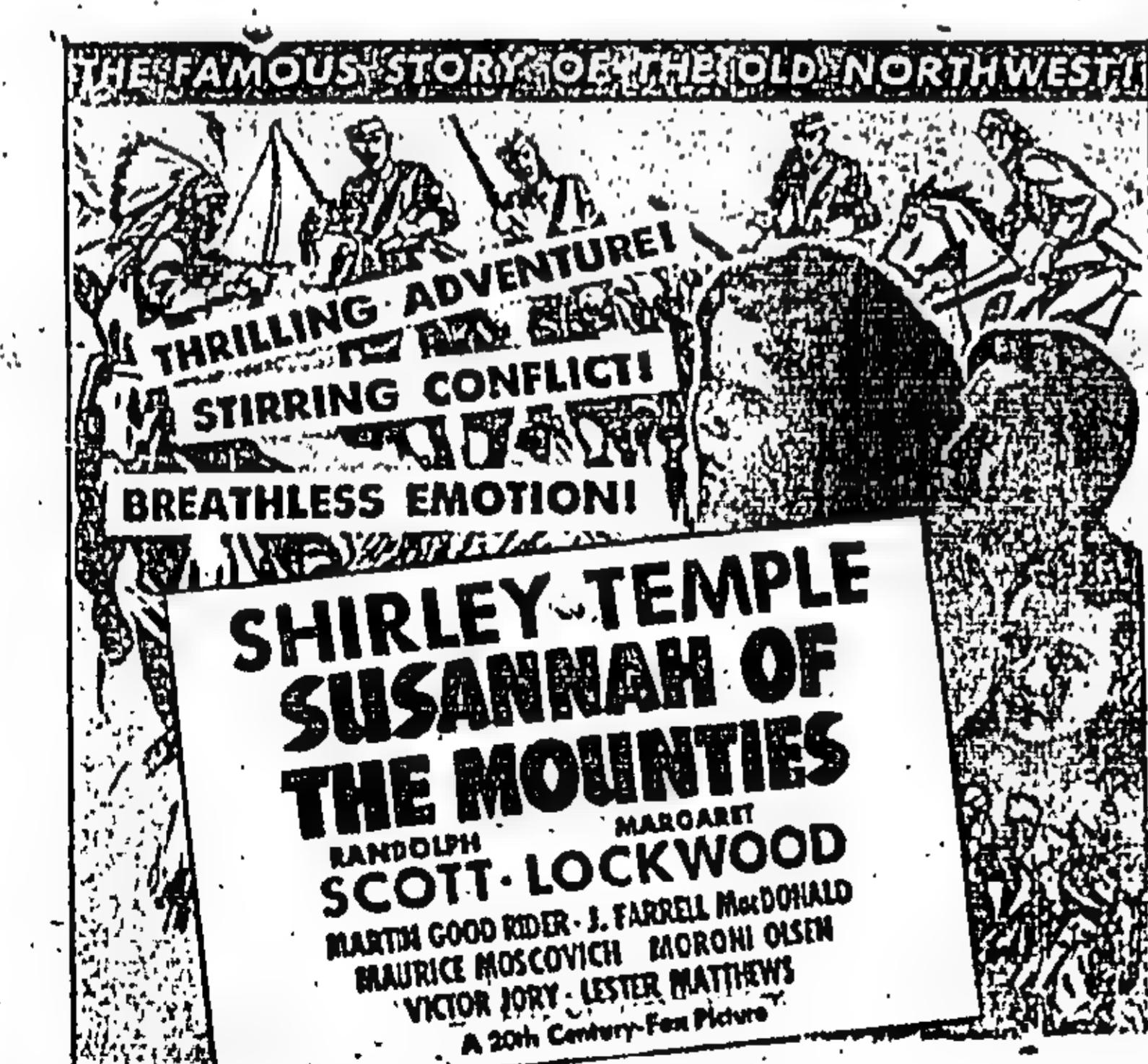
ROUSING ACTION PICTURE WITH 5000 PLAYERS! Where the fighting's fiercest, the thrills are thickest and the laughs are loudest, you'll find this fightin' Irish regiment in the midst of it.



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• TO-MORROW & WEDNESDAY • VICTOR McLAGLEN JACKIE COOPER In "BIG GUY" A New Universal Picture.

CALL TO FRENCH

Britain Amazed At Bordeaux Action

London, June 23. The Prime Minister, Mr. Churchill, to-day issued the following statement:

"His Majesty's Government heard with grief and amazement that the terms dictated by the Germans had been accepted by the French Government at Bordeaux. It cannot feel that such or similar terms could have been submitted to by any French Government which possessed freedom, independence and constitutional authority.

"Such terms, if accepted by all Frenchmen, would place, not only France, but the French Empire entirely at the mercy and in the power of the German and Italian dictators. Not only would the French people be held down and forced to work against their ally, not only would the soil of France be used with the approval of the Bordeaux Government as a means of attacking their ally, but the whole resources of the French Empire and the French Navy would speedily pass into the hands of the adversary for the fulfilment of his purpose."

"His Majesty's Government firmly believes that, whatever happens, it will be able to carry on the war wherever it may lead—on the seas, in the air and upon land—to a successful conclusion. When Britain is victorious she, in spite of the action of the Bordeaux Government, will cherish the cause of the French people and a British victory is the only possible hope for the restoration of the greatness of France and the freedom of its people.

"Brave men from other countries over-run by the Nazi invasion are steadfastly fighting in the ranks of freedom. Accordingly, His Majesty's Government calls upon all Frenchmen outside the power of the enemy to aid it in its task and thereby to render its accomplishment more sure and swift. They appeal to all Frenchmen, wherever they may be, to aid to the utmost of their strength the forces of liberation, which are enormous and which, faithfully and resolutely used, will assuredly prevail."—Reuter.

Newspaper Comment

London, June 23. In an article entitled "The Battle of Britain," Mr. J. L. Garvin, writing in the *Observer*, emphasises the importance of air power and sea power in the coming struggle for the island fortress.

"We have come to the fight for life," he states. "It will try us all as by fire and prove our mettle. The choice is between invincible resistance and total conquest by Nazi power. In one sense we are alone; in another, not so. We have the sympathies of the vast majority of the world. Our sea power brings the bulk of its resources. The longer we hold out the mightier will be the flow of practical aid from the Empire overseas and from the United States.

"Meanwhile, at home in these islands we have mightier forces by sea, air, and land than we have ever possessed before. For the defence of Britain they are unbroken, not diminished, by the disasters in the Low Countries and France. This may well be remembered as a providential paradox when the history of these times is told."

After referring to Mr. Churchill's speech in the House of Commons and the report of his professional advisers that Britain should continue the struggle, Mr. Garvin adds: "We must first concentrate on the essential condition of that estimate. It is as clear as the sun that air supremacy added to sea power spells victory; nothing else spells victory."

"Unless our air defence is crushed we cannot be beaten during the critical months of endurance. By attaining winged mastery afterwards Britain would be bound to win."

"We have the new B.E.F. at home. Full of experience and with the temper of battle, the B.E.F., on its birth, is an inestimable asset. With them, to live or die with us here; are Canadian and Anzac divisions. Are not these things enough to stir the blood of every man and woman? Behind them is a vision of gathering hosts—new armies. Behind them again are local defence volunteers.

"While our airmen wage the fight of lights overhead Britain by the end of the summer will be impregnable to military invasion. But why? Because the navy is inseparable from all the rest. Sea power prevents the Germans from bringing their full military strength to bear against any part of our land."

Concluding, Mr. Garvin states: "In Pitt's words, 'Britain has to save herself by her exertions and the world by her example.' To-day the thought is far more painful than then."

A Sunday Times editorial states: "There is that in this people which will excel its heritage and cope with the need. France has fallen. Her soldiers fought with the utmost gallantry, but she was out-generaled and out-matched. Great Britain, therefore, fights alone."

"We need not be over-dismayed by that. We can look to achieving victory by two chief forms of pressure: the first is blockade, the second is air power. The former is now more rigorous than ever and can be kept so. The latter is the sphere in which we ought, at maximum speed, to press our present advantage until it becomes decisive."—Reuter.

Colonies To Fight On

London, June 23. It was stated in authoritative circles in London to-day that, while the signing of the armistice by the French Government ended the organised resistance of the French forces at home, there were encouraging signs that a more robust spirit prevailed in the French Colonial Empire.

In Syria General Usser, French Commander-in-Chief, has proclaimed

French War Communique

Fighting Continues On Southern Front

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Newspaper Comment

London, June 23. The German communiqué states that the battle in Alsace Lorraine ended on June 22 with the capitulation of the French armies which were surrounded.

The communiqué adds that this victory has overpowered the last forces of the French Army still fighting.

Over 500,000 prisoners were taken, including the Commanders of the Third, Fifth and Eighth Armies.

On the Atlantic coast, says the German communiqué, our troops reached La Rochelle and captured the French naval base of Saint Nazaire, the booty including many armoured cars.

In the Rhone Valley, our troops have forced a passage across the Rhone at the edge of the Savoy Alps, south-west of Geneva.

The communiqué further claims that off the French coast, five merchant ships between 3,000 and 10,000 tons, were damaged by bombs. One 10,000-ton ship and another of 4,000 tons were sunk.

One of our submarines sank an enemy tanker of 6,000 tons which was attached to a convoy.

This is a World War

Supreme interest of their country because this war is not a Franco-German war that can be decided by one battle. This is a world war.

Honour, common sense and the supreme interest of their country command all Frenchmen to continue the struggle wherever they may be and in whatever way they can.

They must assemble as great a French force as possible and wherever possible. Every French military soldier and everything possible for armament and production must be assembled and organised.

Here in England he undertakes this national task. He invites every French soldier on land, sea or air and all French engineers and skilled armament workers to gather around him. He invites all Frenchmen who still remain free to listen to him and follow him.

He concluded "Long Live France. Free her and honour her independence."

the determination of the French forces to continue the fight.

In Indo-China the Governor-General has declared that he will not lower his flag.

In Tunis the Resident General is firm in his intention to continue the struggle.

In Morocco, Senegal, the Camerons, and Djibouti assurances of loyal support have been volunteered by the military and civil authorities.

The British Government is prepared to make the necessary financial arrangements to enable the French Colonial Empire to play its part. As Mr. Churchill stated, the British aim is the complete restoration of the metropolitan and overseas territory of France.—Reuter.

Support From Shanghai

Shanghai, June 23. Continued resistance and Allied solidarity were urged by the French Community of Shanghai in a cablegram despatched to the French Government after a meeting at the French Police Club this morning. French residents attended en masse to decide their attitude toward the French negotiations.

M. Roral, President of the French War Veterans' Association, read the text of the communiqué message, which was unanimously approved, with acclamation.

The French Community pledged its whole-hearted support and placed itself and its entire means at the disposal of the Government.

M. Muge, Consul-General, recalled Verdun, which the veterans, he said, knew to be a true and everlasting symbol of unrelenting French resistance until final victory.—Reuter.

Shanghai Jewish Army

Shanghai, June 23. A Jewish Army may be formed to fight for the Allies, according to the *China Press*. Jews of military age in China are said to be ready to enlist if Britain approves of an offer made by the Zionist Federation of Great Britain and Ireland.

It is pointed out that members of the local French and British community, a world-wide Jewish body affiliated with the new Zionist party, received military training for years and there are at least a thousand Russian Jews in China who could be sent to Europe with funds raised by Far Eastern Jews.—Reuter.

LATE NEWS

INSPIRING CALL TO ARMS

Must Fight On, Says French General

LONDON, June 23 (Reuter).—An inspiring message to Frenchmen all over the world to continue to fight against Germany was broadcast this evening by General De Gaulle, Under-Secretary for War in M. Reynaud's Government.

He said that the armistice meant that French forces on land, sea and air will be completely dismembered, that the whole territory of France will be occupied, and that the French Government will be under the domination of Germany and Italy.

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CHEVROLET TRUCKS

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Beyond argument is the fact that Chevrolet Trucks are the most popular trucks in the world to-day. There are two reasons why shrewd truck buyers choose Chevrolet with such consistency and regularity. The first is Dependability, the second is Economy.

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MONDAY, JUNE 24, 1940.

FINAL EDITION

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PLYMOUTH
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the car people

ARMISTICE TERMS

MILITARY OCCUPATION OF FRANCE FOR DURATION: CONTINENTAL BLOCKADE OF GREAT BRITAIN

FULL TEXT RELEASED: ITALY'S TERMS EXPECTED TO BE EQUALLY SEVERE

THE GERMAN TERMS FOR AN ARMISTICE WITH FRANCE
WERE PUBLISHED THIS MORNING.

They are as severe as were anticipated.

Nevertheless, acting on instructions from Marshal Petain, head of the unconstitutional Government in Bordeaux, they have been signed by the French plenipotentiaries, and will become operative six hours after another Armistice agreement with Italy is signed.

ITALIAN TERMS

It is expected that the Italian terms will be equally severe, and may even include immediate territorial concessions.

Further territorial concessions are certain to be demanded when the time comes for France to sign the peace terms to be imposed by the two Totalitarian States.

Briefly, Germany's terms envisage the immediate military occupation, for the duration of the war with Britain, of approximately half of France, including the entire Atlantic seaboard down to the frontier of Spain and Portugal. Italy is expected to occupy the remaining half.

COMPLETE DISARMAMENT

France must completely disarm, and hand over all war materials and supplies to Germany.

The French Fleet is to be recalled and handed over to Italy and Germany "for disarmament and internment."

France must join in a Continental blockade of Britain.

THE TEXT IN FULL

LONDON, June 23 (Reuter).—The following is the complete summary of the articles of the armistice terms proposed by the German Government to the French Government.

French Denounce Petain's Treachery

New Government To Be Formed

WASHINGTON, June 23 (UP).—French sources state that they have been advised that a French Government in exile will be formed in London to carry on the war on Britain's side.

They expressed the opinion that "true Frenchmen" will not capitulate to Germany, despite Marshal Petain's statement accepting the armistice.

The French Embassy has declined to comment. They said they have received no orders from Bordeaux; neither have they received any orders for relay to French merchant ships in United States harbour.

The State Department also declines to comment, either on the armistice or on the British announcement that they are breaking relations with the Petain Government.

Demonstration in Saigon

SAIGON, June 23 (Reuter).—There was a demonstration outside the British Consulate at Saigon to-day when crowds called for the acceptance by France of the British offer to form a Franco-British Union and for France to continue the war on Britain's side.

The British Consul in a short speech said that France was still alive and that Britain would do everything in her power to assist her to victory.

Syria Will Be Defended

LONDON, June 23 (Reuter).—The French High Commissioner in Syria broadcasting on the Beirut Radio, said:

"The General Officer Commanding in Syria, General Mittelhauser, has decided to carry on the mission of France in Syria and to defend it with the indomitable energy and honour of France and her sons."

The French High Commissioner added that he was in complete agreement with General Mittelhauser. Turn to Page 2, Seventh Column

Petain Government Disowned

Britain Announces Relations Severed

SPECIAL TO THE "TELEGRAPH"

LONDON, June 24 (UP).—The B.B.C. has announced that Britain has severed relations with the Bordeaux Government.

It was stated that "Britain no longer recognises the Petain Government," and that a French "National Committee," similar to the Dutch and Belgian refugee regimes in England would be formed in London.

It was also announced that General de Gaulle, Under-Secretary for War in the Reynaud Government was assuming leadership of the new refugee regime.

Official Statement

LONDON, June 23 (Reuter).—A statement broadcast from London in French, stated that His Majesty's Government find that the terms of the armistice contravene the solemn agreements made between the Allied Governments, reducing Bordeaux to a state of complete subjection to the

Turn to Page 2, Third Column

Surrender Of Troops

Article 1.—The immediate cessation of hostilities. The French troops who are already surrounded are to lay down their arms.

Occupation Of Territory

Article 2.—For the security of German interests, the territory north and west of the following line is to be occupied: Geneva—Dole, Chalon-sur-Saone, Paray le Monial, Moulins, Bourges, Vierzon, then to 20 kilometres east of Tours, thence to the south parallel to the Angouleme railway to Mont de Marsan and St. Jean Pied de Port.

The areas not yet occupied in this territory, will be occupied immediately on the conclusion of the present convention.

Military Governorship

Article 3.—In the occupied area, Germany is to have all rights of occupying and the power of excluding local administration. The French Government is to afford all necessary facilities. Germany will reduce to a minimum the occupation on the western coast after the cessation of hostilities with Great Britain.

The French Government is free to choose for itself a seat of Government in non-occupied territory or even to transfer it to Paris if desired. In the latter event, Germany will allow the necessary facilities for the administration from Paris of both occupied and unoccupied territory.

Demobilisation

Article 4.—The French naval, military and air forces are to be demobilised and disarmed within a period to be decided, with the exception of troops necessary for maintaining order.

The size and armament of the latter is to be decided by Germany and Italy.

The Soviet military occupation of the Baltic States, regarded here as an unfriendly act towards Germany, and the reported transportation of a hundred Red Army divisions along the Russo-German frontier between the Baltic and the Black Sea has created the general impression that the Soviet has become worried regarding the momentum of the Rome-Berlin war machine.

Surrender Of Armaments

Article 5.—As a guarantee, Germany may demand the surrender in good condition of all artillery, tanks, anti-tank weapons, service aircraft, infantry armaments, tractors and munitions in the territory not to be occupied.

Germany will decide the extent of these deliveries.

Article 6.—All arms and war material remaining in unoccupied Russia more or less an ally of Britain.

School Kiddies Send Their Entire Savings To Fund

Copper cents and five and ten-cent coins to the value of \$63.40 were brought into the South China Morning Post Ltd. this afternoon as a contribution from the children of the Garrison Infants' School in Garden Road to the War Fund. Unstintingly, these tiny tots have voluntarily given their entire savings to the Fund.

Two little girls from Stonecutters' Island brought in the entire contents of the money boxes—money they had saved "ever since they could remember."

With their savings, the Garrison School kiddies sent in a note:

"The children of the Garrison Infants' School in Garden Road are happy to send \$63.40 as their contribution to the War Fund," it read.

"Later on, we hope to send more money as we want so much for Britain to win the war."

The War Fund

\$1,100,000 Sent Home As War Fund Mounts

A FURTHER CHEQUE for \$450,000 was forwarded to the Colonial Secretary by the South China Morning Post, Ltd., this morning, for immediate transmission to the Imperial Government.

This brings the total amount already despatched by the War Fund to \$1,100,000, leaving a balance in hand of about \$50,000.

Further substantial donations to the War Fund were received this morning.

A cheque for \$10,000 was forwarded by the Green Island Cement Co., Ltd.

Messrs. Mackinnon, Mackenzie & Co. and Messrs. Gibb Livingston & Co., Ltd., each send cheques for \$7,500.

Noteworthy contributions from Chinese friends are \$3,000 from the Fung Keong Rubber Manufacturing, Ltd., and \$2,000 from Fung Keong.

The Fund passed the \$1,125,000 mark at noon.

Pensioner Contributors

"I cannot afford as much as I would like. I am an old-time pensioner and I am 73 years of age, but I am sending you \$5 which I will make a monthly donation as long as I can. Kindly accept same in the spirit in which it is given."

This is one of the many letters which have accompanied donations, large and small, to the War Fund inaugurated last week by the "South China Morning Post" and "Hongkong Telegraph."

It exemplifies the spirit animating all contributors to the Fund.

A lady who sent a donation of \$500 expressed the hope that inauguration of the fund would not entail the engagement of yet another over-paid staff whose salaries would be deducted from the Fund. Although

Turn to Page 2, Fourth Column

ITALIAN TERMS BELIEVED EVEN MORE SEVERE

By REYNOLDS PACKARD

UNITED PRESS STAFF CORRESPONDENT

ROME, June 24 (UP).—The same French emissaries who bowed to Hitler's dictated peace have received Italy's terms for a separate armistice.

Fascist circles to-day boasted that perhaps within 24 hours the world will witness the "crushing of a powerful empire."

The French delegates have forwarded the Italian terms to Bordeaux by telephone.

The meeting outside Rome has been described as "coldly formal" although it was said the French were accorded "every courtesy possible under the conditions."

Extreme secrecy has shrouded the entire proceedings. But Signor Gayda has made no secret of the fact that the Italian conditions are severe.

The Italo-French and German-French armistice is, he said, the signal for a transformation of the map of Europe.

"The moment it is concluded, the Axis will turn upon Britain with a blasting, annihilating attack," Gayda added.

French Receive Terms

London, June 23 (Reuter).—The Rome Radio states that the Italian delegates at the armistice talks are Count Ciano, the Foreign Minister, Marshal Badoglio, Chief of Staff of the Armed Forces; Admiral Cavaignac, Chief of Staff of the Navy; General Roatta, Chief of Staff of the Army; and General Picolo, Chief of Staff of the Air Force.

The Italian terms were handed to the French plenipotentiaries at 5.30 p.m.

The latter are the same delegates who signed the armistice with Germany together with General Parlati.

Delegates In Rome

London, June 23 (Reuter).—The Berlin official news agency states that it learns from Rome that the French representatives in the armistice negotiations arrived in Rome in three German planes this afternoon.

Negotiations were expected to commence immediately.

The French plenipotentiaries consist of six officers, various secretaries and M. Leon Noel, the French Ambassador to Poland.

They were received by four Italian

Turn to Page 2, Seventh Column

LANDING IN BIAS BAY IS REPORTED

Navy Co-Operates In "Blockade"

UNCONFIRMED reports were current this morning that Japanese transports have appeared in Bias Bay.

Support for this rumour is lent by the fact that the Japanese officially announce that naval aircraft yesterday assisted land operations by carrying out bombing and reconnoitring operations in the vicinity of Tamshui, in the Bias Bay area.

Waiyeung and Pingshan were also bombed.

An official Japanese communiqué, issued at J.E.F. Headquarters in Canton, states:

"In active co-operation with the Army, Japanese naval forces are

Turn to Page 2, Seventh Column

LATEST

Great French Naval Base Captured, Nazis Claim

SPECIAL TO THE "TELEGRAPH"

BERLIN, June 24 (UP).—The German High Command claims that the great

Nazaire has fallen.

The report adds that the war

booty captured in the Atlantic

port was "gigantic."

Although the Nazis have checked

on the Battle of France as a Nazi

prostrate country are continuing to

official German claim.

southward along the shores of the Bay of Biscay, reached the outskirts of La Rochelle, about 40 miles from Bordeaux, last night, according to an

official German claim.

Another mechanised unit has

captured St. Nazaire, the French

naval base at the mouth of the Loire

River in the Bay of Biscay.

Hitler has informed Marshal Petain

that German troops will not enter

Bordeaux while the Italo-French

Turn to Page 2, Sixth Column

See Back Page For
Further Late News

At 3 p.m. to-day, the War Fund passed the \$1,140,000 mark.

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for 3 days prepaid

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WE OFFER highest prices to any amount of gold articles, jades, jewels, diamonds, etc. Apply Eurasia Gold Refining Co., 7th floor, China Building, Tel. 30727. No holidays.

FOR SALE.

HONGKONG AS REVEALED BY THE CAMELIA Second Edition. Over 60 excellent views of the Colony. Price \$1.50. Obtainable at Kelly & Walsh, Ltd., Hongkong Travel Bureau or from the Publishers, South China Morning Post, Ltd., Wyndham Street.

PATRIOT OUTLAWED

Petain's Action Against General De Gaulle

SPECIAL TO THE "TELEGRAPH". BORDEAUX, June 24 (UP).—Marshal Petain has decreed that General De Gaulle, the Under-Secretary for War in the Reynaud Ministry who refused to accept the shameful terms imposed by Germany, as no longer a member of the French Army.

Petain has ordered that General De Gaulle be stripped of his military rank, and has announced that the French patriot will be subject to Court Martial for refusing to return to his post and for appealing to the French Empire to continue the war.

General De Gaulle is now in London. He has announced that he has set himself as the head of the French people who desire to continue the war with Germany, and has appealed to all Frenchmen to rally to the cause.

The French colonies of Tunisia, Syria, Lebanon and French Indo-China have decided to repudiate the Petain Government and its actions and are reported to have offered themselves to General De Gaulle.

2-WORD TALK

NEW YORK.—James Sardelli, of New York, mounted a soap box in Columbus Circle (New York's Marble Arch) and began a speech praising Adolf Hitler. After the first "Hell Hitler," Sardelli was rushed by a crowd of 200 people.

Police had to take him under their protection—not because he spoke his mind, but to save him from the wrath of the crowd.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

THE BRITISH LEGION HONG KONG AND CHINA BRANCH

The Committee urgently ask all who served in the last War to join or rejoin the Legion, the purpose being to form a body of men of mature age and experience whose opinion and services (apart from individual activities) might be of value at the present time.

Will those who are in accord kindly register their names with the undersigned, accompanying their application with the subscription of \$2.

THOMSON & CO., Secretaries, Hongkong & Shanghai Bank Building.

THE HONGKONG ELECTRIC CO., LIMITED

Issue of 300,000 new ordinary shares of \$10 each, credited as fully paid up.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Register of Members of the Company will be closed from 1st July, 1940 to the 10th July, 1940, both days inclusive, during which period no transfer of shares can be registered.

By Order of the Board of Directors,

GIBB, LIVINGSTON & CO., LTD., Agents.

CONSIGNEES' NOTICE.

SERVICES CONTRACTUELS DES MESSAGERIES MARITIMES

Bringing cargo from Marseilles via Salagon.

Consignees are hereby informed that their goods with the exception of Opium, Treasure, and Valuables are being landed and stored into the Godowns of the Hongkong Kowloon Wharf and Godown Co. Ltd., Kowloon, whence delivery may be obtained immediately after landing.

All claims must be sent in to me on or before 27th June, 1940, or they will not be recognized.

Damaged packages will be examined by the Company's Surveyor Messrs.—Goddard and Douglas in the presence of the Consignees at 10.00 a.m. on Saturday, 22nd June, 1940.

Consignees must have a Revenue Officer in attendance when any dullable goods are examined by the Company's Surveyors.

No Fire Insurance will be effected by us in any case whatever.

R. OHL,
Agent.

POST OFFICE

INWARD MAIIS

Air Mail by "Imperial Airways Service," June 24. Shanghai and Amoy June 24. Shanghai June 25. U.S.A. and Manila (San Francisco date, 29th May) June 25. Air Mail by "Air France Airways Service" June 26. Hulphong June 26. Japan and Manila June 26. Java and Manila June 26. Bangkok June 26.

OUTWARD MAIIS

Monday, June 24. Straits (Parcels only) 5 p.m. Straits, Rangoon and Calcutta. Parcels June 24, 5 p.m. Ord. June 24, 7 p.m. Canton 7.00 p.m. Shanghai 7.00 p.m. Tuesday, June 25. Hulphong Noon. Fort Bayard, and Holloway 12.30 p.m. Shanghai 12.30 p.m. Hulphong 3.00 p.m. Parcels only for Thailand 5 p.m. Air Mail for "Imperial Airways Service" to Durban and thence to Sea Service to United Kingdom. K.P.O. June 25, 5 p.m. Ord. June 25, 5.30 p.m. G.P.O. June 25, 5 p.m. Ord. June 25, 7 p.m. Air Mail for Malaya, Java and Australia by the "Imperial Airways Service." K.P.O. June 25, 5 p.m. Ord. June 25, 5.30 p.m. G.P.O. June 25, 5 p.m. Ord. June 25, 7 p.m. Amoy and Shanghai 7 p.m. Straits, Ceylon and India 7 p.m. Wednesday, June 26. Shanghai 1.30 p.m. Air Mail for Indo-China, Iran, and France by the "Air France Airways." K.P.O. June 26, 5 p.m. Ord. June 26, 5.30 p.m. G.P.O. June 26, 5 p.m. Ord. June 26, 7 p.m. Some of Staff, Kowloon Hospital. Mr. & Mrs. J. de Graca. Tintin, Shop, Stonecutters' Street. Miss A. Chan. Mr. & Mrs. L. P. Ralph (in memory of Major Alan Filtry). Mr. & Mrs. J. B. Sturgeon.

ARMISTICE TERMS

→ FROM PAGE ONE

territory, which are not left for the use of the French authorised forces, are to be put in store under German or Italian control.

The manufacture of new war material in non-occupied territory is to stop immediately.

Surrender Of Defences

Article 7.—The land and coast defences, with the armaments etc., in occupied territory, are to be handed over in good condition. All plans of the fortifications and, in particular of the mines, barrages, etc., are to be handed over.

"We Needed A Load"

"We needed a load," write Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Dixey-Ben. "Thank God you have given it." An anonymous contributor calls the Fund the first piece of common-sense patriotism he has noticed in the Colony.

French Navy

Article 8.—The French Fleet, except that part left free to safeguard French interests in the Colonial Empire, shall be collected in ports to be specified, demobilised and disarmed under German or Italian control.

The German Government solemnly declares it has no intention of using, for its own purposes during the war, the French Fleet stationed in ports under German control, except those units necessary for coast surveillances and mine-sweeping.

Except for that part (to be determined) of the Fleet destined for the protection of Colonial interest, all ships outside French territorial waters must be recalled to France.

Swiping Of Mines

Article 9.—All information about naval mines and defences is to be furnished. Mine-sweeping is to be carried on by the French forces.

Stocks To Be Given Over

Article 10.—All establishments, military tools and stocks in occupied territory are to be handed over intact. Forts, permanent fortifications and naval building yards are to be left in their present state and not destroyed or damaged.

The same is to apply to all means of communications, particularly railroads, roads, canals, telephones, telegraphs, navigational and coast-lighting marks.

Material for repairs are to be made available.

Wireless Transmissions

Article 11.—All wireless transmitting stations in French territory are to stop.

Merchandise Transportation

Article 12.—The French Government is to facilitate the transport of merchandise between Germany and Italy across unoccupied territory.

Repatriation

Article 13.—The French Government is to repatriate the population to occupied territory.

No Transfers Abroad

Article 14.—The French Government is to prevent the transfer of valuable stocks and stocks from occupied to non-occupied territory or abroad.

France To Pay

Article 15.—The cost of maintaining the German occupation troops is to be paid by France.

Release Of Prisoners

Article 16.—All German prisoners of war are to be released. The French Government is to hand over all German subjects, indicated by the German Government, who are now in France or her overseas territory.

French To Hold

Article 17.—All French prisoners of war, who are now in German hands, will remain so until the conclusion of peace.

Safeguarding Materials

Article 18.—This provides for the safeguarding of material handed over.

Armistice Commission

Article 19.—The German Armistice Commission will carry out the armistice co-ordinating with the Franco-Italian armistice.

Not Yet Effective

Article 20.—The armistice will enter into force as soon as the French Government has concluded a similar agreement with the Italian Government. The cessation of hostilities will take place six hours after the Italian Government has notified its conclusion.

The German Government will announce this by wireless.

Validity Of Armistice

Article 21.—The present armistice is valid until the conclusion of a peace treaty. It can be denounced at any moment if the French Government does not fulfil its obligations.

It was stated in London to-night that the French Government will forward certain relatively unimportant amendments.

It is understood that some of these amendments have been accepted whilst others were rejected. But the terms remain substantially as set forth above.

Hitler's Promise

BORDEAUX, June 23 (Reuter).—In reply to a request by Marshal Petain, Hitler has sent a direct message stating that German troops would not enter Bordeaux while the Franco-Italian armistice negotiations are proceeding.

Nazi Bombers Fly Into Barrages

SPECIAL TO THE "TELEGRAPH"

LONDON, June 23 (UP).—An Air Ministry communiqué announced that two German bombers were destroyed when they flew into balloon barrages during last week's raids on England.

\$1,000,000 SENT HOME

→ FROM PAGE ONE

special staff is dealing with the Fund, the entire amount contributed will be remitted to London. There will be no delay in remitting the money to the Imperial Government in view of the fact that three cheques for substantial amounts have already been transferred by telegraph.

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ROLL UP LADIES AND GENTLEMEN AND SHOW YOUR STRENGTH

→ FROM PAGE ONE

enemy and depriving it of the right to represent the French people.

His Majesty's Government declare that they can no longer regard the Bordeaux Government as the government of an independent country.

His Majesty's Government have taken note of the proposal to form a provisional French National Committee determined on the prosecution of the war in fulfilment of the international obligations of France.

Newspapers, SPECIAL TO THE "TELEGRAPH"

BORDEAUX, June 23 (UP).—The Paris newspapers, which are now temporarily publishing in Bordeaux, stress that France sought to the extreme limit of her strength.

"We must accept defeat without weakening and without sterile complaints," declares "Le Figaro." "France went down fighting in a battle in which she sought no material advantage—and in which she lost no prestige because she kept all her engagements to civilisation to the utmost limit of her strength."

"Petit Parisien" recalls that General Kell, the German Chief of Staff, praised the valour of the French troops.

"We are aware that our soldiers fought with unequalled bravery and did their utmost to halt the invaders," the paper declares.

"Le Jour" urges a change in French policy.

"We must temporarily forget the generous habit of endeavouring to win happiness for humanity at our cost. The crime of 1918 was that we tried to remake the world before remaking France."

MAGAZINE PAGE

FOR WOMEN

It's hard to avoid the word BRUNCHON for this useful day-off meal

GOING out to the mashed for the day? Perhaps, like most of us, you're wondering what to do to make the most of it.

Are you thinking of taking your food? Picnic lunches are fine—except for the person who has to cut the sandwiches and pack the basket and the other person who has to carry it around all day.

A lot of people, disliking this amount of work on a holiday, don't go out till after lunch, and then they feel that half the day is gone.

There is a solution. It means introducing an entirely new meal to your family—a break-fast-cum-lunch which you eat at eleven o'clock. Then you can get out into the country right away. Holiday makers in America go in for this eleven o'clock meal. They find they've more energy for a hot day when they have started on a good meal.

If you have some biscuits with early morning tea you should be able to keep going until eleven. Make the new meal a light but fortifying one. Then, instead of a great picnic basket with vacuum flasks and jar food, take a small packet of biscuits and cheese to eat with coffee, beer or tea in the early afternoon, and come home in the evening to a quickly cooked hot meal. (The one below takes fifteen minutes.)

Here are some ideas for the eleven o'clock meal.

DRINK hot milky coffee instead of tea; the milk makes it more nourishing.

SCONES are a change from bread. This is a good recipe for Scotch scones. Take $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. flour, 1 oz. butter, pinch of salt, quarter teaspoonful bicarbonate of soda, half teaspoonful cream of tartar. Sieve the flour with the salt, soda, and cream of tartar, and rub in the butter with your fingers. Now add quarter pint milk (sour milk would be better). Roll out the dough on a floured board, cut into rounds, and put on a hot baking sheet sprinkled with flour. Bake until both sides are pale brown.

SAVOURY MACKEREL makes a good dish and a cheap one. Mackerel have been 8d. a lb. for a week. Boil four mackerel. Take out the backbones. Take a tuncupful of chopped parsley and a little chopped shallot or onion. (If you have a garden, use parsley, chives, and sorrel mixed.) Chop fine and mix with a nut of margarine, pepper, and salt. Put the mixture in the middle of each fish and put under the grill till very hot. Dust with cayenne.

FINISH the meal with cakes and fruit, or the children would like golden toast. On slices of bread spread golden syrup. Dip in beaten egg and fry in hot fat.

SUPPER when you get home in the evening is quickly cooked. Try this dish: Skin 1 lb. of small beef sausages and cut them into one-inch lengths. Turn a tin of tomatoes into a saucepan. Put in the sausages, a small onion cut fine, a chopped clove of garlic, a pinch of herbs, and salt and pepper. Simmer for fifteen minutes and serve with mashed potatoes (cooked previously) made into cakes with an egg and fried golden brown and snippets of fried bread.

POCKET CARTOON



Is that headache

By Dr. MACQUARIE

SINUSITIS, or sinus inflammation, is quite a common complaint.

Yet many sufferers from it do not realise that their persistent headache with attacks of dizziness is really due to sinus inflammation; in fact, most people are quite unaware of the existence of sinuses, otherwise small cavities in the skull communicating with the nose.

We think of the human skull as a solid structure. Actually it is honey-combed with cavities. This no doubt makes for lightness and serves other useful purposes; but Nature, in designing these air chambers, reckoned without germs.

Many sinuses are in communication with the exterior; and if germs creep in, there is trouble.

One well-known skull-cavity, the mastoid antrum, communicates with the middle ear, and most of us know that "mastoid trouble" (due to infection spreading back from the ear) is a pretty painful and serious complaint.

But trouble with the three little skull-cavities which communicate with the nose is less popularly re-

cognised. Luckily it is not so serious as mastoid trouble, though it can be irritating enough in its way.

These cavities leading from the nose are: first, the frontal sinuses, situated above and behind the eyebrows. They are a pair, one on each side. Next, the maxillary sinuses, also a pair. They lie in the cheek, just above the upper molar teeth.

Finally the ethmoidal sinuses. These run back along the nasal septum of each eye; they are multiple (three to fifteen on each side).

These are the most commonly affected. There are still other cavities (the sphenoidal) which communicate with the nose, but infection is less common, and may be a very serious matter.

What are the symptoms of infection of the nasal sinuses?

There is a feeling of fullness and distension in the site of the cavities—that is, around the forehead, eyes, root of the nose, or cheeks.

A dull, boring headache is usual; neuralgia of the eyes or jaws, men-

Sinusitis?

tal sluggishness, dizziness, and a generally out-of-sorts feeling. There is a persistent discharge from the nose.

What has happened is that infection (usually after a cold or flu, though the condition may follow hay fever and other nasal trouble) has spread back along the lining of the nose to the linings of the cavities, which are continuous with it.

What can be done for sinus trouble?

Frequently it will clear up if itself. Inflation ("snuffing up") salt solution into the nose is often sufficient to clear the nose and set the cavities draining the right way.

Should infection persist, and the patient pass into a state of chronic lowered health with constant "fullness" in the skull and dull headache, it is best to visit a nose-and-throat specialist, and have the offending cavity drained.

These minor operations are not dangerous, and those who are chronic sinus sufferers are well advised to undergo the "cleaning up," which will make a wonderful improvement in the general health.

All-Purpose Weapons Are Wanted

The fact remains that such cases are exceptional, and for most of the time the Germans have an almost equal fire-power at one-third the transport cost.

All peace-time armies like specialised weapons, developed by their experts until each is perfect for its own limited job. The regulars clings within such arms concentrate on their own subjects and their own prejudices.

Italy Loses Two Planes, Submarine

BERBERA, June 23 (Reuters).—A large Italian bomber made a forced landing near Zeila, the most northerly port of British Somaliland.

The plane was intact and the crew were taken prisoner by patrol of native irregulars.

Loss At Malta

MALTA, June 23 (Reuters).—An Italian bomber was brought down in an air raid on Malta yesterday.

Two of the seven occupants were captured. The remainder perished. There were no British casualties.

Submarine Sunk

LONDON, June 23 (Reuters).—An Admiralty communiqué announces that another Italian submarine has been sunk by gunfire by our light forces operating under the Commander-in-Chief of the East Indies.

RUSH TO FRENCH CONCESSION

Last Development In Shanghai

SHANGHAI, June 24 (Reuters).—Chinese living in the Siccawei district in Shanghai yesterday started an exodus into the French Concession following the circulation of reports that the French authorities intend to withdraw their forces back into the Concession from the Siccawei perimeter.

It is unconfirmedly reported that the French have been conducting negotiations with the Japanese special service section and the City

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Government of Greater Shanghai concerning such withdrawal.

It is expected that the French Police and military will be evacuated in the near future.

Siccawei zone is in Chinese territory in the western part of the city. It was occupied by the French as a defence area in 1937.

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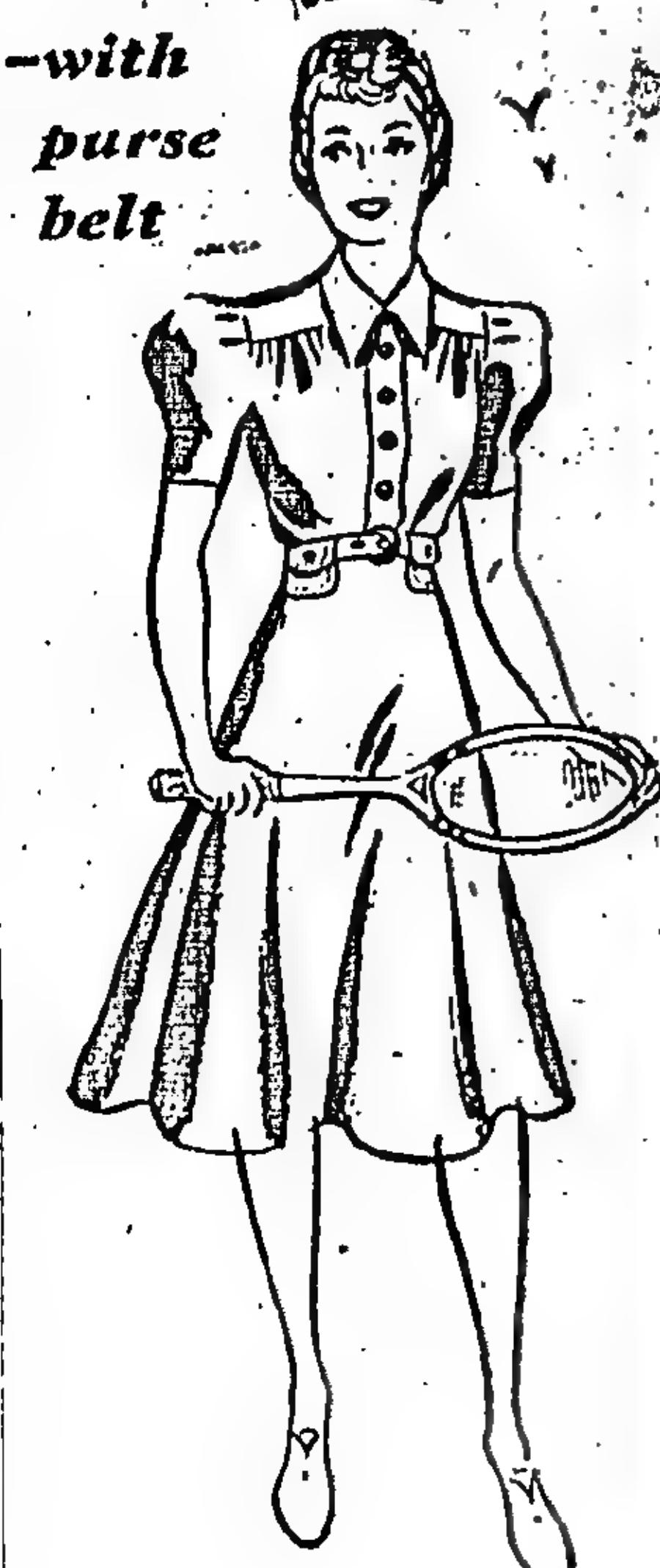
ALL set for the courts. After being indoors all day there is nothing like a game of tennis to keep your limbs supple and to clear away the cobwebs.

Good for tennis time—is a frock that is easy to make and to launder.

The dress shown here is good because a sports or summer frock needs to have a free and easy fitting. There's ample play in the skirt, you'll notice.

Bodice is yoked back and front, and if you want a spot of colour, a bow can be tucked under the collar.

Those purse pockets do away with the necessity of carrying a handbag—small change and handkerchief in one, compact in the other.



New style tennis frock.

WITH CARE

"BETTER put some eggs in a pickle," everyone said, "you may be very glad of them next winter."

My eggs-man let me have some large brown new-laid ones, and I laid them gently in pickle, and as I did so I thought of the way in which eggs have become the universal symbol of things which must be gently handled.

As I laid them edge to edge, I thought of how different the world would be if we handled each other more carefully as we handle eggs.

After all, what's a broken egg? A few coppers wasted, a rather nasty mess to mop up, that's all.

But when we ride roughshod over other people's feelings, without a scrap of consideration, we may leave a trail of broken hearts or broken homes behind us, when we do it on a large scale we leave a trail of violence and destruction.

Why not try to think of human feelings as if they were new-laid eggs, they are just as fragile, and just as easily hurt. Let's handle them as carefully and sensitively—it's one way of helping to put the world straight.

Minnie Pallister

LACE INSERTIONS

When lace insertion in a favourite piece of underwear starts to break, net footing of the same width and colour, placed underneath, will relieve the strain and afford an excellent foundation for mending the broken places.



One pinafore makes four summer suits



Go back to your original pinafore, add to it a little single-breasted jacket made of the same linen (jacket takes 2½ yards). Give it a plain, high, round neck, squared shoulders, and brass buttons down the front. Put in two darts on each shoulder, and two at the waist, and make it long enough to come well down over your hips. Buy three yards of spotted linen in red or dark blue to cover a sailor hat, a bag, and to make short gloves, and you are all set with a TOWN SUIT.



Here's the basis of your four outfit—a perfectly plain pinafore made in natural coloured linen. (If you make it yourself it needs four yards). It has a short, flared skirt cut with a centre seam; bodice dips in a V where it meets the skirt. The bodice itself is darted and zips up the side. The square neckline is a little higher in front than back, and cut in one with its broad shoulder-straps. Give it plenty of room under the arms and you will have a perfect TENNIS FROCK.



Now add a candy-striped silk blouse with long bishop sleeves, fitted at the wrist. The waist is fitted; neck has a neat flat collar opening at the back—wear it under the pinafore and you have a charming childlike COUNTRY OUTFIT.



Well-Dressed Crab

There is nothing nicer than a well-dressed crab for lunch or supper. For freshness choose a crab that feels heavy and stiff.

To dress it you need: 1½ oz. breadcrumbs, 1 oz. butter or margarine, chopped parsley, lemon juice, salt and pepper.

Separate the crab, crack the small claws; and mix the white meat in them with the inside of the crab. Add the breadcrumbs, lemon juice, seasoning and butter, and make it into a paste. Wash and dry the shell and put in this mixture. Flake the white meat from the big claws finely, and pile it each side of the shell. Decorate with chopped parsley and, if you have it, coriander pepper.

Take your pinafore and blouse as before; add a wide sash and turban made in the same striped silk (four yards will make your blouse, sash and turban). Make the turban by gathering strip of silk into a knot on top of your head, leaving the ends free to cross and tie in a bow at the back. Wear the blouse over your pinafore, wind the sash round twice, and tie it in a big bow in front, and you have a smart AFTERNOON SUIT.

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Curing Pimples

By Claud North Chrisman, M.D.

ACNE VULGARIS is the scientific name for a condition that causes more mental distress to girls and boys between the ages of 15 and 20 than any other diseases. Many a social life is ruined by the presence on the face and neck of blackheads and pimples. It is due to excessive activity of the sebaceous glands, particularly on the sides of the nose, cheeks and forehead, behind the ears and on the upper part of the chest and back. One or two bright red pimples on the cheeks or forehead of a 17-year-old girl are a real tragedy.

The appear at puberty as a part of sex development, which causes a thickening of the tissues and increased oil production in the skin. The blackhead comes first, due to the retention of oil in the opening of the follicles, as a result of the thick skin.

Bacteria Develop

At this time the complexion is usually sallow because the blood in the small vessels cannot shine through the thick skin. The openings in the skin become plugged with dried, thickened oil. The end gets block from dirt and exposure to air. This provides a good place for bacteria to develop and some of the blackheads become infected and form pustules or pimples. These usually open and drain a little pus, and disappear, only to pop up again later.

Sometimes the bacteria burrow deeper and form a little boil, which leaves a small scar. In severe cases the pits and scars may be very deep and last through life.

It is a very serious trouble for the person afflicted. Severe involvement may spread to the scalp, causing scrofulous dermatitis with an excess of oil on the hair, followed by dandruff and finally early loss of the hair.

Acne is a direct result of an imbalance of the functions of the glands of internal secretion, particularly the sex and thyroid glands. It is aggravated by youth's insatiable desire for sweets and other carbohydrates dear to the young person's heart or stomach. Consumption, general poor health and an indulgent indoor life, as well as worry about these facial blemishes only add to the activity of the trouble.

Certain drugs such as bromides, iodides, tar and mineral oils may cause acne but unless they are accompanied by blackheads they are not acne and will disappear. Acne should always receive vigorous treatment as soon as it appears. One of the first things to learn is to let the pustules alone.

Thorough Cleansing

With the bare hands, use plenty of hot soapy water, wash off with water as hot as can be borne. Then massage with thumbs and forefingers to press out the oil from the enlarged pores. Then wash again with hot soap and water, rinse with warm and then cold water. This should be done at night and once during the day if possible.

Apply a thin coat of zinc-sulphate paste, rub in thoroughly and remove in the morning. If there are many pimples, lotio alba can be used. Avoid sweets, potatoe, rice, white bread and refined cereals as well as pie, cake and cookies. Figs, dates, prunes, raisins, honey and fresh fruits can be eaten. Butter, milk and cream will fill the lack of potatoe and sweets. Hot water and soap are better than all face creams.

X-ray treatment by an expert will often prove successful. Plenty of sunshine and outdoor exercise keep the skin more active. Especially prepared vaccines are of great help. There is a new paste for local application that is destructive to bacteria, called "antipeel", which causes the pustules to dry up without scarring. Just a little of the paste placed directly on the pustule, once or twice a day for several days, will usually cause them to disappear.

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B. 4022 Gypsy Idyll. Hungarian melodies Vladescu gypsy orch.
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B. 420 South Sea Island Medley. Aloha Oe. Song of the Islands etc. Intro: Twilight Serenaders.
B. 351 Romance in the Moonlight. Pale moon, Gipay moon. Moonlight and roses. I love the moon. Pagan love song. Campoli and his orch.
B. 367 Echoes of the Orient. Chanson hindou. Warriors dance. Dorival Egyptien. Paramount Theatre orch.
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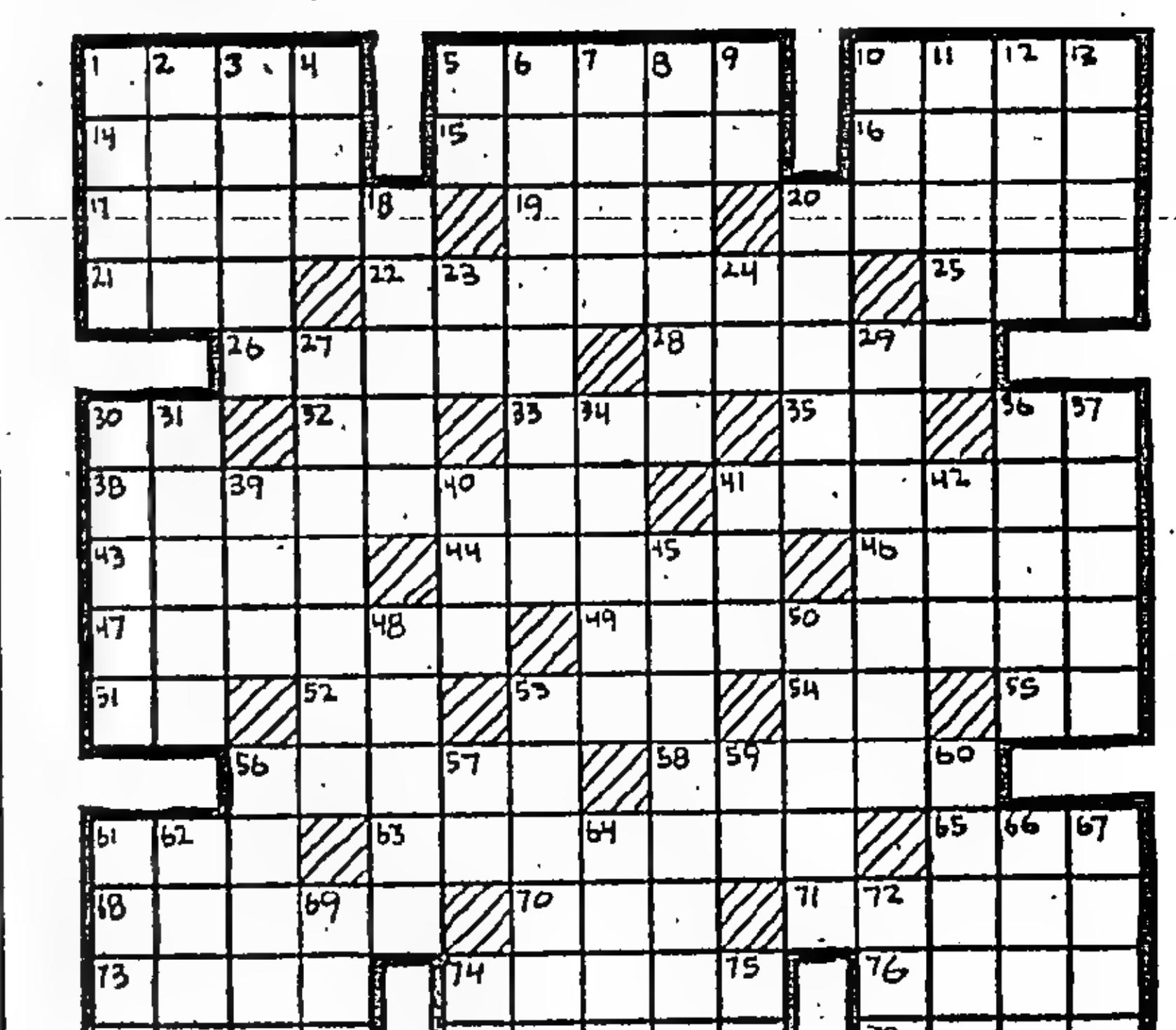
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Crossword Puzzle

By LARS MOELL

ANSWER TO
PREVIOUS PUZZLE

1-German composer	6-Chewing cud
2-Name of a river	7-Haw metal
3-States at arm's length	8-Prick
10-Century plant	9-Old man's
15-Refers to health	10-Propelling device
16-State	11-Fruit of certain
17-Handcart-tree of	12-Legal requirements
18-Cripples	13-Birds of prey
19-Dreams acquainted	14-To make sunburned
20-Strength	21-That man
21-Diction	22-Stealing
22-Brilliant, shrill sound	23-Dealing
23-Postscript (abbr.)	24-Asian
24-Foreign	25-Afghanistan
25-Quart	26-Governor
26-Forward	27-Colonial respect
27-Porting tool	28-Hydrocarbon
28-Name of a personification of soul	29-Love and worship
29-Not redeemed	30-Property of that
30-Prepared for publication	31-Eagle (Bo. African)
31-Book of maps	32-Employment
32-Within	33-Indigo (French)
33-Old world	34-Wind instruments
34-Old world	35-Light-yellowish
35-Name of a shrub	36-Lower
36-Southern state	37-One who makes
37-Name of a shrub	38-African country
38-Name of a shrub	39-Examination of
39-Name of a shrub	40-Hypothetical force
40-Name of a shrub	41-Saint
41-Name of a shrub	42-Musical instrument
42-Name of a shrub	43-Indigo (Bo. African)
43-Knot	44-Name of a shrub
44-Prefix concerning	45-Name of a shrub
45-Have in large quantity	46-Name of a shrub
46-Give birth	47-Name of a shrub
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78-Give birth	79-Name of a shrub



Children To Migrate

Evacuation Scheme Explained

LONDON, June 28 (British Wireless).—Mr. Geoffrey Shakespeare, Under-Secretary for the Dominions, who is Chairman of the recently-constituted Children's Overseas Reception Board, spoke on the wireless this afternoon about the scheme for sending overseas British children between the ages of five and 16, whose parents feel they would thus be safer from war risks than by remaining where they are at present.

He explained that the generous offers which the United Kingdom Government had received from the various Dominion Governments provided, an beginning, for the immediate reception of 20,000 children. He referred also, in terms of warm gratitude, to a similar movement in the United States.

No Mass Migration

Mr. Shakespeare emphasised that there was no question of mass migration. The plan was limited to sending overseas as many children as possible having regard to the inevitable limitations of shipping, to the number of offers for reception, and above all to the need for an orderly and well thought-out scheme ensuring the safety and welfare of the children.

Assault On P.S. Alleged

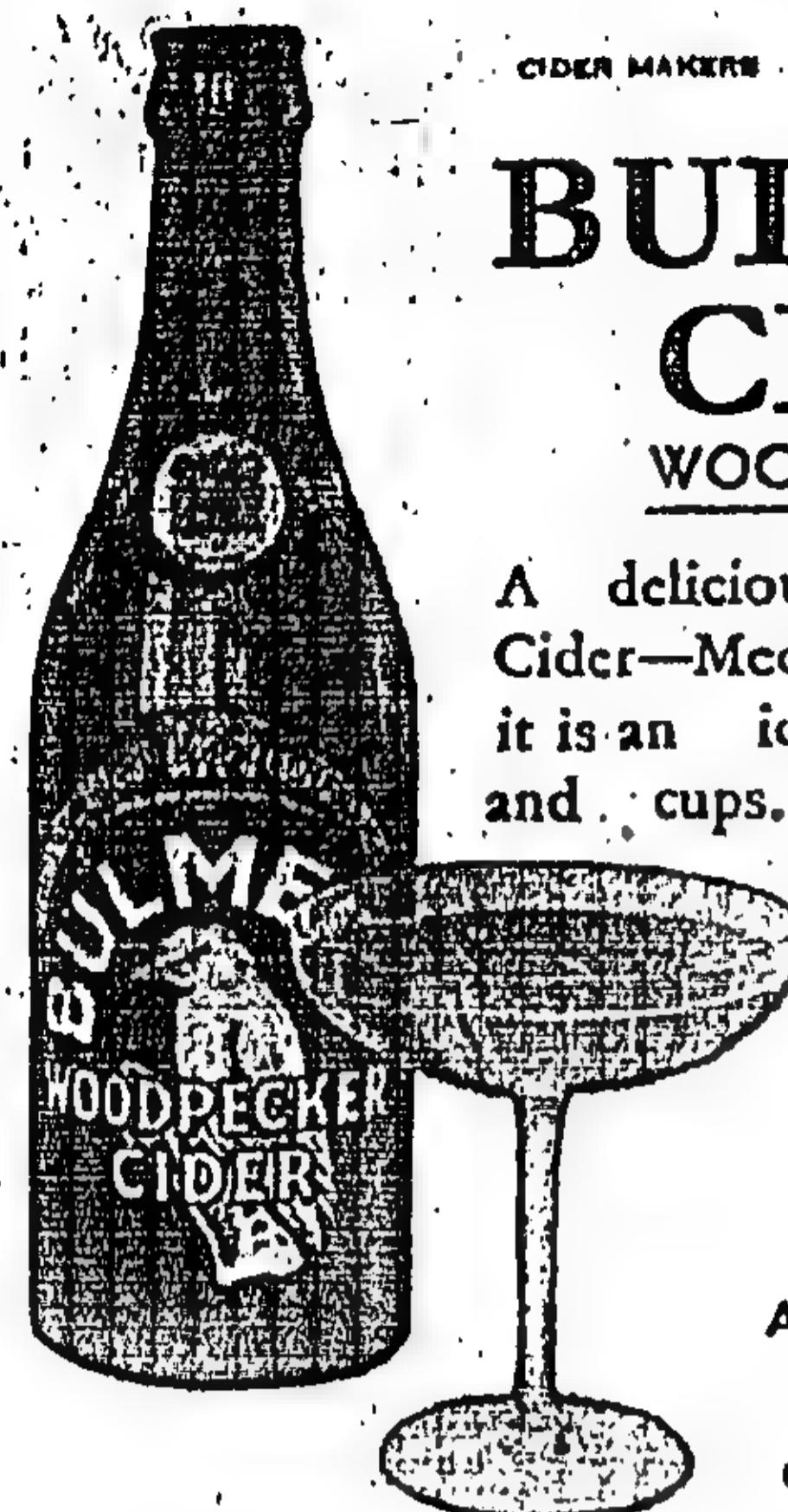
Li Man-tung, 31, a well-dressed Chinese, appeared before Mr. H. G. Sheldon at the Central Magistracy this morning on charges of behaving in a disorderly manner while under the influence of drink at Li Tung Street on June 13. Another charge against him was of assaulting Sgt. Morrison.

Inspector Portallion, who prosecuted, said that Sgt. Morrison was in hospital and was likely to remain there for about three days.

Defendant said that he was drunk at the time and could not recollect what he did.

His Worship observed that assaulting a Police officer was a serious charge and adjourned the case until Friday to hear the evidence of Sgt. Morrison.

It was surely an inspiring thought, he said, that many lovers of freedom for removed from the war zone were ready to look to the safety of Britain's children while she fought the battle of liberty. These children would come back to their parents when the British arms had achieved final victory, as inevitably they must.



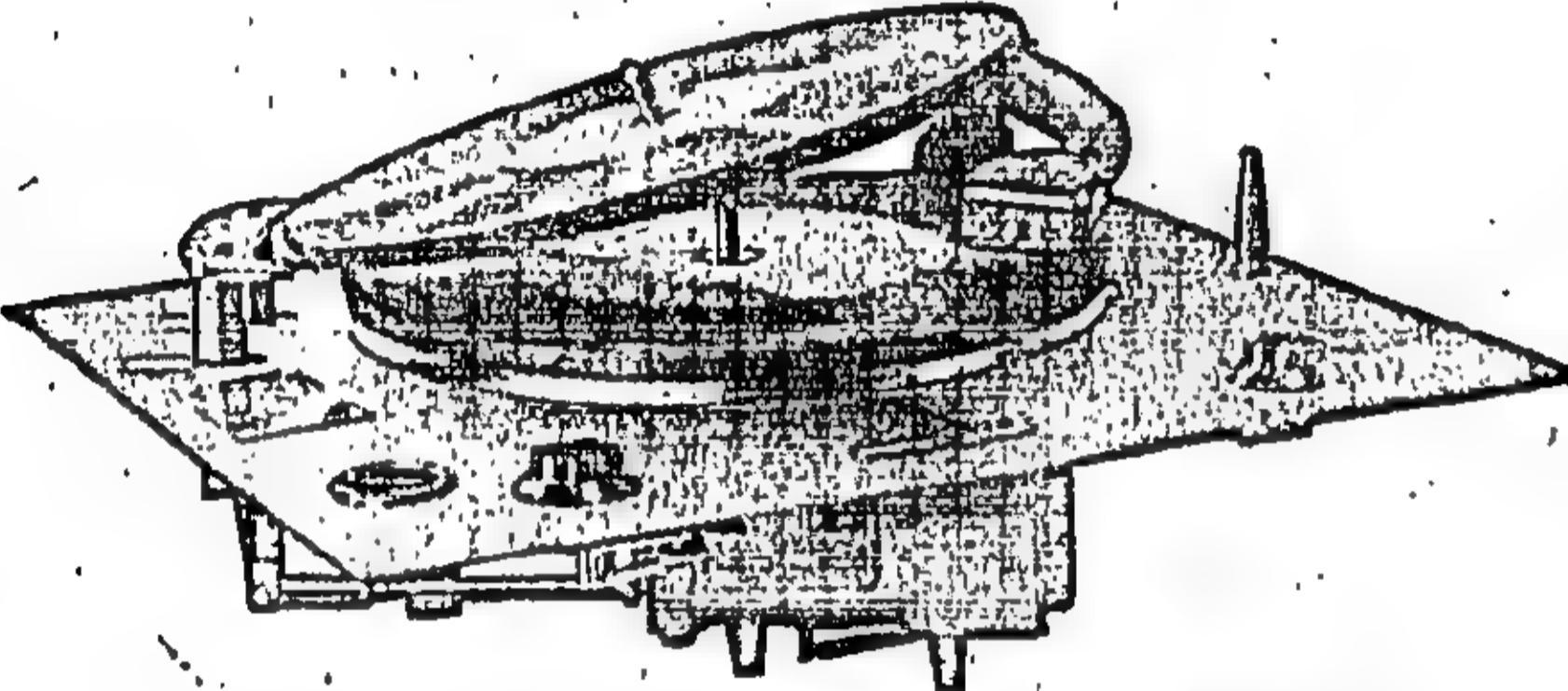
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Fordine Sedan	1937	\$1200.00
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Humber 12 Saloon	1934	\$1000.00
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BIRTH

GLENDINNING.—At the Kowloon Hospital, Hongkong, on June 23, 1940, to Jean, wife of Lyall Glendinning, a daughter.

The Hongkong Telegraph

Monday, June 24, 1940.

Wyndham St., Hongkong

Telephone: 26616

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Capitulation

The German terms for an armistice which we publish to-day is as harsh as was to be expected. They do not, as yet, include the Italian terms, which may be even more harsh. In effect, Marshal Petain has agreed to permit German occupation of more than half of France—the northern half from Geneva in Switzerland to St. Jean de Pied on the Spanish frontier near the Bay of Biscay. This line gives Hitler absolute control of the entire Atlantic seaboard of France. It may be regarded as certain that the line of demarcation was decided upon by Hitler after the conference with Italy, and there seems no reason to doubt that Italy's armistice terms envisage the occupation by Italian troops of the rest of France, including the Mediterranean seaboard. German and Italian troops will, in this case, jointly occupy the frontiers of both Switzerland and Spain.

As anticipated, France must demobilise and disarm, and all her armaments must be surrendered. The Continental blockade of Britain instituted by Napoleon is to be repeated—French shipping is to be swept from the seven seas. All establishments and stocks must be handed over. All fortifications, naval yards and railways and communications become Germany's property, to be utilised against France's ally, France must help break Britain's economic blockade by facilitating the transport of merchandise between the Totalitarians. German prisoners of war must be released in order that they can fight against Britain, but all French prisoners will remain in captivity. The French fleet is to be recalled to French territorial waters "to be disarmed and interned under German and Italian control" in ports to be specified by the Totalitarians—as far as can be placed upon Hitler's word that French submarines and French warships will not be used against Britain if the opportunity presents itself.

Those are the Armistice terms. They are a farce—the French may expect when the time comes to sign the actual Peace Terms. Even Marshal Petain must realise what those terms will be. France, disarmed and broken will be at the mercy of an enemy who has shown no mercy to the half-score nations he had previously conquered.

France, said Marshal Petain, sought an honourable peace. What honour is there in a peace that is founded upon broken obligations? What of France's promise to Poland that her despoiled lands would be restored? Her promises to Czechoslovakia, to Norway, to Holland and Belgium? Her solemn promise to Britain that the Allied cause was inseparable—that both would sink or swim together?

The French people have not let us down. Their leaders have. All Britons—Englishmen, Canadians, Australians, South Africans, New Zealanders, Colonials; people who have shown the world what union and indissolubility really mean—salute the memory of the brave French soldiers who have sacrificed



Hitler's deadly work in the Danube countries

By Dr. Emmery Barcs

Hungary, Yugoslavia, and Rumania— are, at the eleventh hour, trying to root out the traitors within their frontiers.

In this article Dr. Emmery Barcs shows how skilfully the Nazis have penetrated and undermined the countries of the Danubian Basin.

IN fact, he does not deal with any commercial affairs.

This was expected of them. It was their job to get acquainted with everybody, learn everything about the leading politicians, their past, their desires, perhaps their pecuniary cares; to make connections with officers and Government officials.

After the journalists came to power, the Nazi white-anting of Europe began. Hungary, Yugoslavia, and Rumania were given special attention.

This was Hitler's first attack.

He sent diplomats, on special missions to the Legations of Budapest, Belgrade, and Bucharest. Their first task was to Nazify the 500,000 Germans in Hungary, the 750,000 in Rumania, and the 50,000 in Yugoslavia. After that they were to establish Hungarian, Rumanian, and Yugoslav National Socialist Parties.

The journalists and travel agents were a facade for Nazi propaganda and intrigue.

They could not be touched because they had the protection of the German Legation and the tired officer called Altgayer was of great help to him.

In Hungary, von Mackensen, now German Ambassador to Rome, directed Nazi propaganda up to the spring of 1938. His tool was Francis Szalasi, a retired major, who (rejected by the Left Wing) became a National Socialist.

K. Kulturbund were branded as traitors to Germany. Szalasi and his set prepared a revolution at the end of 1937, and after Munich, the Kulturbund gave in. In November, they accepted the programme of Altgayer and were incorporated in the younger generation.

At the energetic demand of cleft. Since then Herr Neuhausen, the Hungarian Government, the son and his assistant, Altgayer, Ambassador was removed; but Turn to Page 9, Second Column

Hunting The U-Boats

SUBMARINES are not the easiest things to locate, when you consider how small they are and how big the seas in which they do their deadly work. With a surface ship you know what you are up against; know they must keep to certain areas, call at appointed rendezvous to refuel, be in sight of some ship at some time, so that warnings and alarms can be spread.

Not so with the underwater jerker—he is secret as well as silent. The biggest argument in his favour is that anything visible on the surface is a potential enemy, to be treated accordingly. And, as he can submerge in 25 seconds, it does not give the earnest seekers too much of a chance, even though his whirling engines below the surface are easily audible to trained watchers in the hunting ships.

Germany's undersea navy is a negligible factor. U-boats can choose their own time for attack; and if a poked-up periscope shows that there are risks in making offensive action, the submarine can be dourgo until a more favourable opportunity occurs. After all, there are sure to be plenty of opportunities. The Nazi argues, with these British using the high seas as if they were their own.

What Periscopes Show

The periscope reflects a perfectly clear picture of a surface vessel on the screenable in the navigating room. Silhouettes thus seen have certain characteristics. A merchantman is pretty well unmissable—especially as the periscope prisms magnify considerably, and even show whether the target is fitted with a gun.

And the U-boat fitted with directional hydrophones (a kind of submerged telephone) can tell from the post of the ship or a ship's hull, a propeller, transmitted through the water and magnified in the hydrophones, whether the visible vessel is equipped with bone-side merchantman's engines. The number of revolutions differs a lot, as between Red Ensign and White.

A warship, too, has finer lines than a freighter. If the U-boat commander gets a bow-on view on an approaching ship he can tell at a glance whether she is the ordinary bulked-tramp or something turned out from a Navy yard—speed, armed and equipped with wonderful devices for his detection and destruction.

So that to deal satisfactorily with the U-boat menace is anything but an easy job. The Nazi desires action. He hears distant engine-beats transmitted through his hydrophones. He counts them. A merchantman goes his periscope. A freighter's silhouette is framed in the screen. Definite prey!

Lying Low

But the ponderous beat of the tramp's propeller might deaden or jam the thinner beat of an escort's screw. Therefore the periscope sweeps the visible horizon in search of any suspicious smoke. If he sees that he understands that to attack might be perilous. He therefore remains totally submerged, even with his periscope below the surface, and lies low. As I said, another chance will offer.

But destruction is not advertised—oh! Perhaps when they do make contact, and do not want to make post-mortem of its victim—so that the U-boat, deadened of fuel and supplies, blunders into trap.

Or, perhaps the Nazi, being suspicious, may try to carry out without fuel and stores, and die standing. The losses, however, are not always listed, one reason being that it is impossible to keep track of under-sea craft which meet with this dismal fate of simply vanishing.

It is disclosing no secret to say that the most effective weapon against submarine is a weight of T.N.T., exploding under water, disturbs anything within a considerable radius.

If it doesn't crack, the Nazi's hide it, perhaps him into sight, when gunners puncture him in the water, so that his hide is an impossibility. For a punctured U-boat cannot dive; it must make off on the surface, and its speed is not sufficient to allow it to elude chasers who are instant.

When the U.S. joined forces with us in the war, they disclosed what they had the Splinter Fleet—a large number of speedy small craft, each carrying a dozen depth charges and a gun. And when these were not always listed, one reason was that it is impossible to keep track of under-sea craft which meet with this dismal fate of simply vanishing.

We have small craft, faster, more powerful than the Splinter Fleet, and these waspish ships are capable of putting down such a barrage as will find any U-boat, if within its radius of action.

The Air Weapon

Many cases are cited in the last war of mechanicians defeating a U-boat at its own game—by dodging, and the use of engines; and the Red Ensign crowd came quickly, and when the Nazi's hide is not attacking sheep, any more. Merchantmen have been taught how to elude him, if no armed vessel is available to pitcher him completely.

There's a regular armada of anti-submarine craft very effective. One is the aeroplane. In the last war we used Q-boats to decoy the U-boat to its doom; but once their secret was disclosed, their utility vanished. Instead, the Red Ensign crowd used R.F.F. and the Fleet Air Arm. These are a weapon not much used in '40.

The aeroplane to-day is a fine weapon against submarine. There was nothing wrong with the recent rescue of a torpedoed U-boat.

It is not the Nazi's hide that has been delivered a little earlier, the Nazi must inevitably have

Weighing up the facts, it would be rather be the captain of an armoured merchantman than of a torpedoed submarine.

Australian Football League Results

MELBOURNE, June 24. (UP).—All Australian Rule matches were played in Victoria, South Australia and Westralia on Saturday in fine weather.

Melbourne narrowly nosed out North for top score in Victoria when they beat the Saints on the M.C.C. ground by 123 to 112 in a fast game, marked by excellent marking.

Hawthorn, with only 46 points, had lowest score, Geelong trouncing them by 12 goals, 18 behinds to six goals, ten behinds.

In South Aust. Norwood were highest scorers with 135 points, West Adelaide being lowest with 95 points. All games were fairly even.

In the West, West Perth trounced the city by 147 to 58 points to score not only the highest tally in the West Australian League but also of all games played in the three States. Subiaco scored lowest with 51 points. Following are the results:

VICTORIA

Melbourne 17-21 (123) beat St. Kilda 16-10 (112)
Essendon 12-10 (82) beat Richmond 12-5 (77)
North Melbourne 18-12 (120) beat Carlton (110)
Fitzroy 10-30 (80) beat South Melbourne 10-17 (77)
Geelong 12-18 (90) beat Hawthorn 6-10 (46)
Footscray 15-10 (100) beat Collingwood 12-12 (84)

SOUTH AUSTRALIA

Port Adelaide 15-10 (100) beat North Adelaide 10-8 (104)
Norwood 19-21 (135) beat West Adelaide 13-17 (95)
South Adelaide 16-0 (108) beat Sturt 14-14 (98)
Glencoe 17-12 (114) beat Torrens 15-23 (113)

WEST AUSTRALIA

West Perth 20-27 (147) beat Perth 8-10 (58)
Claremont 16-20 (116) beat Swan District 14-14 (88)
East Perth 12-16 (88) beat Subiaco 6-15 (51)
South Fremantle 14-18 (102) beat East Fremantle 13-11 (89)

B.W.O.F. DONATIONS

Fund Now Reaches \$561,824

The British War Organisation Fund has reached \$561,824, according to a statement issued this morning.

Several four-figure donations have been received since last week, including \$2,250.00 from the Chinese Chamber of Commerce and the Chung Sing Benevolent Society; and \$1,000 each from the Asia Life Insurance Co., C. V. Starr & Co., Underwriters Bank for the Far East Inc., Metropolitan Land Co. Ltd., American Asiatic Underwriters and International Assurance Co. Ltd.

Following is a complete list of the latest donations:

Previously Acknowledged	\$550,043.17
P.S. & Surveyors in Memory of J. Lovick & Co. (China)	12
Ltd. for Stamps	100
Calderbank Macgregor & Co. Ltd. for Monthly	40
Sale of Stamps	214
Lum Fook-lye (Monthly)	29
Anonymous	3
Anonymous	20
Anonymous	100
"The Family"	00
The Ship's Company, H.M.S. "Thames"	20
Dr. H. Williams	150
L. H. Williams	150
Q.A.M.N.S. Mess	100
M. G. Griffiths (Monthly)	20
The Union Trading Co. Ltd.	230
Sale of Stamps	40
St. Stephen's Girls School Ambulance Fund	000
Asia Life Insurance Co.	1,000
U.S.A. Underwriters Bank for the Far East Inc.	1,000
Dr. H. Williams	1,000
Metropolitan Land Co. Ltd.	1,000
D. C. Edmonston (Monthly)	250
Rev. and Mrs. T. A. Broadbent	100
Mrs. E. Riley	00
Central British School	250
American Asiatic Underwriters	1,000
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Dr. H. Williams	1,000
Metropolitan	

K'LOON Y.M.C.A. GALA AT LAICHIKOK

Lai Tsun Assn. Again Win Open Relay: Mak Wai-ming's Success

(By "RIPPLE")

THE LAI TSUN Swimming Union gained their third successive victory in Open Medley Relay races when they beat the Chinese Bathing Club quartette by an arm's length in the 400 metres (four styles) Medley Relay held yesterday at the Kowloon Chinese Y.M.C.A.'s gala at Laichikok.

Mak Wai-ming, former Colony champion, made a welcome and successful return to competitive swimming, winning both events for which he entered—the 100 metres free-style in the fairly good time of 67.2/5 secs., and the 200 metres breast-stroke in 3 mins. 12.7/10 secs.

The 150 metres free-style relay for members of the Winter Swimmers Club, was clearly the most popular race, and Lee Hon-ke's team received a rousing cheer when they finished just ahead of Yeung Man-kit's team.

THE RELAY

Four teams competed for the Medley Relay, Lai Tsun "A" and "B", C.B.C. and Tung Wing. Lai Tsun's Pool Wing-kuai again went off to a nice start, and his lead of half a body's length over Yeung Tat-kwan (C.B.C.) was maintained till he handed over to Fung Chung-yu. Enrique Chan (C.B.C.) reduced this lead, and in a fine last quarter spurt drew level with Fung.

Chan Chan-nam, swimming the side-stroke for Lai Tsun, took the water just ahead of Robert Chan, and Lai Tsun was again able to gain the lead to which Tsang Cheung-wing added slightly to win by half a body's length from Lo Yuk-wing (C.B.C.) anchor man.

WATER POLO

In the water polo match, Y.M.C.A. engaged a team from C.B.C., and a last minute goal by Robert Chan from well out gave C.B.C. victory over the "Y" 1-0.

Both sides presented strong defences, but C.B.C. had the better attack. The shooting on both sides, however, were very inaccurate. Enrique Chan came in for some powerful long shots, which were just off the mark.

THE RESULTS

Results:

50 metres free-style (members)—1, Yeung Man-kit; 2, Poon Huen-sing; 3, Wong Kwo-kuen. Time—32.4/5.

100 metres free-style (members)—1, Mak Wai-ming; 2, Yau Sui-kwan; 3, Wong Cheung-hung. Time—67.2/5.

50 metres free-style (ladies)—1, Miss Siu Yip Kwan-fong. Time—49.1/5.

400-metres-open-medley-relay-(back, breast, side-stroke and free-style)—1, Lai Tsun "B" (Pool Wing-kuai, Fung Chung-yu, Chan Chan-nam and Tsang Cheung-wing); 2, C.B.C. (Yung Tat-kwan, Enrique Chan, Robert Chan and Lo Yuk-wing); 3, Lai Tsun "B" (Lau Yiu-ting, Tang Sik-chuen, Yau Sui-kwan and Lau Tai-ping). Time—51.8/9.10.

100 metres breast-stroke (ladies)—1, Miss Lo Tak-cheng; 2, Miss Chan Kit-kei; 3, Siu Kwei-lin. Time—1.65.

Water Polo—C.B.C. 1, Y.M.C.A. 0.

C.B.C. (Po King-fook, Enrique Chan, Yung Tat-fai, Chan Yuen-fat, Fung Chung-yu, Robert Chan Wong Cheuk-nin.)

Y.M.C.A. (Wo Tso-kiu, Yeung Man-kit, Chan Kam-fai, So Pak-fai, Kung Yee-lik, Chan Kwok-kwan and Cheung Chi-leung.)



A MEASURE. A. O. Madar (I.R.C.) measuring for the shot in the Indian R.C.-Craigengower C.C. First Division Lawn Bowls match on Saturday. A. E. Coates and J. W. Leonard (C.C.C.) look on.—Ming Yuen.

Lawn Bowls League

Craigengower Keep Pace With Recreio 'A': Indian R.C. Defeated

CRAIGENGOWER Cricket Club kept pace with the Club de Recreio "A" in the Lawn Bowls League matches on Saturday, defeating the Indian Recreation Club while the Portuguese senior team accounted for the "B" team and maintained their two points' lead in the First Division. Three games were postponed on account of the rain.

150 metres relay (members) of Y.M.C.A. Winter Club, Lee Hon-ke's team, (Lee Hon-kei, Wong Man-kit, Poon Chung-Sam) 2, Yeung Man-kit, (Yeung Man-kit, Chan Kwok-lik, Pang Luen-sing.)

200 metres breast-stroke (members)

1, Mak Wai-ming; 2, Fung Wai-chung; 3, Wong Kwok-tim. Time—3.12 7/10.

50 metres free-style (members)

1, Yeung Man-kit; 2, Sung Yue-tak; 3, Chap Tsui. Time—32.

Death Of Famous Cricketer

Mr. M.A. Noble

SYDNEY, June 22 (Reuters)—M. A. Noble, one of the most famous Australian Test cricketers, died here to-day.

M. A. Noble was born in 1873. He played cricket for New South Wales and one of the most notable feats of his Sheffield Shield career is that he made four centuries in succession during the two Australian tours of 1899-1900, 1900-1901 and 1909-1910. He held a record sixth wicket partnership for 425 runs, scoring 204, with W. W. Armstrong (172 not out), in the match Australia against Sussex at Hove in 1902.

In 1903, while touring in England, Noble scored 2,004 runs in 40 innings, his highest score being 207, with an average of 44.34.

In Australia in 1907-08 he scored 1,071 runs in 18 innings, his highest score being 176, and his average 59.00. During his career he scored 37 centuries.

BASKETBALL LEAGUE

Kwong Tai University Practically Assured Of Being Runners-Up

(By "GUARD")

KWONG TAI UNIVERSITY seem slated for runners-up honours to Sing Tao in the premier cage league when they subdued Wah Kiu 54-33 in a series of brilliant set plays at the Chinese Y.M.C.A. on Wednesday last. Their star player, Lo Tung, was indisposed, but his absence did in no way prove disconcerting, in fact, the squad's versatility laid bare the glaring need of advice from a side-line coach.

Saturday's top-liner featured a Chinese "Y" quintette, still smarting from their "victory-snatched-from-their-grasp" defeat by Sing Tao recently. They wreaked their vengeance on a weak Combined Banks' outfit 68-32.

THE SCORES

Wednesday

FIRST DIVISION

Kwong Tai 54 Wah Kiu 33

SECOND DIVISION

Cheng Chick 35 Sun Chung 45

Saturday

FIRST DIVISION

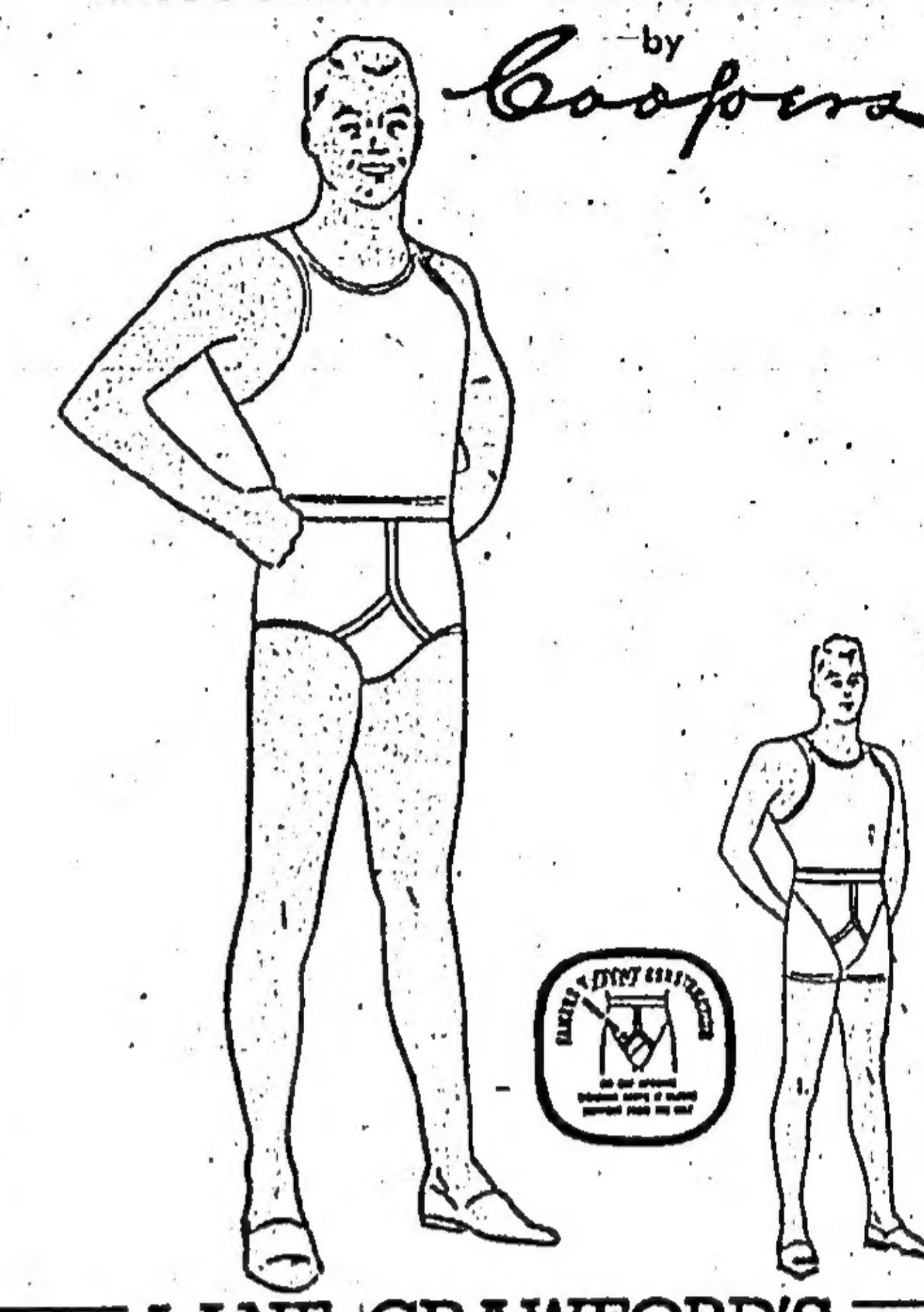
Chinese "Y" 68 Combined Banks 32

SECOND DIVISION

Ching Mo 42 Lal Hang 45

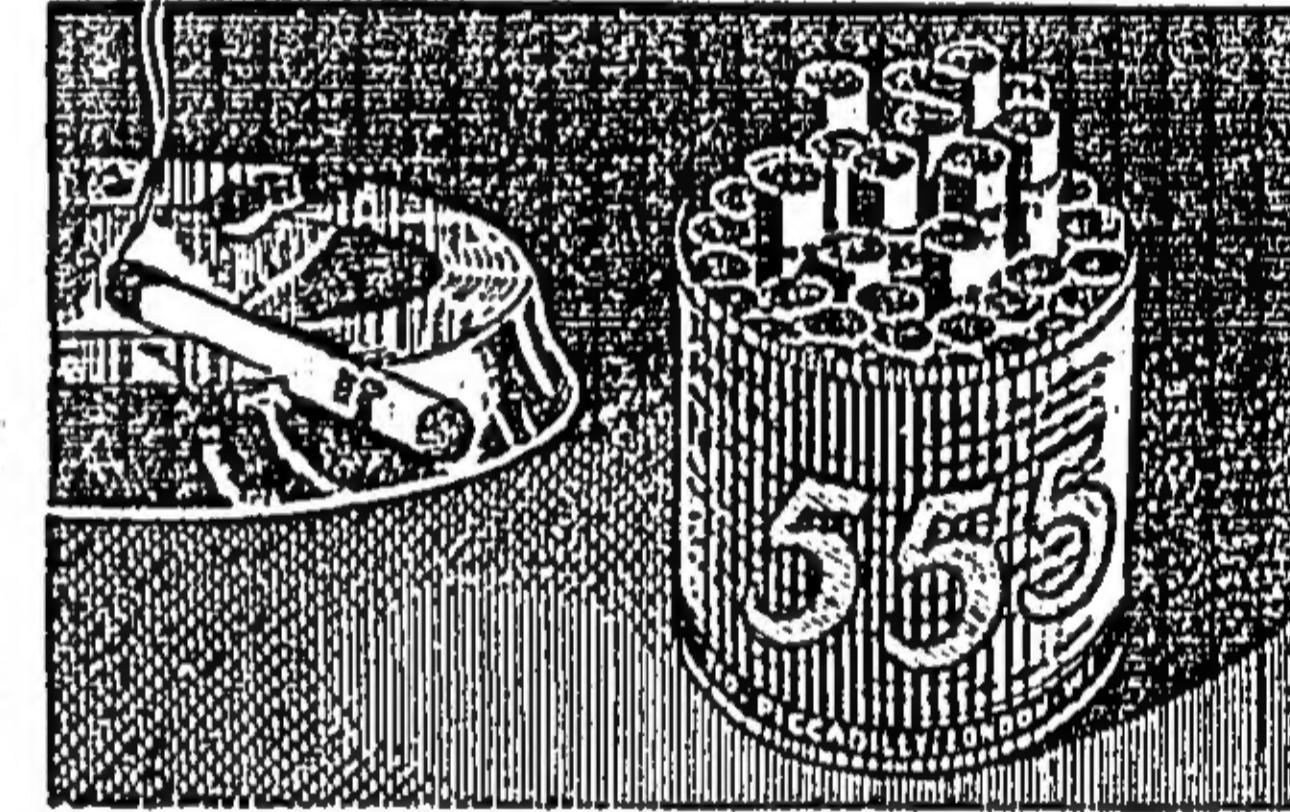
St. Paul 68 Yau Yau 24

July 28/51.
"COOL and FULL of PEP"
SAY THOSE WHO SUMMER IN
MASCULINIZED UNDERWEAR



LANE CRAWFORD'S

The House of Quality & Service



It's THE QUALITY THAT MATTERS

It is not by chance alone that State Express 555 are known as "the best cigarette in the world." The discriminating palates of almost two generations attest to this fact, yet they cost so little more to enjoy.

STATE EXPRESS

555

50 for \$1.30

THE BEST CIGARETTE IN THE WORLD • COSTS SO LITTLE MORE



Count the
"TELEGRAPHHS"
everywhere

MAKE YOUR
MINT JULEPS, HIGHBALLS
AND OLD FASHIONEDS
WITH

OLD SCHENLEY
RYE or BOURBON

AMERICA'S FINEST
WHISKIES

SOLE AGENTS

Caldbeck, Macgregor & Co., Ltd.

Water-polo Team

THE EASTERN Bathing Club's water polo team is to meet the Royal Scots in a friendly encounter at North Point this evening at 8 p.m. Eastern's line-up will be chosen from the following: Woo Cho-kin; Lo Slik-kwan; Lei Sze-chui; Kwok Fung-sun; Kan Man-cheung; Shek Kam-pui; Ng Chor; Lee Fok-ki; Yeung Man-kit; Siu Hung-yu; Yeung Kai-wa.

CLOSE AND EXCITING

Yesterday's game was close and exciting. The local team, which took the name of Chung Hwa scored their run in the opening inning and thereafter were whitewashed over the remaining six. Tsim rallied in the fifth frame and eventually won with the three runs then scored.

ST. PAUL easily disposed of a nondescript Yau Yau team 68-24 in a very one-sided encounter in which St. Paul players appeared to be having a practice shoot rather than a league game.

Liu Tim-fun (17), Yam Siu-fai (16), Chan Tim-bin (12), and Chan Wah-hui (11), made great pretence to break through in a flurry of doceful plays.

You Yau's shooting on the whole was surprisingly inaccurate, Lai Sui-yuen, who obtained some excellent goals to tally 10 points for his side, gave the game my life.

St. Paul's passing, under the circumstances, was excellent, their shooting, even more so.

NANCY



By Ernie Bushmiller

RACING RESULTS FROM MACAO

Governor's Cup Sweep Won By No. 17627

DIVIDENDS were satisfactory to punters at the June Race Meeting held at Macao yesterday, lowest dividend for a win being \$10.80 and the highest \$57.50. First prize in the "Governor's Cup" sweepstakes amounted to only \$6,750, and this was won by ticket No. 17627.

Most successful jockey was Mr. F. A. Sequela who registered wins on New Bedford and King's Worthy in the Hark Sha Wan H'cap (Second Section) and the Consolation Stakes respectively.

H. S. Chang had the distinction of being placed in all five events in which he rode. He won the Governor's Cup on Meadow Eve and was placed second in each of the remaining four races.

Cash Sweep Winners Governor's Cup

The results were:
HARK SHA WAN H'CAP (First Section). Half-mile.
Tim (133), G. Cooper 1
Radium Star (101), H. S. Chang 2
Heddon (140), Chiu Ki-fan 3
Won by a short head; half a length.
Time: 1.03.
Parl-mutuel—Winner, \$20.40. Places—\$3.10, \$3.10, \$3.10.
Six starters.

RACE 1
No. 17627 \$54.00
17643 \$1,020.74
No. 11118 \$604.30
Unplaced (\$107.15 each)—19014, 19035, 1602, 13029, 16077, 10443, 20410, 16530, 23023.

RACE 2
No. 320 \$410.40
No. 19 \$110.00
No. 200 \$50.00
Unplaced (\$22.20 each)—316, 151, 341.

HARK SHA WAN H'CAP (Second Section). Half-mile.

New Bedford (160), F. A. Sequela 1
Mac's Adventure (155), H. S. Chang 2
King's Envoy (156), Hoo Pak-ming 3
Radium Star (141), Chiu Ki-fan 4
Won by a short head; half a length.
Time: 1.03.
Parl-mutuel—Winner, \$20.40. Places—\$3.10, \$3.10, \$3.10.
Six starters.

RACE 3
No. 410 \$244.10
No. 19 \$97.70
No. 307 \$34.00
Unplaced (\$60.70 each)—177, 111, 475, 341.

RACE 4
No. 410 \$200.00
No. 320 \$75.70
No. 373 \$37.00
Unplaced (\$13.00 each)—246, 403, 360.

RACE 5
No. 88 \$402.20
No. 39 \$133.63
No. 357 \$60.00
Unplaced (\$18.00 each)—52, 352, 36, 335.

RACE 6
No. 13 \$450.00
No. 70 \$120.50
No. 99 \$64.20
Unplaced (\$23.80 each)—123, 480, 413.

GEORGE POTTS MEMORIAL CUP. One mile.

Black Diamond (152), J. Noloso 1
The Mermaid (153), Chiu Ki-fan 2
Heddon (140), H. S. Chang 3
Won by a neck; many lengths.
Time: 2.24.
Parl-mutuel—Winner, \$37.50. Places—\$3.10, \$3.10, \$7.20.
Six starters.

THE GOVERNOR'S CUP. One mile.

Meadow Eve (143), H. S. Chang 1
Fairy Queen (156), J. Noloso 2
Won by half a length; one length.
Time: 2.22.
Parl-mutuel—Winner, \$12.20. Places—\$3.10, \$3.10, \$5.00.
Seven starters.

KAN HOO H'CAP. Half mile.

Summer (140), K. F. Chiu 1
Double Chance (146), W. N. Yeh 3
Won by two lengths; two lengths.
Time: 2.04.
Parl-mutuel—Winner, \$10.00. Places—\$3.10, \$3.10, \$3.10.
Six starters.

CONSOLIDATION STAKES. Half mile.

King's Worthy (142), F. A. Sequela 1
Desert Star (145), H. S. Chang 2
Sunshine Suite (143), Hoo Pak-ming 3
Won by one length; five lengths.
Time: 2.04.
Parl-mutuel—Winner, \$20.00. Places—\$6.50, \$3.10, \$3.10.
Six starters. National Anthem was withdrawn.

Armed Robbers Captured

Armed with a revolver and rifle, three unknown Chinese committed an armed robbery in Mirs Bay on Sunday, but were captured by the Water-police before they could make their escape.

Loung Chao-wan, master of boat No. 3804-W reports that at about 8 a.m. yesterday, off Mirs Kung-wan, Mirs Bay, Junk No. 2930-W came alongside and three robbers, armed with a revolver and rifle, boarded his vessel and stole fish, rice, money and two awnings to the value of \$20.

The robbers were intercepted shortly afterwards by Police Launch No. 4.

BRITAIN'S AIR WAR R.A.F. Hammer Away At Nazis

LONDON, June 23 (Reuter)—"Bomber aircraft of the R.A.F. yesterday delivered a daylight attack on an enemy occupied aerodrome at Merville, to the west of Lille," states an Air Ministry communiqué.

"Despite heavy anti-aircraft fire, a series of shallow dive attacks was made on the hangars as well as on aircraft on the landing ground.

Nazis Lose Aircraft

"During the day offensive patrols were flown by our fighters over France and, as a result of an encounter, one Messerschmitt 110 was shot down. It is considered that a further six enemy aircraft were probably destroyed.

"One of our fighters is missing. It has now been established that during the course of night attacks on this country by enemy aircraft during the last week, two enemy bombers were brought down and destroyed by our balloon barrage.

"These two enemy losses are additional to those already reported as having been inflicted by our fighter aircraft and anti-aircraft gun-fire."



H.M.S. EUROPA, where these pictures were taken, was once the pleasure garden of a popular East Coast resort. It is now the depot for 2,000 fishermen who have volunteered for naval patrol work.

After an intensive course of training in

war duties the recruits will be drafted to anti-submarine trailers, minesweepers and armed drifters.

Below you see the boiler-firing department, where recruits learn the rhythmic actions of stoking—coal being represented by pebbles.



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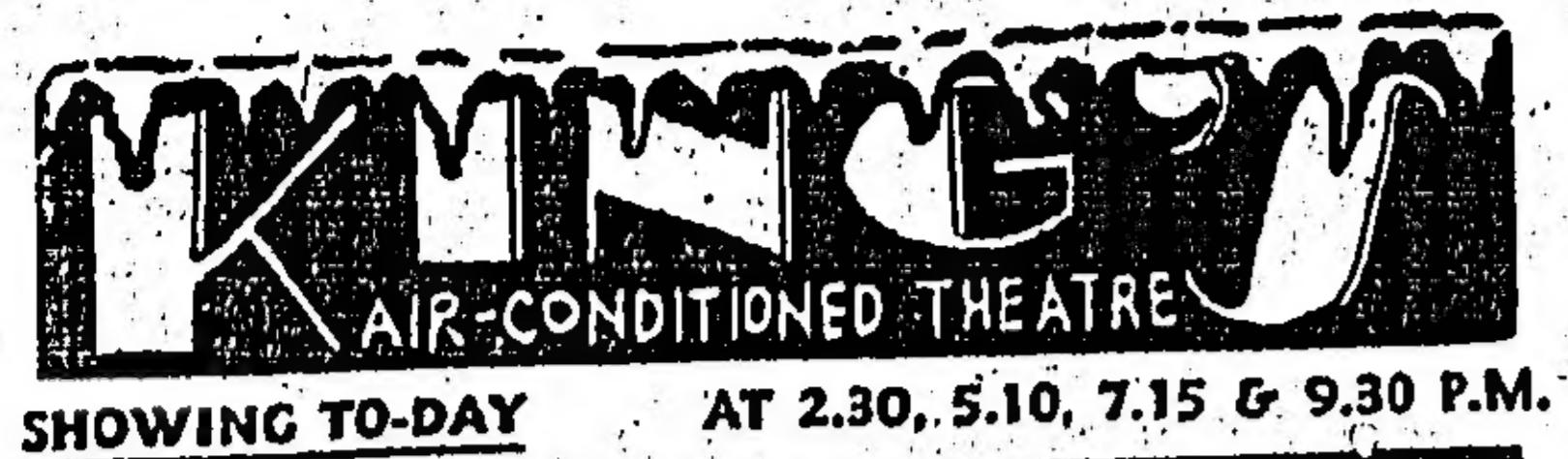
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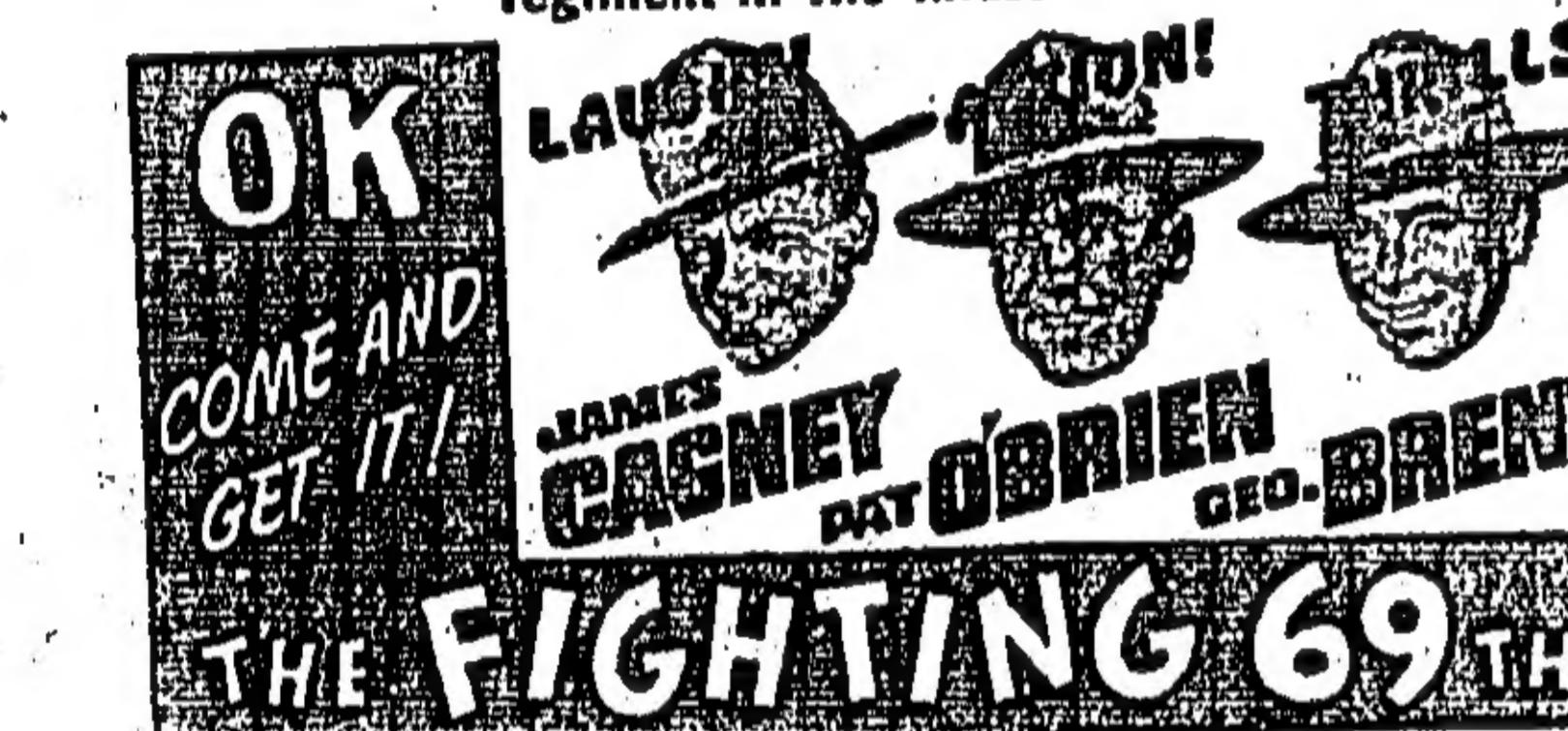
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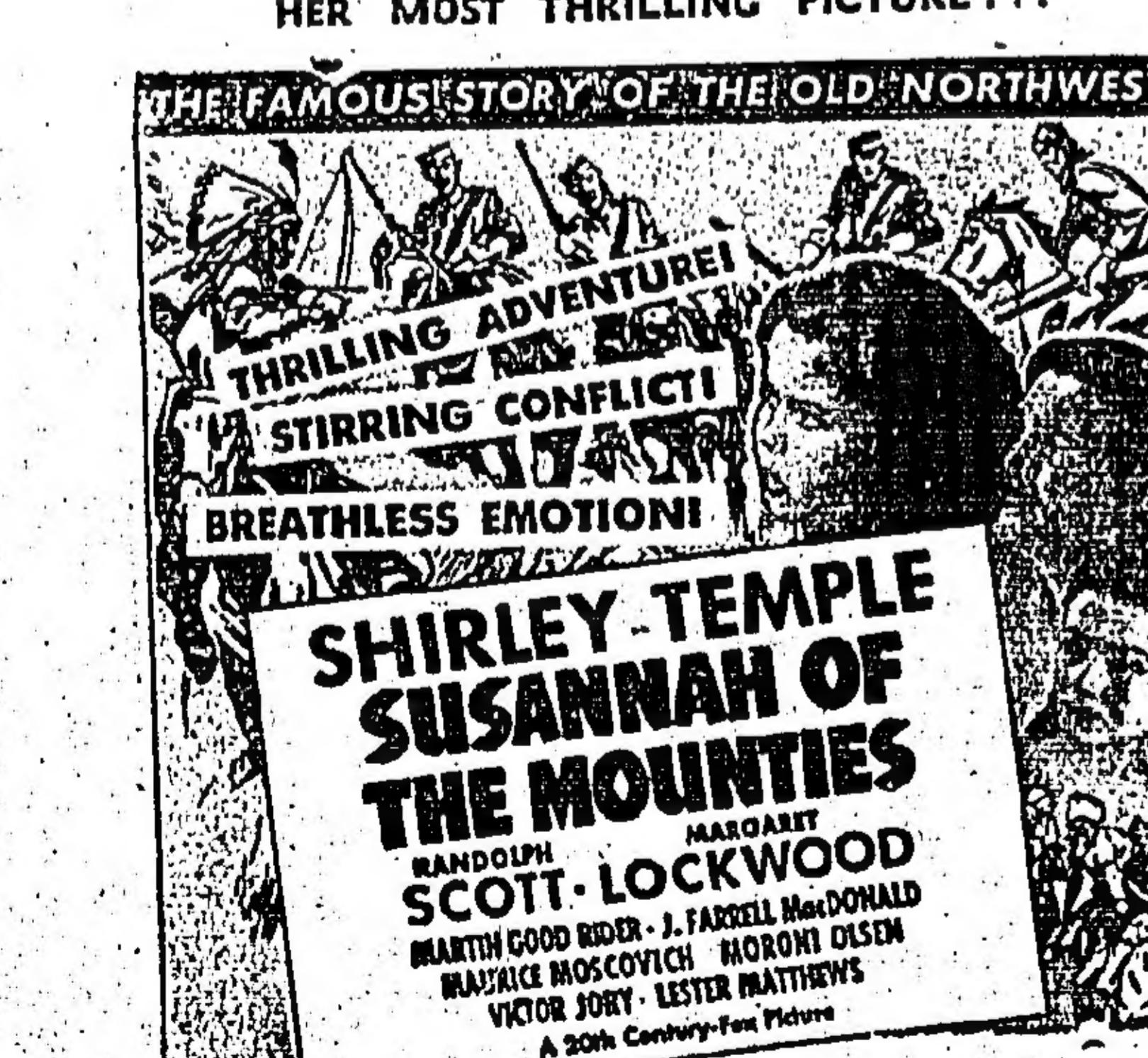
ROUSING ACTION PICTURE WITH 5000 PLAYERS! Where the fighting's fiercest, the thrills are thickest and the laughs are loudest, you'll find this fightin' Irish regiment in the midst of it.



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Added Attraction: LATEST MOVIEONE NEWS Directly After The King's Theatre

• TO-MORROW & WEDNESDAY • VICTOR McLAGLEN, JACKIE COOPER in "BIG GUY" A New Universal Picture

Spectators Rush Supreme Court WOMAN CHARGED WITH MURDER

The Court of the Chief Justice, Sir Atholl MacGregor, was this morning filled to overflowing, the occasion being the trial of Kwan Lai-chun, 31-year-old married woman, who is charged with the murder of Lam Lin-kwai, concubine, one of three persons whom she is alleged to have killed.

Long before the case was due to start, the Court was packed, and so great was the rush that the doors leading to the corridors had to be closed and many late-comers ejected.

Mr. J. P. Murphy, Assistant Crown Solicitor, is for the prosecution, and Kwan is defended by Mr. D. J. N. Anderson, instructed by Mr. P. Wynter-Blyth.

The following is the Jury: Messrs. M. A. de Carvalho (Foreman), Lau Ting, J. A. dos Remedios, K. E. M. Caudron, S. Hassan, L. Tam and Chan Siu-nam.

Crown Case Outlined

Mr. Murphy said Kwan was the tin-fong wife of one Chu Chuck, and lived with him at 33, Hee Wong Terrace, West Point. In the same place lived Chu's mother, his concubine (deceased), his two children by the concubine, and his daughter-in-law. The events which led to the charge occurred on May 12, and besides the concubine, two other persons were killed, also allegedly by Kwan—Chu's mother and the concubine's son.

The concubine, went on Mr. Murphy, came to Hongkong three years ago. She was Chu's concubine during the life of his late wife. There were frequent quarrels between Kwan and Lam, and the Crown's case was that Kwan was jealous of the concubine and her children because she herself was

chidish.

Alleged Crime Described

Referring to the night of the tragedy, Mr. Murphy said that about 10 p.m. the daughter-in-law was suddenly awakened by cries of "Save life!" She got up and saw Kwan attacking Lam with a chopper. There was blood streaming down Lam's face. The daughter-in-law attempted to take the chopper away from Kwan but was not successful. Kwan went on to strike Lam on the head and a running fight continued towards the kitchen.

A sub-tenant was also awakened by the shouting. She looked over the partition and saw Kwan striking Lam. A watchman then arrived and saw Lam sitting on the stairs bleeding profusely. He went into the floor and found Kwan standing with a chopper in her hand.

Police were at once summoned and when they arrived they found a small boy and Chu's mother lying dead on a camp bed. The concubine was taken to the Queen Mary Hospital where she died at 4 a.m. the next day.

She had, altogether, 71 wounds, 24 of which were cuts to the bone. Death was due to haemorrhage and shock from multiple injuries.

Kwan had an incised wound at the base of the left thumb and another superficial wound on the right knee. She was kept under observation but the doctor did not find anything abnormal about her.

Accused's Defence

"Accused's story," Mr. Murphy concluded, "is that she was attacked by the concubine, who accidentally killed the old woman and the small boy when they came to separate them. The Crown submits you cannot accept this story of self-defence in view of the number of wounds on deceased. The allegation that the concubine killed her own son is also most incredible, and I suggest that accused, overcome by jealousy attacked the boy, the old woman and the concubine and that the attack was violent and unprovoked."

Hearing is proceeding.

REICH GREETED

Japanese Felicitations For Germany

Tokyo, June 23. A message of felicitations on "the great achievements of the German Reich" was cabled to Herr Joachim von Ribbentrop, German Foreign Minister, for transmission to Fuehrer Hitler through the German Ambassador, General Eugen Ott, on Saturday morning by the League of Diet Members for Attainment of the Objective of the Sacred Campaign in China," an unofficial group of M.P.s.

The message emphasises the necessity of tightening the Tokyo-Berlin-Rome Axis for construction of a new order by combating Communism.

The League comprises 251 out of the total 440 members of the Lower House. Receiving eight Diet members, the German Ambassador said that he received the message of felicitations with deep emotion, especially since he had just received an official dispatch that the French accepted Germany's armistice proposal unqualifiedly.

"We firmly believe," said the German Ambassador, "we are able to make Great Britain surrender following the French example."

"We hereby pledge that what Germany is now doing toward Great Britain and France will make great contributions and bring good effects upon what Japan is doing in Asia," the Ambassador concluded. Donel,

LATE NEWS

INVASION DANGERS

Problems Confronting The Nazis

LONDON, June 23 (Reuters).—We know that we have to face all sorts of problems, some of them very difficult, said Captain Cyril Falls, the military correspondent of the "Times," in a broadcast talk to-day.

He said he was not going to talk about world strategy or Mediterranean strategy, however, but something about the defence of Great Britain. We have some assets. We have saved from the wreck seven out of every eight men of the first B.E.F. and the second B.E.F., which was sent to the aid of France just after the great battle began.

What We Saved

We have saved the personnel of bases established far down in the South-west. We have saved a lot of equipment. We have saved that of the R.A.F. which was sent to France.

We have at present in Britain a greater number of trained and proved troops than we have had in our history. On the other hand, we have lost much of the heavy equipment of the first B.E.F. and we have lost a lot of the base stores which could not be withdrawn. We have lost some aircraft, damaged and rusted aerodromes, for which there were no repair facilities; we have lost light craft, sunk in the evacuation from Dunkirk.

Outflanked At Two Points

We now see the enemy with the whole of Western Europe's coast in his grasp, from Arctic Norway to the estuary of the Loire. The enemy outflanks us from Norway and still more from Britain, and not everyone realises until the map is studied that Brest, which the Germans have entered, is further west than Plymouth and almost as far west as Land's End.

For the first time since the war began, the enemy has launched heavy air attacks on Britain, although so far without result proportionate to their efforts.

Invasion Probability

The enemy will probably try an invasion.

Captain Falls does not think a large-scale invasion possible while the Navy and Air Force remain in being, and he would expect attacks to be made on them first of all with possible feints against the coast.

The Germans have recklessly sacrificed their aircraft in the recent offensives, and although they may be able to replace a lot of them, they cannot replace the pilots so easily. They do not possess the magnificent materials now being provided by the British Empire, and their most highly-trained pilots are not equal to ours.

They have not yet produced a fighter to come anywhere near the Defiants, Spitfires and Hurricanes.

Nazis Face Grim Fight

The Germans have a very grim fight in front of them if they depend upon the existence of the Air Force. The enemy can hardly hope to compete with this unless it cripples its bases; although he may damage ships in ports it is unlikely that he will put either out of action while there is an Air Force in being.

While the Navy and R.A.F. exist, an invasion on a big or little scale by parachutists, troop-carriers on ships or a combination of the three may be expected.

Turning his attention to Britain from a strategic point of view, Capt. Falls dealt with England first. Very roughly it is a low country with a long chain of hills running from north to south—high in the north and low in the south—with another lower chain crossing it in the south and the whole of the hilly structure being like a "T" turned upside down.

Flat Coastline

There are of course hills like the Yorkshire moors and the Cumberland hills which are not included in this design, but that is what it is roughly. From the Thames Estuary to the Humber, the whole of the coast is flat, with wide sandy beaches, on which small landings are possible.

On the other hand, large tracts of this area have drainage ditches or sluggish rivers with marshes.

The South-east and southern coasts are more difficult with high cliffs of either chalk or rock.

Wales is a mass of mountains, although there are wide valleys.

Inhospitable Coasts

In Scotland, mountain chains run from east to west. Between the southern and central chains, in a district with only occasional hills, lying Edinburgh, in the east, and Glasgow in the west. Its eastern coast is generally more inhospitable than England's west coast; it is extremely rocky and broken.

Capt. Falls does not say that

England is ideal for the resistance of an invasion, but he points out that

England's internal communications are the best in the world and that

mobility is far more important than

mountain ranges or deep gorges.

We cannot be everywhere on a

long coastline but it is better to be

quicker everywhere. We know that

if we were in the enemy's shoes

strong though he may be, we would

look on an invasion of Britain as

a matter of extreme difficulty. We do

not under-rate his strength and we

know what he has accomplished in

already, concluded Capt. Falls, but we

are coolly and calmly preparing to

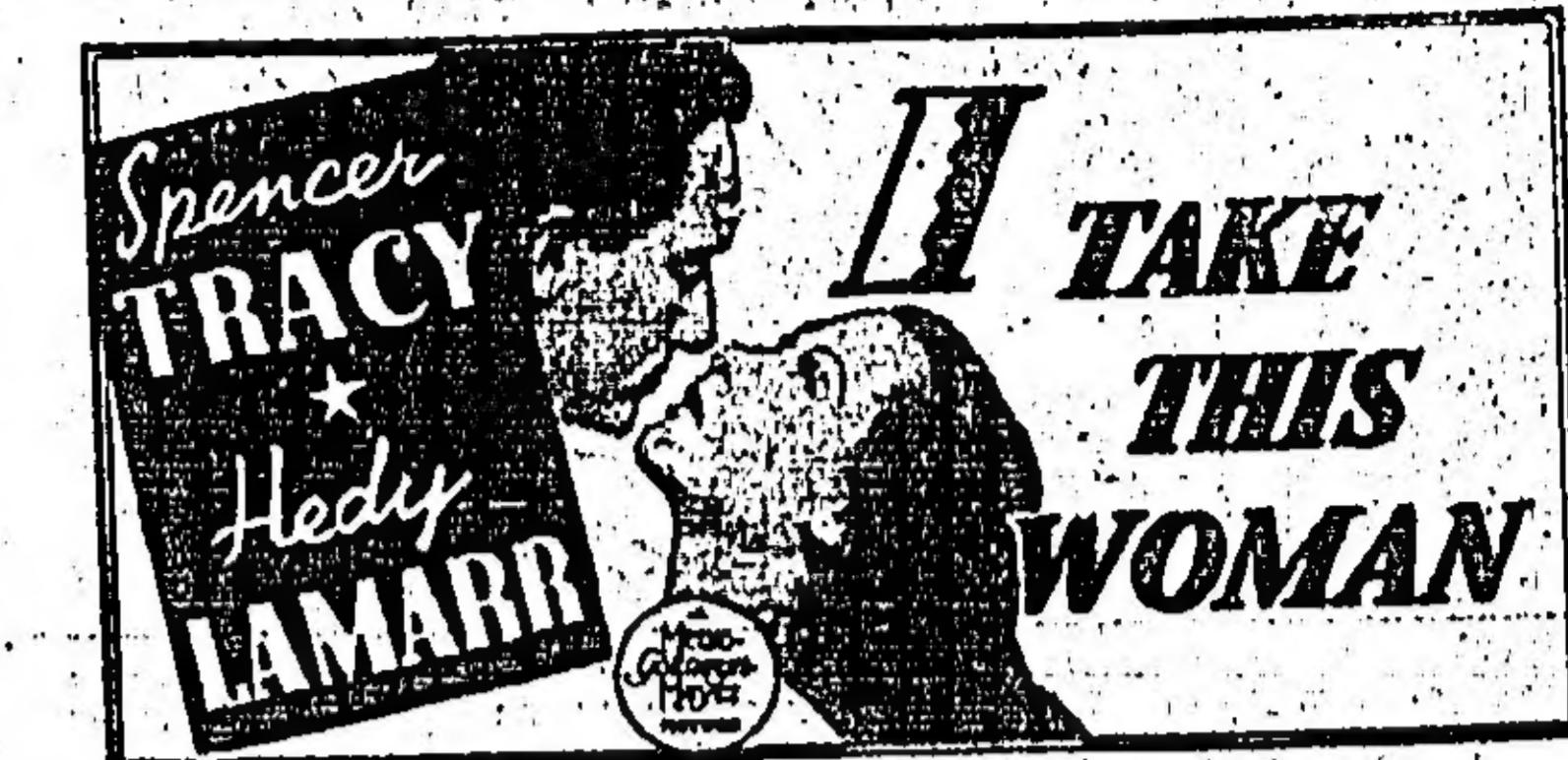
face it with the main advantages on

our side.

QUEEN'S & ALHAMBRA

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• FINAL SHOWINGS TO-DAY •



TO-MORROW AT QUEEN'S "ILLEGAL TRAFFIC" Mary Carlisle & Robert Preston

TO-MORROW AT ALHAMBRA "WOMEN WITHOUT NAMES" Ellen Drew & Robert Paige

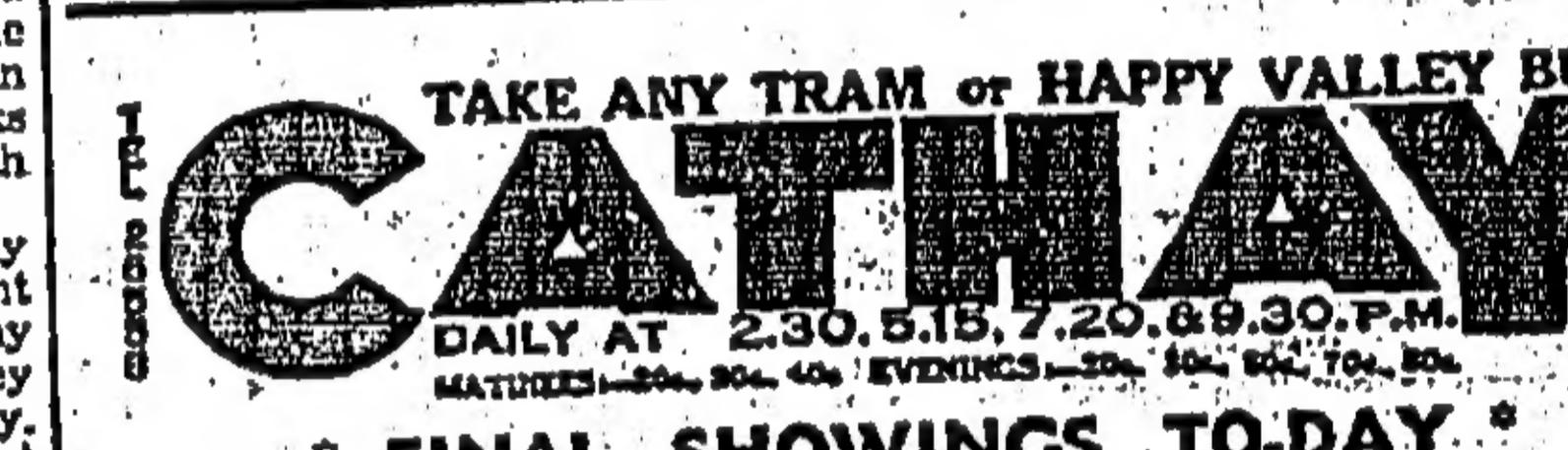


TO-DAY ONLY •

GRETA GARBO in NINOTCHKA

(Don't pronounce it... SEE IT!) MELVYN DOUGLAS INA CLAIRE An ERNST LUBITSCH Production Directed by ERNST LUBITSCH

TO-MORROW JACKIE COOPER • BETTY FIELD in "SEVENTEEN"



1940's BIGGEST MUSICAL SPECTACLE!



At 2.00, 5.00, 7.30 & 9.45 p.m. TYRONE POWER Norma Shearer

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Gazing Into The Future

N.Y. Newspaper Sees New Europe

NEW YORK, June 23 (Reuters).—If Germany finally dominates Europe there can be no French Republic except as an aching memory and deathless hope," said the "New York Times" to-day.

It is reported that French banks have suspended payments of large amounts because the richer Chinese have attempted to withdraw their entire deposits for transfer to American and British institutions.

It says that this is merely the end of the first act.

It is because the United States will be a new start, perhaps, of a Fourth Republic and possibly an Anglo-French Union like that offered by Britain last week.

Only The First Act

Another writer in the same paper

says that this is merely the end of the first act.

It forces the possibility of a struggle for long years, reaching eventually every corner of the world, that she is armament with unprecedented speed.

The struggle will be waged until this issue of world revolution is settled once and for all.

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